Providence Area Objection to Proposed Bylaws

Bylaw 8P2019 Providence ASP MDP Requirement

Bylaw 31D2019 Dream Outline Plan Redesignation Application

Feb 4, 2019- Combined Council Meeting and Public Hearing Item #8.2.2

LOC2017-0308, CPC2018-1359



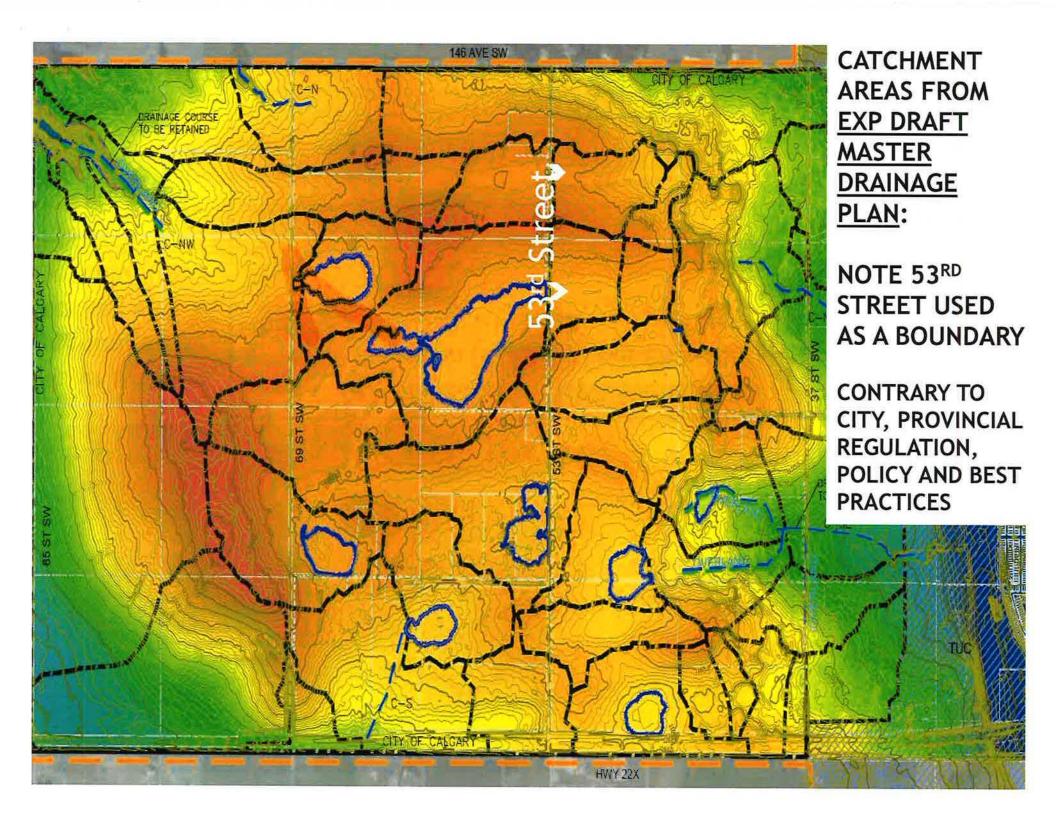
Map Source: Dream Developments Consultant, EXP Providence Sanitary Sewer Servicing Study, 2016-05-12

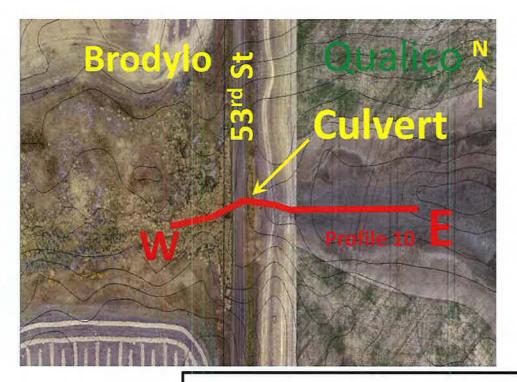
Bylaw Objection: Draft MDP and Approved SMDP Predict Extensive Flooding to Our Property

- Providence Master Drainage Plan (Regional Drainage Plan)
 - Not Completed, Approved, Draft is seriously flawed
 - Draft has Bad Data, Bad Model Results
 - Data/Model so Flawed, it was Rejected <u>for Years</u> by City Water Resources Dept.
- The Staged Master Drainage Plan (Portion <u>OF</u> Master Drainage Plan)
 - Not separate, Isolated study area, it is <u>derived from the MDP</u>
 - Contains same Input Data Errors and Modelling Contradictions as the MDP
 - Should be more detailed and rigorous
 - Is inter-connected to drainage across Brodylo-Qualico-Dream Lands

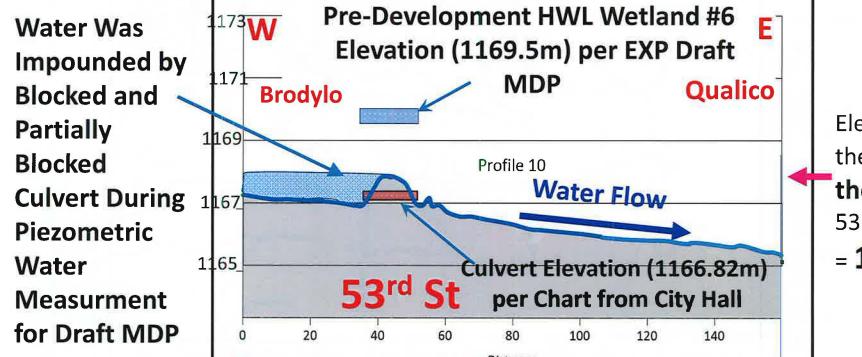
Providence Area Annexed in 1989

- City of Calgary Imposed a 30 year Moratorium on Subdivision
 - Prevent Acreage Development
 - Financial Cost Born by Original Farmland owners
 - Allow City to Plan For and Implement Proper Drainage that follows natural topography unimpeded by patchwork development
- Provides the City a Blank Slate, <u>Huge Opportunity to 'Do It Right'</u>
 - To Approve patchwork developments that chop up drainage, impound water and flood offsetting landowners is contrary to City of Calgary Storm Water Management and Design Manual Policy, Planning Policy, Roads Policy, Provincial Policy and Best Practices.

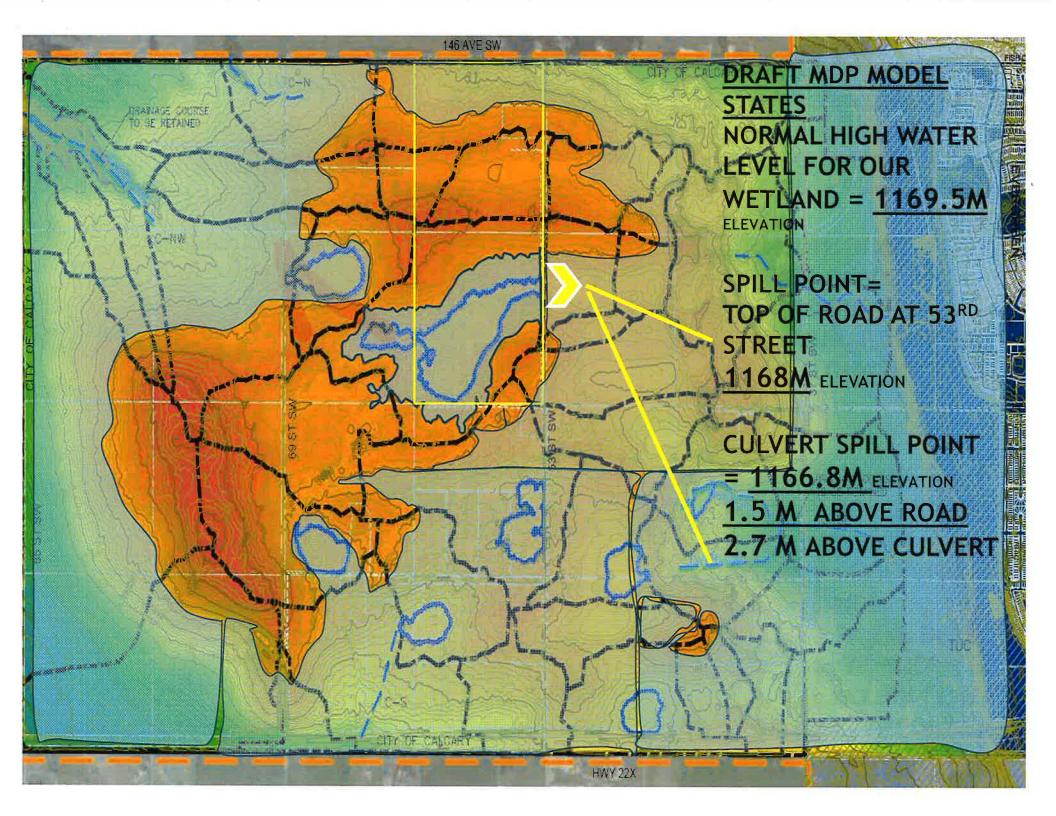


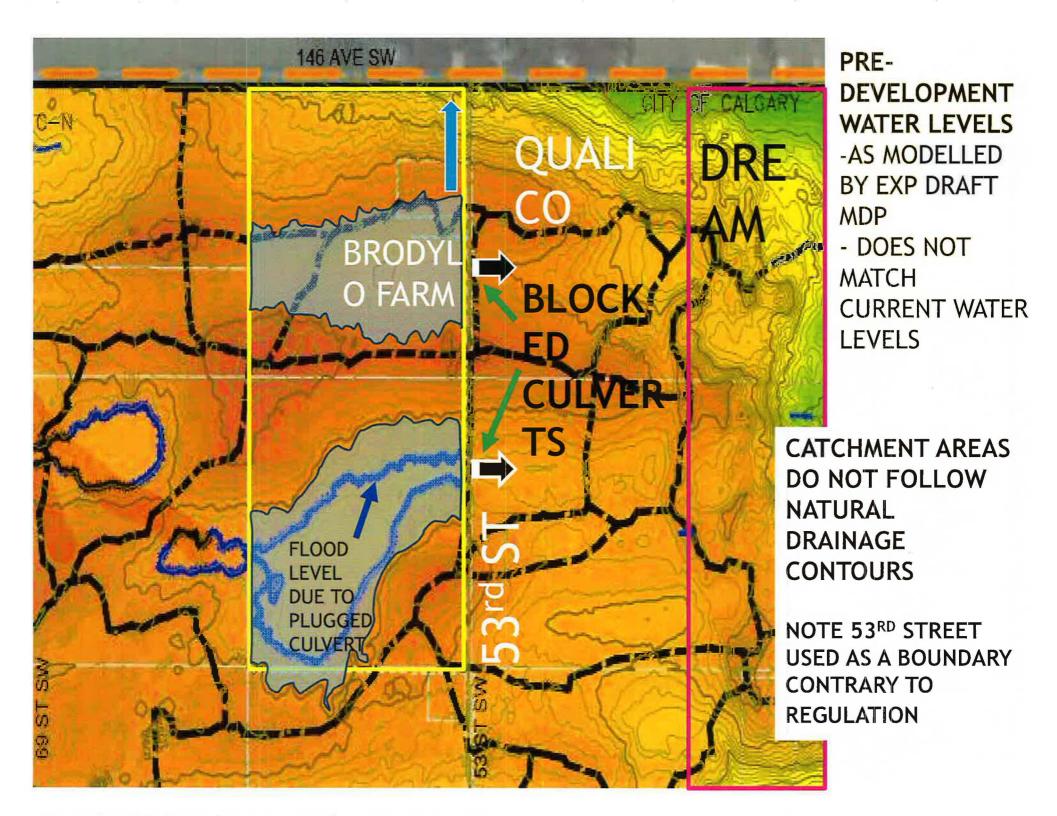


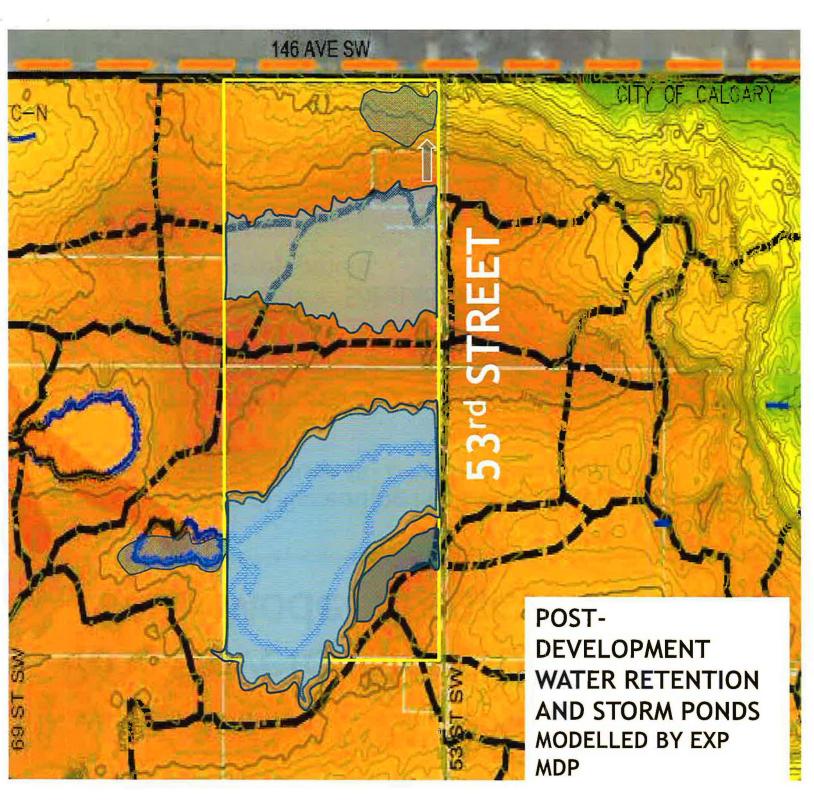
Culvert Profile at 53rd Street SW Between Brodylo Wetland (#6) and Lake Qualico



Elevation of the **Top of the Road** 53rd Street SW = **1168m**







FUTURE DRAINAGE DESIGN: CATCHMENT AREAS = 53RD STREET = DAM,

CULVERTS
REMOVED,
PERMANENT
IMPOUNDMENT OF
OUTFLOW,

RESULT: EXTENSIVE FLOODING TO OUR FARM,

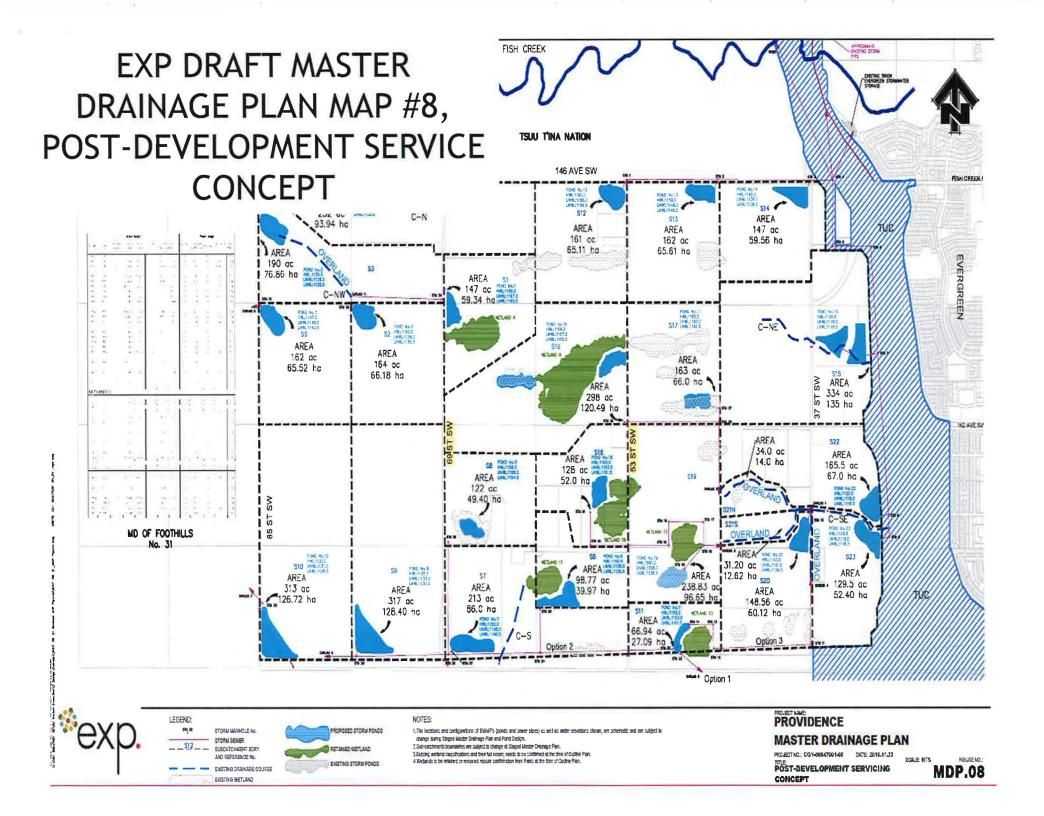
STORM POND DIRECTING WATER FROM OFFSETTING LANDOWNDERS/ROADS

Post-Development Draft MDP and SMDP Model Predict Flooding:

- HOLESHICH FESSKILISK FESSKILISK
- 100% Chance of Exceeding Pre-Development Conditions in our Wetlands, (See Wetland #6 EXP 2018 MDP Graph page 32)*
- Pre-Development Starting Point for MDP Model = Flooded Conditions
 - Calculated for wetlands on our property
- Post-Development = Substantially All of our Farm will be Flooded by Offsetting Development
- Compounded Modelling Errors Not in our Favour
 - Decrease the offsetting landowners requirement to retain Storm Water

Thank You For Listening: Do You Have Any QUESTIONS?





What is a Master Drainage Plan? Hydrology Model of Natural Water Systems

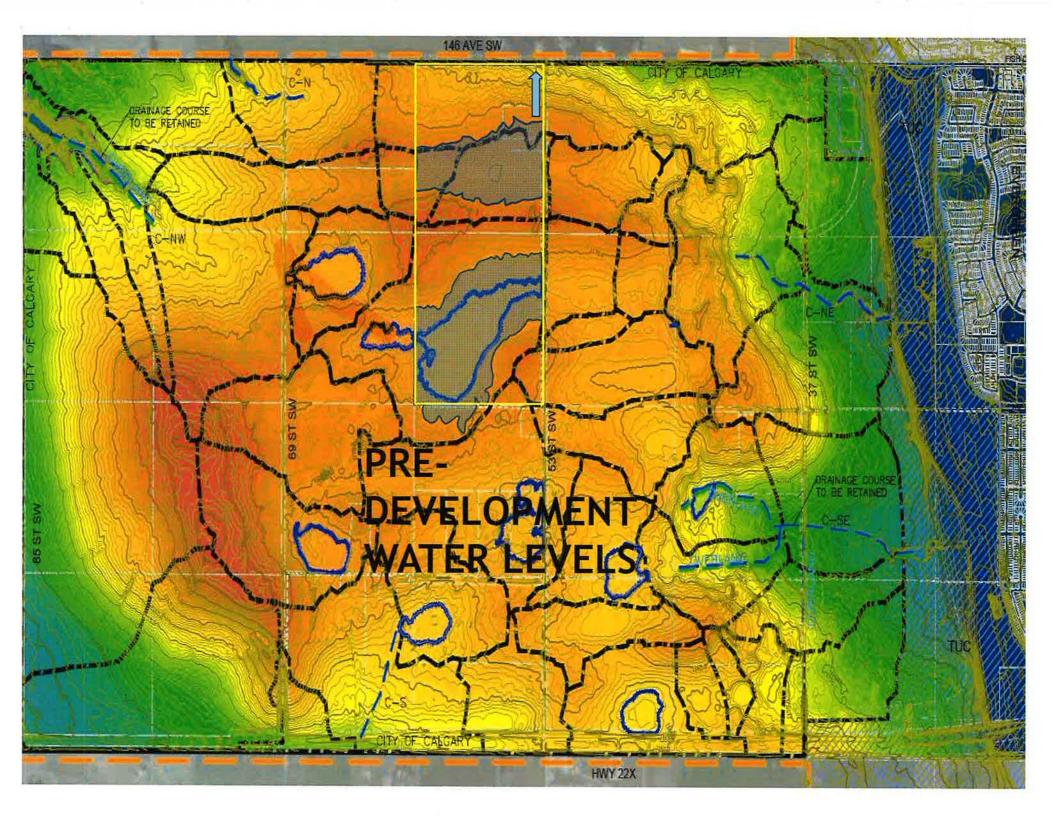
- Hydrology Model is Calculated
 - Mathmatical Model Designed to Mirror Pre-Development Water -
 - Drainage and Retention in Wetlands
- Formula Simplified:
 - Area x (Volume In) (Volume Out) = (Volume Left)
 - Catchment Area x (Rainfall Evaporation) Net
 Drainage (Ground water, overland Inflow Outflow) =
 Water in Wetlands

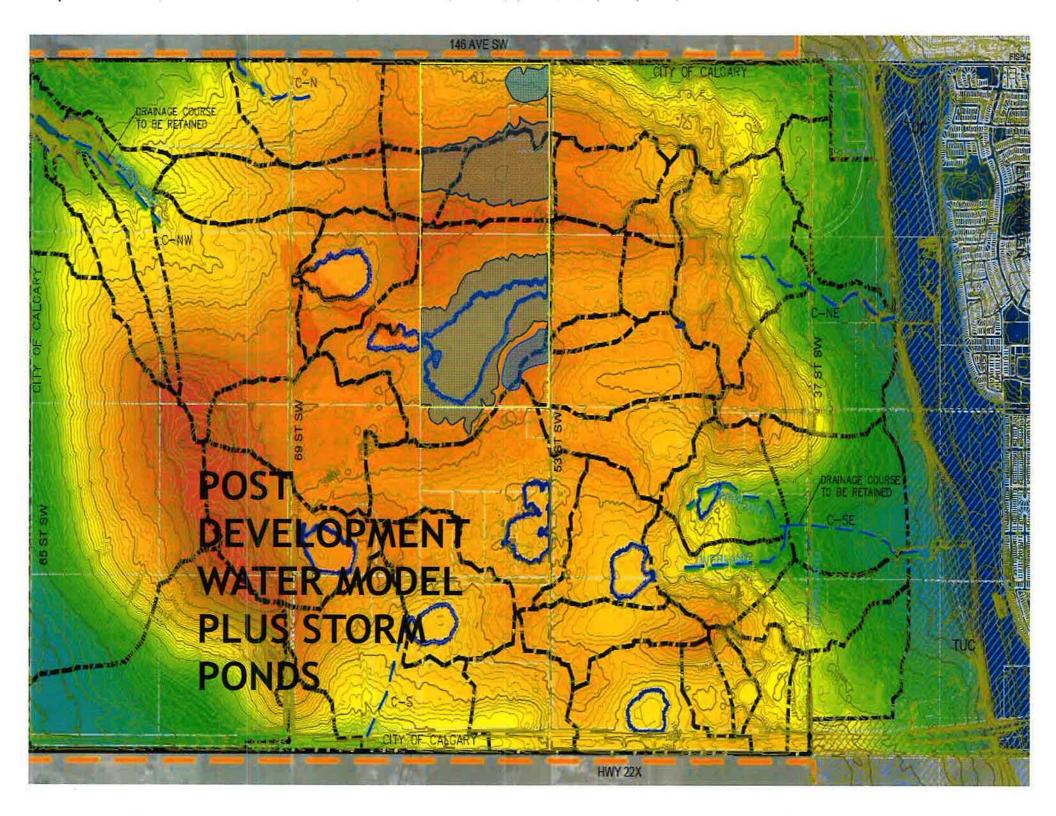
Input Data Errors in MDP Model Example Wetland #6 on Our Property:

- Catchment Areas Incorrect
 - Do not match natural drainage area, cut across topographic contours
 - Area used in calculation is far larger than the area that naturally drains toward our property
 - Catchment boundaries based on ownership boundaries and other manmade features, roads, culverts etc.
- Bathymetry Incorrect Lidar used instead = the water surface not ground elevation
- Rainfall, Temperature data derived from differing and inconsistent sources
- Ground Water Flow Volume Incorrectly Measured:
 - Peizometer data collected in artificial dry spots downdip of blocked and partially blocked culverts
 - Data so flawed that Water Resources demanded another year of data
- Overland Flow Volume Incorrect
 - Incorrect culvert data:
 - Blocked, Dented and partially blocked culverts = little or no flow
 - Culvert Manning number wrong (friction coefficient higher than modelled)

How Do We Know The Model Is Wrong?

- Providence EXP MDP* <u>Model Should Match Observed</u>
 Pre-Development Wetland Water Levels: [Water In Water Out = Water in Wetlands]
- Pre-Development Calculated High Water Level for Wetland #6 = <u>1169.5m</u> elevation
 - (1163.7m Storm Pond #16 invert + 5.8m Pond Depth, from chart on page 66)*
 - Top of the Road = 1168m
- Dendrology, 50 year old Trees could never have grown, flooded due to plugged culvert, many now dead, future tree kills





Master Drainage Plan Requirements



DATE:

2015 February 6

FROM:

Pablo Lopez, P.Eng.

Development Planning, Infrastructure Planning

Water Resources

SUBJECT:

Providence Master Drainage Plan

Terms of Reference

Introduction

The Providence Master Drainage Plan (MDP) study area (the "study area") is comprised of approximately 1618 hectares (4000 acres) of land in south west Calgary. The study area is bound by:

146 Avenue SW (Tsuu T'ina border) to the north.

City of Calgary Water Resources Requirements for Master Drainage Plan

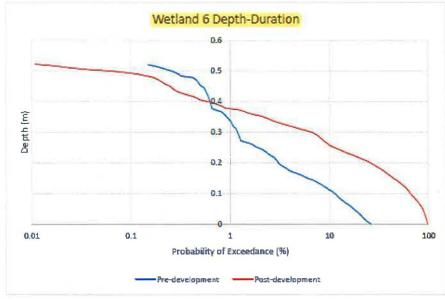
- "Using an appropriate computer model (Water Resources currently accepts PC-SWMM or XPSWMM), undertake a continuous simulation analysis using precipitation data from 1960 through 2013 for the pre-development condition, to determine annual runoff volumes and unit area flow rates, evaporation and infiltration volumes, all representing existing conditions. "Calibrate" the model based on historical water levels in wetlands, regional runoff data and data collected as part of this study."
- *Providence Master Drainage Plan Terms of Reference 2015-02-06

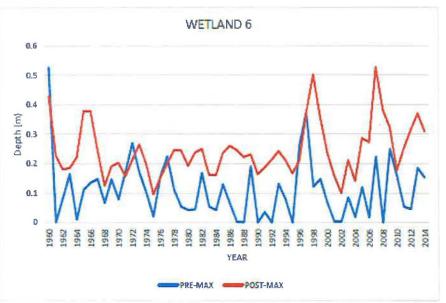
Client: Dream Development Project Name: Providence ASP Project Number: CGY-00047001-00 Date: May 28, 2018

EXP Draft MDP
Modelling of
Wetland Water
Levels

Pre & Post Development

Probability of
Exceedance (%)
Pre vs. PostDevelopment Water
Levels in Wetland
#6, Located on
Brodylo Farm Lands





Water Levels for Pond SU16 - Wetland WL06



Providence Area Culvert Input Data, (1166.8M) CLV5 = Outlet for Wetland #6 on our Property

Client: Dream Development Project Name: Providence ASP Project Number: CGY-00047001-00 Date: May 28, 2018

Table 2.1 — Existing Drainage Infrastructure

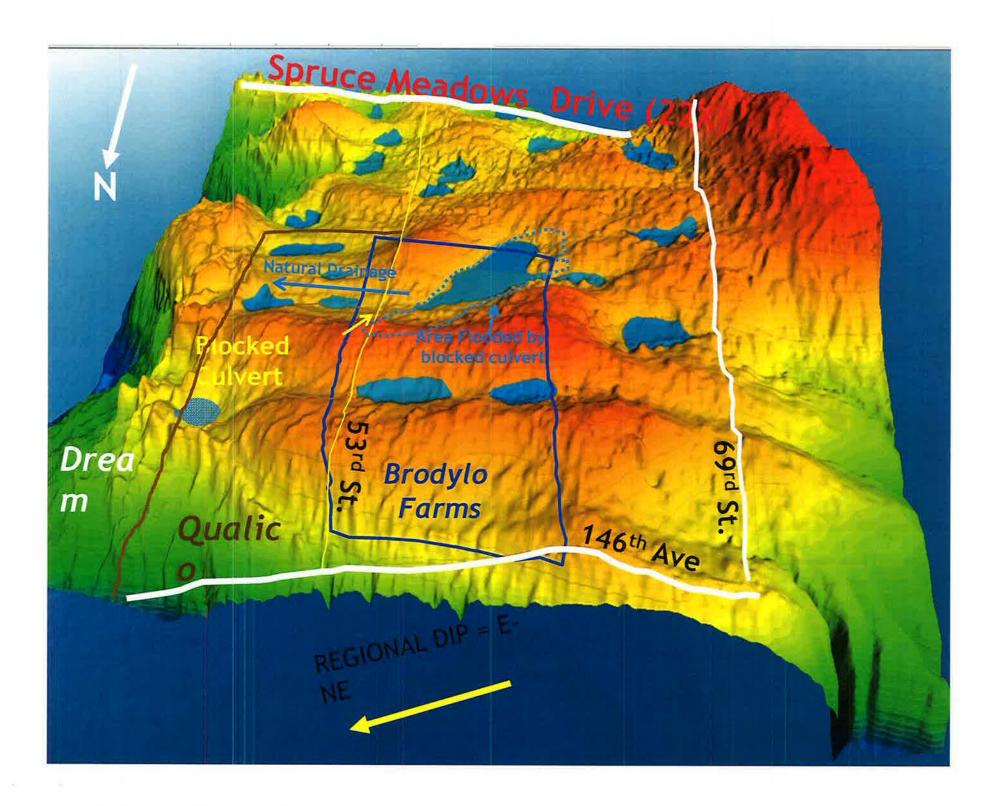
| CULVERT LABEL | DESCRIPTION & FIELD NOTES | Upper Invert (m) | Lower Invert (m) | Pipe Run Length (m) | Pipe Slope (%) | Nominal Pipe Diameter (mm) | Manning n | Pipe Capacity (L/s) | Velocity (m/s) | Pipe Material |
|------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| CLV1 | 800mm CSP | 1150.12 | 1148.60 | 40.535 | 3.75% | 825 | 0.024 | 1868.8 | 3.50 | CSP |
| CLV2 | 800mm CSP | 1145.78 | 1145.86 | 13.578 | -0.59% | 825 | 0.024 | 1244.3 | 2.63 | CSP |
| CLV3 | 600mm CSP | 1128.06 | 1128.18 | 11.164 | -1.07% | 600 | 0.024 | 1050.3 | 3.63 | CSP |
| CLV4 | 500mm CSP | 1139.66 | 1139.33 | 11.793 | 2.80% | 450 | 0.024 | 374.7 | 2.40 | CSP |
| CLV5 | 300mm CSP | 1166.82 | 1166.94 | 13.922 | -0.86% | 300 | 0.013 | 157.2 | 2.21 | CSP |
| CLV6 | 220mm STEEL PIPE | 1141.39 | 1141.28 | 6.599 | 1.70% | 225 | 0.013 | 48.5 | 1.64 | Steel |
| CLV7 | 900mm CSP | 1138.07 | 1137.75 | 25.625 | 1.25% | 900 | 0.024 | 2564.4 | 3.98 | CSP |

Reference: Survey July 2015, EXP

Storm Pond #16 Calculated Data Related to Wetland #6 on Our Property

1163.8M +
5.8M =
1169.5M
ELEVATION
FOR
SURFACE OF
WATER IN
WETLAND #6
ON OUR
PROPERTY

| Pond | 16 | Pond | 17 | Pond | 18 | Pond 19 | |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Invert Elev. | 1163.7 | Invert Elev. | 1159.0 | Invert Elev. | 1160.7 | Invert Elev. | 1157.2 |
| Depth (m) | Area (m²) |
| 0 | 39583 | 0 | 17143 | 0 | 11711 | 0 | 29113 |
| 1.25 | 45114 | 1.25 | 20874 | 1.25 | 14842 | 1.25 | 33894 |
| 2.5 | 50958 | 2.5 | 24918 | 2.5 | 18286 | 2.5 | 38988 |
| 3.24 | 51680 | 3.24 | 25424 | 3.24 | 18720 | 3.24 | 39620 |
| 3.26 | 52407 | 3.26 | 25935 | 3.26 | 19159 | 3.26 | 40257 |
| 3.5 | 52650 | 3.5 | 26106 | 3.5 | 19306 | 3.5 | 40470 |
| 4 | 53138 | 4 | 26450 | 4 | 19602 | 4 | 40898 |
| 5 | 58128 | 5 | 30000 | 5 | 22672 | 5 | 45288 |
| 5.5 | 60698 | 6 | 33750 | 6 | 25942 | 6 | 49878 |
| 5.8 | 62264 | 6.3 | 34914 | 6.3 | 26962 | 6.3 | 51294 |



City of Calgary Storm Water Management Policy Manual States:

1.4.5 Master Drainage Plans (MDPs)

A Master Drainage Plan (MDP) is typically a stormwater drainage plan prepared for a large drainage area serviced by (usually) a single outfall. The drainage boundary area is usually determined by existing drainage boundaries or by watershed plans. The drainage area should not be based on jurisdictional or property boundaries, as this may not provide the best servicing concept for the area. The MDP generally covers a portion of the area served by the watershed plan.

The MDP should be developed through the evaluation of alternatives that provide an acceptable level of service while meeting the objectives of the WP and satisfying any constraints imposed by topography, land uses, and land ownership. The MDP should identify and locate major stormwater ponds, other BMPs, trunk sizes and servicing routes, overland drainage routes, water quality requirements, and land requirements. Preliminary designs of the major ponds and BMPs may be developed and included in the plan.

This level of planning is typically administered by The City of Calgary, while development of the MDP is normally undertaken by Water Resources. However, if the area is being developed ahead of the scheduled budget, the developer/consultant will undertake development of the MDP in consultation with The City (Water Resources) and the Province (Alberta Environment). Refer to CHAPTER 11: TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS for more information.

1.4.6 Staged Master Drainage Plans (SMDPs)

A Staged Master Drainage Plan (SMDP) is essentially a stormwater drainage plan

Drainagae boundary area is usually determined by drainage or watershed.

Drainage area should not be based on jurisdictional or property boundaries.

City of Calgary Storm Water Management Policy Manual States:

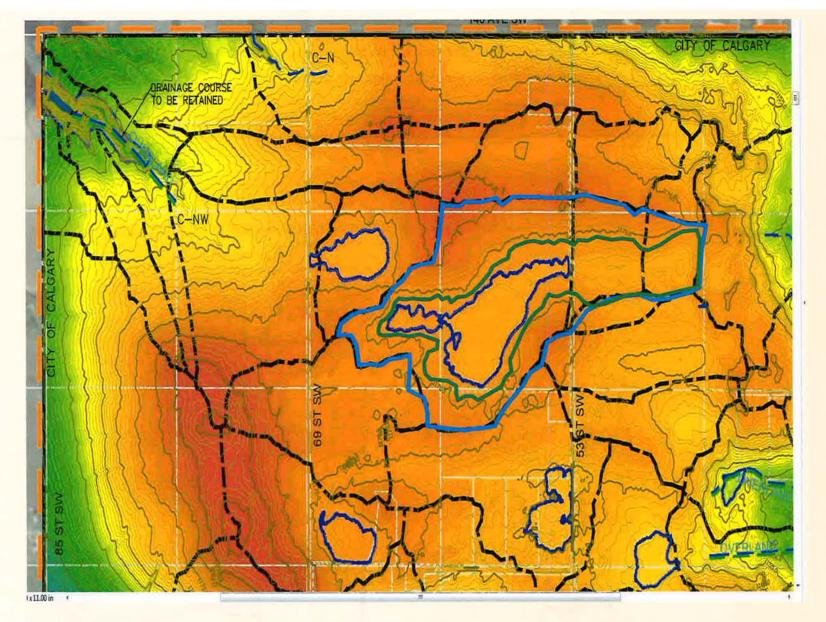
1.4.6 Staged Master Drainage Plans (SMDPs)

A Staged Master Drainage Plan (SMDP) is essentially a stormwater drainage plan prepared for a large area that may or may not be serviced by an outfall. The SMDP generally covers a portion of the area served by the MDP plan An SMDP is not necessarily required in all circumstances. An MDP may be sufficient provided there is enough detail, the catchment boundaries have not significantly changed, or there is no significant deviation from the stormwater management system proposed. As with an MDP, the drainage area for an SMDP should not be based on jurisdictional or property boundaries, as this may not provide the best servicing concept for the area.

Similar to an MDP, the SMDP should be developed through the evaluation of alternatives that provide an acceptable level of service while meeting the objectives of the WP or MDP, and satisfying constraints imposed by topography, land uses, and land ownership. The SMDP should identify and locate major stormwater ponds, other BMPs, trunk sizes and servicing routes, overland drainage routes, water quality requirements, and land requirements. Preliminary designs of the major ponds and BMPs should be developed and included in the plan.

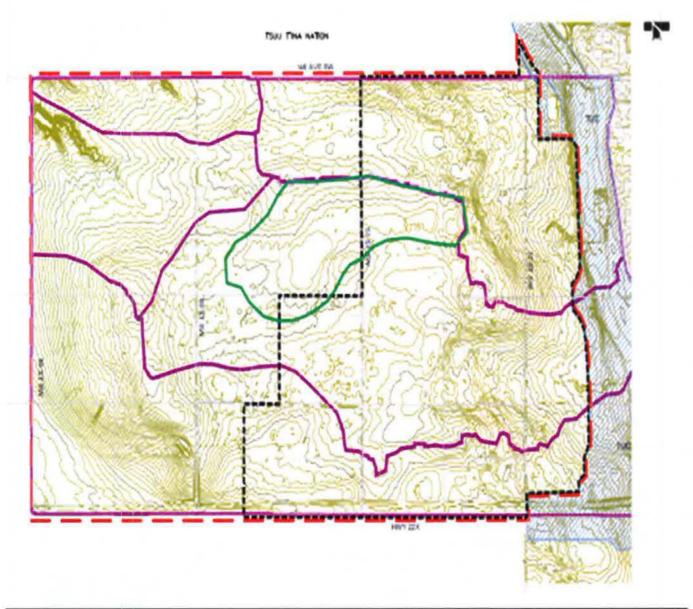
This level of planning is typically administered by The City of Calgary, with the development of the SMDP generally undertaken by the developer/consultant in support of a Land Use and Outline Plan (OP) application in consultation with The City (Water Resources) and the province (Alberta Environment). Refer to CHAPTER 11: TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS for more information.





FISH CREEK DRAINAGE STUDY CATCHMENT AREA = LIGHT BLUE VS. BLACK DASH LINE CATCHMENT BOUNDARIES FROM EXP 2018 DRAFT MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN

53RD STREET IS NOT CONSIDERED A CATCHEMENT BOUNDARY BY ALL OTHER DRAINAGE STUDIES FOR THIS AREA



OTHER PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

Actual Catchment and Ran Creek Drainage Study 2000

CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE

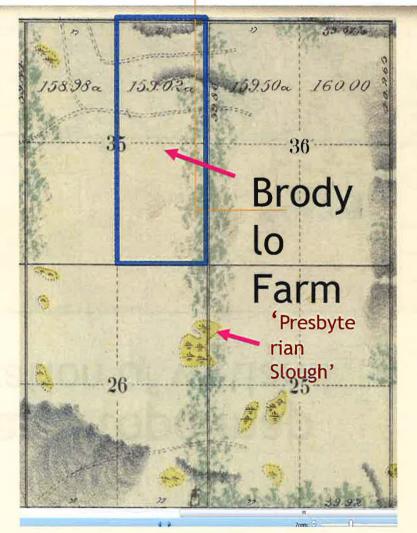
PROVIDENCE SANITARY SERVICING STUDY

MALES STREET, STREET,

CATCHMENT MEAN BARRE ON EXECUTION TEMPORAPES

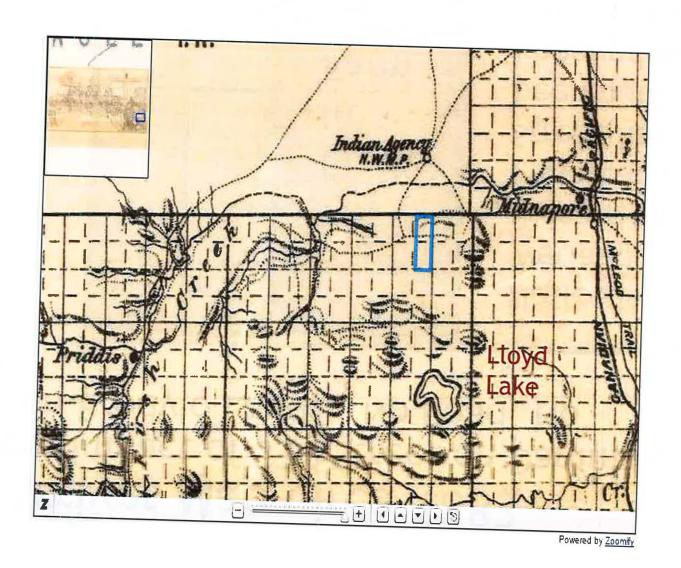
CPR Arrives Map circa 1883

Note the Impact of 53rd Street on Damning Water on Brodylo Lands - No Road, No Water



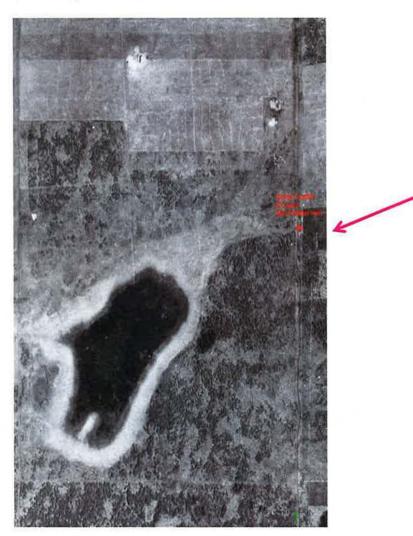
Notice No
Wetlands are
Present on Brodylo
Farm Land as 53rd
Street had not
been built yet and
Impoundment had
not occurred at
this time

1907 early topo map No indication of wetland

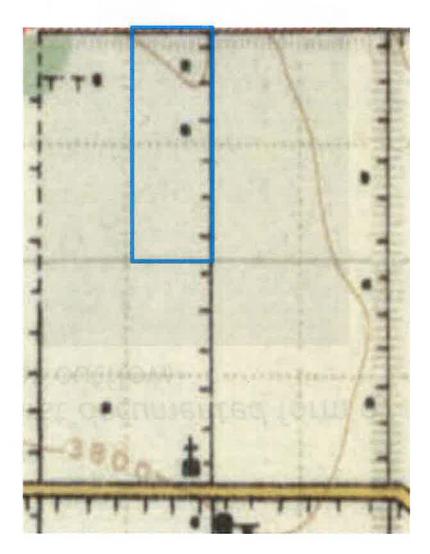


1924 Air photo

Road is evident. First documented form of drainage blocking at outflow



1926
Road ('well travelled'), Telephone lines shown on map.

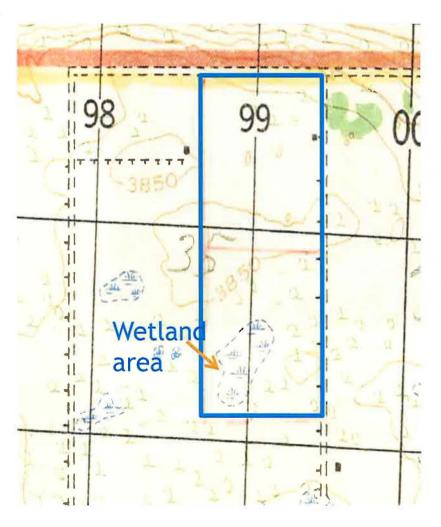


1931 Top

Culverts included on map but no culvert shown on 53rd St.

Wetland indicated as 'swamp or marsh' on legend

in SE 35

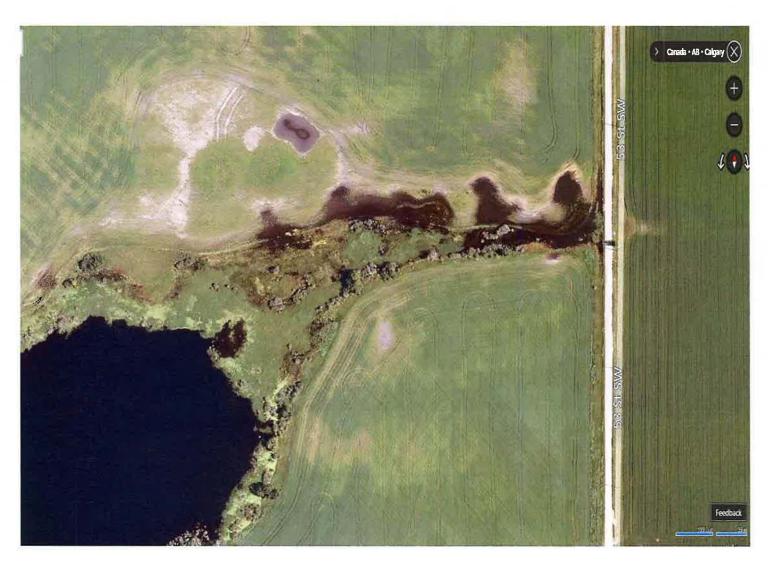


2002 Cropping right to 53rd street, Approx 30 Acre wetland

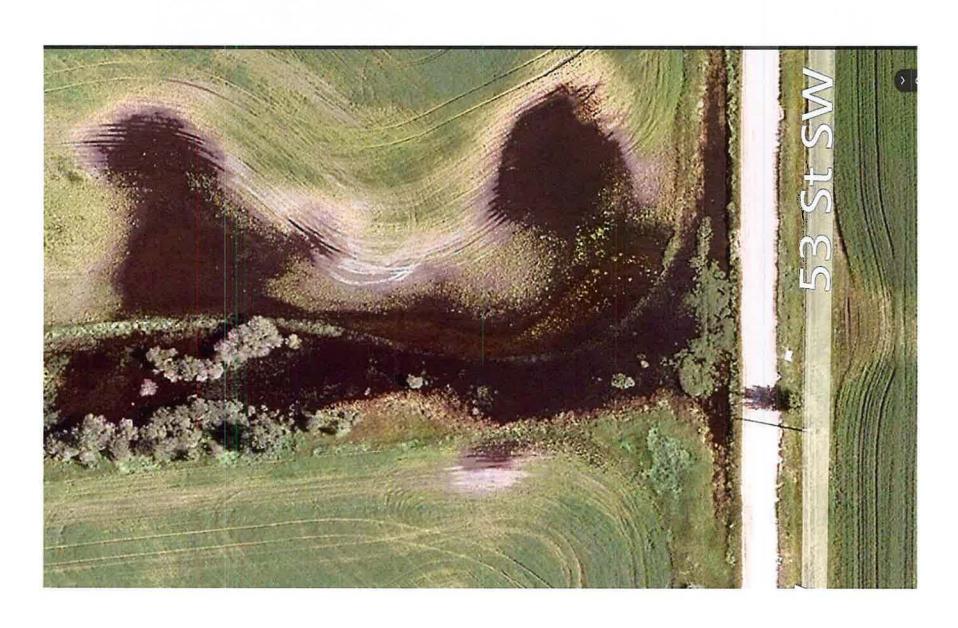


2008 Evidence of flooding due to plugged

Evidence of flooding due to plugged culvert at outflow crossing of 53rd Street

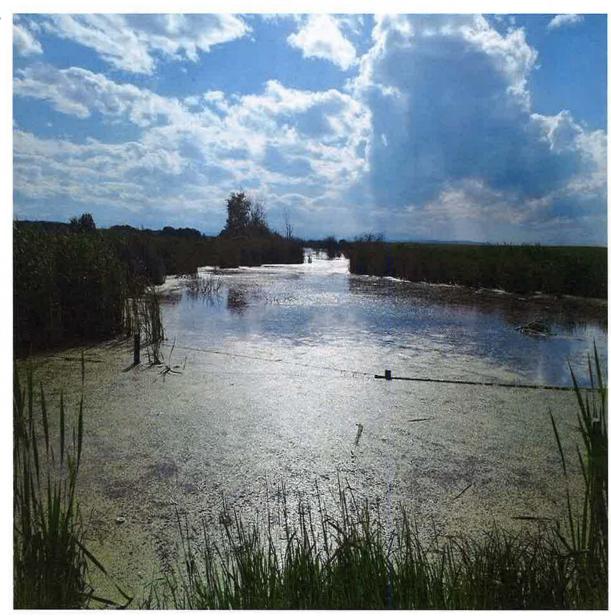


2008 close up



Blocked drainage at 53rd street caused by intentionally blocked culvert leads to extensive flooding and wetland expansion right up to crest of 53rd street during spring run-off. Note fence

under water.



Extensive tree killing due to flooded roots.



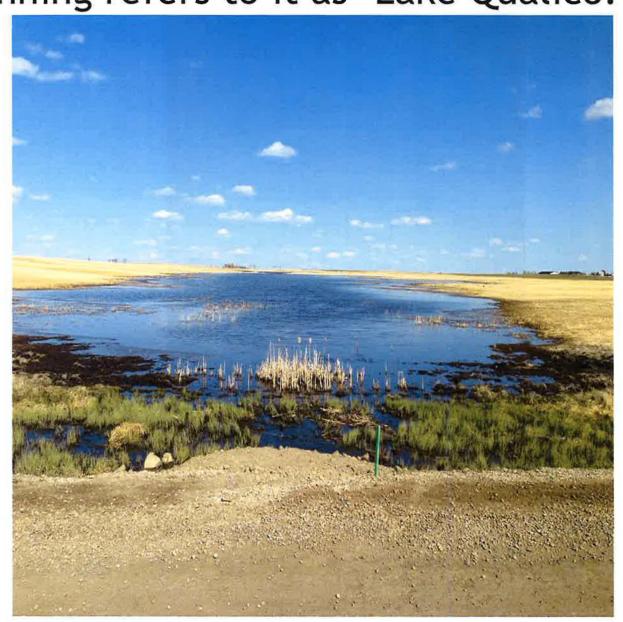
City 'instructed' in April 2015 to remove culvert plugging boulder by Brodylo family despite denial a culvert even existed. (FOIP obtained internal city email proves city knew one existed and conducted a search of it's exact location one year prior)



City Roads crew pull out 12" boulder from 12", 1950's era culvert. Estimated date of plugging circa 2005



Photo looking east of 53rd Street culvert shortly after boulder removed. City planning refers to it as 'Lake Qualico.



Soil erosion around entire wetland perimeter leading to sediment infilling of natural outfall drainage and loss of topsoil and cropland (60

Acres)



April 2017 boot-tromped clay pile on culvert inlet



East side of culvert is regularly cultivated and City of Calgary biologists have downgraded the class of wetland from 3-4 to 2 which allows for it to qualify for it to be in-filled and compensation paid elsewhere.



Presbyterian Slough ¼ mile south of Wetland Wetland Class 4 wetland is infilled and wiped out to create RV storage



CITY OF CALGARY
RECEIVED
IN COUNCIL CHAMBER

FER - 4 2019

ITEM: CPC 2018-1359 8.2.2

CITY CLERK'S DEPARTMENT