CITY OF CALGARY RECEIVED IN COUNCIL CHAMBER

JUL 2 6 2018

CITY CLERK'S DEPARTMENT



July 23, 2018

To Calgary Planning Commission,

We appreciated being part of the working group to discuss Infill issues and possible bylaw changes regarding front porches, subterranean development, and RC-G developments. The mix of City experts, industry partners, and community representatives facilitated a diverse, multi-pronged approach to these complex issues. There was high value in having all stakeholders at the table together to openly debate and question each other's points of view as well as to raise fresh issues warranting discussion from all perspectives. We would like to extend a heartfelt thank you to these colleagues on this work; it was an enjoyable experience due the genuine goodwill in the room as well as the openness and professionalism of the participants. Of course, even within our own community, we can only hope to represent a very small sampling of community views on these complex issues so we would recommend a broader "check in" on final recommendations.

The process itself, although originally expected to involve 2-hour monthly meetings, grew to encompass significantly greater inputs of time through additional scheduled meetings and extensive email discussions, a commitment that all participants and our City of Calgary hosts willingly embraced to ensure that enough time and discussion was given to the topics at hand. The research and materials development by both Tammy Henry and Stephen Pearce was strong and appreciated, allowing discussion to be well informed. We appreciated that all participants took this work seriously and participated extensively both during meetings and offline.

In relation to the topic of R-CG homes, the discussions were fruitful within the limited scope of what was being addressed at this time. Within the existing R-CG zoning type, the idea of making suites discretionary in rowhouses will allow each development to be weighed on its merits more effectively. Innovative solutions were identified to achieve more breathing room between the rear portions of rowhouses and adjacent yards and to move rowhouses forward on the parcel. Hopefully this will provide flexibility in the design envelope to facilitate architectural originality while improving the interface for adjacent neighbours who may not be in a rowhouse. Work was also done on the interface of rowhouses with the street, encouraging much more "human scaled" interfaces of low fences and doors facing both frontages. Moreover, the cross section rules newly proposed for upper stories will provide more pleasing designs and integrate better with existing neighbourhood character. The parking flexibility close to transit will allow for appropriate density increases in transit corridors. It is important to note that we still have some concerns regarding the impact on street frontages based on the maximum 4.5m setback rule. It will take significant modeling and/or tracking of the early units built based on the revised rule to measure whether these concerns will prove well founded. Regardless we generally feel the changes proposed will improve the R-CG zoning type moving forward.

Discussion also reinforced certain issues relating to the R-CG zoning type in general. To us, R-CG is far too limited in its scope and application. The current zoning does not allow for much variety in built form options for builders, and it encourages disproportionate lot coverage within the context of established detached and semi-detached homes in most instances. Even with the current changes to the R-CG rules, block-end treatments of the current built forms will have some negative impact on the amenity space areas of existing viable housing stock and other infill homes that may be adjacent to R-CG developments. At first blush, the difference between 45% lot coverage and 60% lot coverage may seem insignificant; however, in practice, once setbacks are deducted from the equation, the lot coverage for an R-CG at 60% fills almost the entirety of the remaining lot area, leaving very constrained "yards". In the

result, rear yard space / "breathing room" for landscaping, light egress, and livability in general—considerations that many single detached and semi-detached property occupants relish—is very adversely impacted by that 60% rule, and the result is a walled effect.

As a solution, builders could be encouraged to produce more creative designs for multiple unit structures which could potentially include stacked units, front-back orientations, and the like, all of which relate to context. This objective could be reached by changing certain build-related requirements from a focus on unit count to one based upon lot coverage based instead. Further removing DSSP and ground water retention requirements for R-CG builds with under 50% total lot coverage would be one step in this direction. There are undoubtedly other areas that could also help in a similar fashion. Creating opportunities for increased density while working within similar lot coverages (i.e. similar to single detached and duplex built forms), and also with massing and appearance more in alignment with single family and semi-detached homes - would go a long way toward allowing established communities to retain desirable character districts and housing variety while working to meet the MDP goals. It would be great to allow for more options to fill this gap within the district while still maintaining ground-oriented feel and we hope this will be considered in the near future.

In regard to subterranean structures we also have a few outstanding concerns. The proposed change is limited to front setback, which is rarely built into, and does not address the main challenges we see with more common rear lot subterranean development. The amount of parcel coverage of a subterranean structure needs some degree of restriction to leave some area of the property in the rear yard for the potential use for future trees, and/or for water management (if required). New infills already cause some loss of surface permeability as bigger homes are being built with more hardscape coverage on each lot. Further our urban canopy is being gradually eroded in the inner city / established neighbourhoods as this infill process continues. Our concern is that the ability for homeowners to plant any substantial vegetation in the rear yard is compromised by a lack of soil depth over subterranean structures that extend under most of the yard. This shallow soil could also exacerbate runoff issues and raise drainage concerns, all of which need to somehow be mitigated. Usually issues relating to runoff are not visible until after construction is complete, by which point a full rear-lot subterranean development does not leave anywhere to create a water-retention location by way of remedy, nor does it allow a tree to ever be planted. With the high cost of these types of lot-intense homes, these issues in the case of new construction could easily result in a 50=year or longer concern. We can appreciate that our colleagues have raised the question whether this should topic should be dealt with in the land use bylaw or in some other way via policy.

As for front porches, we will be interested to watch how the agreed upon changes work in practice, if approved. We support these changes and hope they produce useable porches that provide eyes on the street and active frontages at grade level. The changes still respect setbacks in established communities; however, we would like to see some contextual relationship to neighbouring parcels taken into account, an idea which was not included to avoid significant projection ahead of existing homes. We want to promote walkable, safe, and neighbourly communities, and porches can help achieve this broad goal. In hindsight, we would have preferred that the porch discussion, which was reviewed in isolation from the other infill issues planned for phase two (massing, height, context, etc.), be reviewed at the same time as these other elements. But within the limited scope of the working group, the work regarding front porches is positive step forward.

We very much enjoyed the opportunity to contribute to this group. The collaborative efforts of the team were much appreciated and it was a pleasure to work with everyone involved. We hope to do so again in the future.

Ali McMillan

Planning Director, BRCA Board planning@brcacalgary.org

Joe Belland

Development Chair, Treasurer BRCA Board treasurer@brcacalgary.org



PARKDALE COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

(PCA)

July 25, 2018

Calgary Planning Commission:

I was pleased to represent Parkdale Community Association Planning & Development Committee as a member of the working group established to review infill issues and discuss bylaw changes regarding front porches, subterranean development, and RC-G developments. The open dialogue and lively debates with City administration, industry partners, the Federation of Calgary Communities (FCC) and community representatives resulted in the balanced recommendations contained in the Report to The Calgary Planning Commission.

While I support the recommendations, as a community representative I recognize that my views are not necessarily shared by all communities. I encourage City administration and the FCC to share the recommended changes to the Land Use Bylaw with all communities prior to the Public Hearing of Council. This would ensure communities have the opportunity to address Council when the recommended changes are being considered.

I want to recognize the professional and collaborative approach of all the participants and thank Stephen Pearce and Tammy Henry for facilitating the working group and developing recommendations that balanced the views of the participants.

Sincerely,

Judy Hoad

Co-chair, Planning & Development Committee

Parkdale Community Association

Judy Hoad

CC:

P&D Members

PCA Board

Infill Working Group

CITY OF CALGARY RECEIVED IN COUNCIL CHAMBER

JUL 2 6 2018

ITEM: CPC2018 -0888

CITY CLERK'S DEPARTMENT



July 26, 2018

Calgary Planning Commission

Via: Tammy Henry, Planner - Calgary Growth Strategies

CITY OF CALGARY RECEIVED IN COUNCIL CHAMBER

JUL 2 6 2018

TEM: CPC2018 - 0888

Distribution

CITY CLERK'S DEPARTMENT

Re: Infill Working Group

The Federation of Calgary Communities (the Federation) would like to express our support and thank Administration for our inclusion in the infill working group. Along with our member communities, Bridgeland-Riverside and Parkdale, the Federation has been meeting with Administration to address two of the 11 identified issues relating to infill development, and to draft amendments to the Residential Ground-Oriented (R-CG) District Monitoring Report.

Administration has been working to balance the views of our community representatives with those of industry to create draft Land Use Bylaw amendments, and we acknowledge that some of the necessary changes must be made through other business units to more appropriately address concerns about infill. Though direct input has been limited to a small number of Community Associations, the Federation has been committed to communicating the working group's progress to our expanded network and would like to thank the project team for attending our "Monday Matters" session to provide opportunity for discussion with our larger network.

The Federation has been satisfied with the collaborative approach of the working group. Moving forward, we would like to see opportunities to address a few outstanding concerns. Briefly, they include:

- Impact on the street frontage based on the maximum 4.5m setback rule in R-CG districts
- Increased lot coverage in R-CG developments, which will reduce urban canopy
- Decreased urban canopy in the rear yard due to subterranean development

The specific issues addressed during Phase 1 are also part of broader changes and must be addressed by looking at infill and redevelopment holistically. The Federation is committed to working with Administration during Phase 2 and would like to see the following:

- An outcome-driven process that clearly illustrates the input communities can provide
- A collaborative approach that includes other planning staff working on related projects such as the Developed Areas Guidebook
- A commitment to balancing the needs for redevelopment and life-cycling with concerns related to community context, character and fit
- Continued engagement opportunities for community input



July 25, 2018

Calgary Planning Commission The City of Calgary PO Box 2100, Station M Calgary, AB T2P 2M5 CITY OF CALGARY RECEIVED
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JUL 2 6 2018

CITY CLERK'S DEPARTMENT

Dear Members of Calgary Planning Commission:

Re: CPC 2018-0888, Enabling Successful Infill Development

Regarding the above noted Report, BILD Calgary Region (BILD) would like to thank Tammy Henry for leading a task force of industry and community stakeholders in discussions related to enabling successful infill development.

In Phase 1, the task force engaged in conversation around the Council directive to identify opportunities to encourage the incorporation of front porches into the design of new infill homes. The discussion began with identifying what barriers might exist in the land use bylaw itself and how those could possibly be removed or modified to reduce or eliminate hurdles while maintaining the overarching objectives for the land use districts to which the rules apply. The recommendation in the above noted Report does largely represent the common collective agreement of the task force.

As well, in Phase 1, with regard to the discussion pertaining to the subterranean structures, there seemed to be some challenge in specifically identifying exactly what problems had occurred previously and consistently in subterranean development – particularly, the nature, scope, magnitude and frequency of those *problematic occurrences* that would warrant changes to the city-wide land use bylaw. Although we appreciate the intent of the recommendation in the Report, we are uncertain if it is truly necessary without first identifying the 'need' for it.

Finally, in relation to Phase 2, we appreciate the conclusions outlined by Administration in the Report, and support the comprehensive approach to addressing the technical and complex nature of the infill issues identified. The Municipal Development Plan (MDP) as the highest statutory authority for growth in the City of Calgary, and the related MDP Monitoring Report recently presented to Council, emphasize and reinforce respectively, the importance of infill development to achieving the MDP's objectives for the City's future.

We encourage the supportive infill development conversations that will follow and look forward to participating as a key stakeholder with communities and Administration.

Again, we thank Tammy and the administrative staff for their work on this Calgary Planning Commission and Council direction and look forward to continued collaboration.

Respectfully, BILD Calgary Region

Beverly Jarvis

Director of Policy, Projects & Government Relations

c.c. Tammy Henry, City of Calgary
Stephen Pearce, City of Calgary
BILD Calgary Region Inner City Committee
City/Industry/Community Stakeholder Task Force