Calgary Police Service Financial Statements December 31, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT

May 26, 2015

The integrity, relevance and comparability of the data in the accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of management.

The financial statements are prepared by management, in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. They necessarily include some amounts that are based on the best estimates and judgements of management.

To assist in its responsibility, management maintains accounting, budget and other controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are appropriately authorized, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded. and that financial records are reliable for preparation of financial statements.

The Calgary Police Commission fulfills its responsibility for financial reporting through its Finance and Audit Committee. The Committee consists of Commission members who meet regularly to deal with financial and budget-related issues and to review financial control and reporting matters.

Deloitte LLP, Chartered Accountants, have been appointed by the Calgary Police Commission to express an opinion on the Service's financial statements. Their report follows.

Paul Cook

Chief of Police

Blaine Hutchins Finance Manager



Deloitte LLP 700, 850 - 2 Street SW Calgary, AB T2P 0R8 Canada

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Calgary Police Commission

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Calgary Police Service, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2014, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in net financial assets (liabilities) for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Calgary Police Service as at December 31, 2014, and the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in net financial assets (liabilities) for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Chartered Accountants

Deloitte LLP

May 26, 2015

Calgary, Canada

Statement of Financial Position

For the year ended December 31 (in thousands of dollars)

of the year ended becomber or (in thedeands or dende)	 2014	2013 Note 13
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 40	\$ 31
Investments (Note 2) Receivables	783	751
Federal and Provincial governments	6,412	5,802
General	764	2,927
Due from The City of Calgary (Note 10 (a))	187,009	180,107
	195,008	189,618
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable (Note 10 (b))	24,230	26,527
Accrued interest on long-term debt	-	1,632
Deferred revenue (Note 4)	8,589	9,970
Capital deposits (Note 5)	21,233	18,251
Employee benefit obligations (Note 6)	106,147	100,729
Long-term debt (Note 7)	-	 106,834
	160,199	263,943
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (LIABILITIES)	34,809	(74,325)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets (Notes 3 and 13)	222,425	217,014
Inventories of materials and supplies	2,666	2,397
Prepaid assets	 1,093	683
	226,184	220,094
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 8)	260,993	145,769

Commitments and Contingencies (Note 11) See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Approved on behalf of the Calgary Police Commission

Chairman

Vice Chairman

Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus For the year ended December 31 (in thousands of dollars)

	Budget 2014 Note 1m	2014	2013 Note 13
REVENUES			
Government Grants	\$ 33,199	32,896	32,731
Sale of goods and services	17,255	18,321	20,184
Fines and penalties	42,943	41,697	40,011
Miscellaneous revenue	674	814	178
	94,071	93,728	93,104
EXPENSES			
Salary, wages and benefits	374,839	369,182	363,032
Contracted and general services	26,294	32,622	26,190
Materials, equipment and supplies	29,823	30,651	36,612
Utilities	5,965	4,220	3,446
Internal recoveries (Note 10a)	(1,900)	(2,291)	(6,905)
Amortization	-	16,850	16,571
Interest charges	50 435,071	34 451,268	51
	435,071	451,268	438,997
DEFICIENCY OF EXPENSES OVER REVENUES BEFORE	(0.44.000)	((0.47.000)
GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	(341,000)	(357,540)	(345,893)
MILL RATE SUPPORT (Note 12)	349,759	349,759	336,635
TRANSFERS RELATED TO CAPITAL	8,759	123,005	10,411
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	17,518	115,224	1,153
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	149,564	145,769	144,616
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	167,082	260,993	145,769

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31 (in thousands of dollars)

CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Excess of revenue over expenses \$ 115,224 Items not affecting cash Amortization Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets 347 Change in non-cash items Receivables \$ 1,553 Prepaid assets \$ (410) Due from The City of Calgary \$ (6,902) Accounts payable \$ (2,297) Accrued interest on long-term debt \$ (1,632) Deferred revenue \$ (1,381) Capital deposits \$ 2,982 Employee benefit obligation \$ 5,418 Inventories of materials and supplies \$ (269)	
Excess of revenue over expenses Items not affecting cash Amortization Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets Change in non-cash items Receivables Prepaid assets Oue from The City of Calgary Accounts payable Accrued interest on long-term debt Capital deposits Employee benefit obligation Inventories of materials and supplies \$ 115,224 16,850 16,850 1,553 (410) (6,902) (6,902) (1,632) (1,632) (1,632) (1,381) (2,982) (3,982) (410) (1,632) (1,632) (1,381) (2,982) (2,982) (3,982) (4,982	
Items not affecting cash Amortization Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets Change in non-cash items Receivables Prepaid assets Oue from The City of Calgary Accounts payable Accrued interest on long-term debt Capital deposits Employee benefit obligation Inventories of materials and supplies Interest on 16,850	
Amortization Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets Change in non-cash items Receivables Receivables 1,553 Prepaid assets (410) Due from The City of Calgary Accounts payable Accrued interest on long-term debt Deferred revenue Capital deposits Employee benefit obligation Inventories of materials and supplies 1,553 (410) (6,902) (6,902) (1,632) (1,632) (1,632) (1,381) (2,982)	\$ 1,153
Receivables 1,553 Prepaid assets (410) Due from The City of Calgary (6,902) Accounts payable (2,297) Accrued interest on long-term debt (1,632) Deferred revenue (1,381) Capital deposits 2,982 Employee benefit obligation 5,418 Inventories of materials and supplies (269)	16,571 436
Due from The City of Calgary Accounts payable (2,297) Accrued interest on long-term debt (1,632) Deferred revenue (1,381) Capital deposits 2,982 Employee benefit obligation Inventories of materials and supplies (6,902) (1,632) (1,632) (1,381) (1,381) (2,982) (2,	(2,013)
Accounts payable (2,297) Accrued interest on long-term debt (1,632) Deferred revenue (1,381) Capital deposits 2,982 Employee benefit obligation 5,418 Inventories of materials and supplies (269)	(67)
Accrued interest on long-term debt (1,632) Deferred revenue (1,381) Capital deposits 2,982 Employee benefit obligation 5,418 Inventories of materials and supplies (269)	(18,070)
Deferred revenue (1,381) Capital deposits 2,982 Employee benefit obligation 5,418 Inventories of materials and supplies (269)	5,099
Capital deposits 2,982 Employee benefit obligation 5,418 Inventories of materials and supplies (269)	(5)
Employee benefit obligation 5,418 Inventories of materials and supplies (269)	2,209
Inventories of materials and supplies (269)	2,388
·· 	8,724
129,483	(450)
	15,975
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition of tangible capital assets (23,019)	(15,382)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets 411	310
(22,608)	(15,072)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds on (purchase) disposal of investments (32)	(34)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Long-term debt debentures redeemed (106,834)	(868)
(106,834)	(868)
INCREASE IN CASH FOR THE YEAR 9	1
Cash, beginning of year	·
CASH, END OF YEAR 40	30

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets (Liabilities) For the year ended December 31 (in thousands of dollars)

	2014	2013 Note 13
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$ 115,224 \$	1,153
Amortization of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Acquisition of supplies inventories Use of supplies inventories Prepaid assets Loss on sale of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets	16,850 411 (1,605) 1,336 (410) 347 (23,019)	16,571 310 (1,613) 1,163 (67) 436 (15,382)
INCREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	109,134	2,571
NET FINANCIAL LIABILITIES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 (74,325)	(76,896)
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (LIABILITIES), END OF YEAR	 34,809	(74,325)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

Notes to Financial Statements

The Calgary Police Service ("CPS"), which operates under the provisions of the Police Act of the Province of Alberta, is a business unit of The City of Calgary ("The City") and is not a separate legal entity. The Police Act provides for public accountability of the CPS through the Calgary Police Commission. The Calgary Police Commission reports directly to Calgary City Council for budget matters relating to the CPS. CPS expenditures are primarily funded by mill rate support from The City. The City retains legal ownership and title to all land and property used by the CPS. The City also provides various corporate and administrative services, including the recognition and funding of liabilities relating to environmental and legal matters relating to the CPS, as discussed in Notes 10 & 11.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the CPS are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

a) Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the CPS include and reflect all of the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses except as indicated below and in Note 10, notwithstanding that The City retains legal title to all land and property of the CPS. Corporate and administrative services, including the recognition and funding of liabilities relating to environmental and legal matters, provided by The City at no cost, have not been fair valued and recorded in these financial statements, as discussed in Notes 10 and 11. These financial statements do not reflect all tangible capital assets owned by The City and used by the CPS.

b) Basis of Accounting

- i) Revenues and expenses are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they are earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized in the period the goods and services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.
- ii) Government transfers and grants are recognized in the financial statements as revenues in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

c) Investments

Investments are managed for the CPS by The City, consistent with other City of Calgary business units.

Included in investments are temporary investments in money market instruments and portfolio investments such as fixed income bonds. Investments are recorded at the lower of original cost net of amortized discounts and premiums and market value on a portfolio basis.

d) Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue represents amounts received from third parties for a specified operating purpose. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the period when the related expenditures are incurred.

e) Capital Deposits

Capital deposits represent amounts received from third parties for specified capital projects. Deposits must be expended on projects for which they are designated, and are recognized as revenue in the capital fund as expenditures are made.

f) Inventories of Materials and Supplies

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost, calculated on a weighted average basis, and replacement cost.

g) Employee Benefit Obligations

Pension Benefits

- i) Contributions to multi-employer plans are expensed when the contributions are due.
- ii) The cost of City-sponsored, registered defined benefit pension plans, non-registered defined benefit pension plans, and post-employment benefits are recognized when earned by the members. These costs are actuarially determined using the projected benefit method prorated on service and management's best estimate of expected salary and benefit escalation, retirement ages of employees and plan investment performance. Plan obligations are discounted using The City's cost of borrowing using estimated rates for debt with maturities similar to expected benefit payments in the future.
- iii) CPS records the actuarially determined excess of the accrued benefit obligation over the market value of the plan assets for The City sponsored, registered defined benefit pension plans. For jointly sponsored plans, CPS records its proportionate share of that excess. For non-registered, defined benefit plans and other retirement benefit obligations, CPS records the estimated proportionate share of the actuarially determined accrued benefit obligation only. The City holds assets within its cash and investments to address these obligations. No obligations are recorded for multi-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by external parties as CPS's share of those obligations is not readily determinable.
- iv) Adjustments arising from experience gains and losses are amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected average remaining service period of active employees. Adjustments arising from prior service costs related to plan amendments and changes in the valuation allowance are recognized in the period in which the adjustment occurs.

h) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the Change in Net Financial Assets (Liabilities) for the year.

i) Accumulated Surplus

Accumulated surplus represents the CPS' net economic resources. It is an amount by which all assets (financial and non-financial) exceed liabilities. An accumulated surplus indicates that CPS has net resources (financial and physical) that can be used to provide future services. An accumulated deficit means that liabilities are greater than assets.

j) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets, including assets held under capital leases, are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Interest charges are not capitalized.

Work in progress represents assets which are not available for use and therefore are not subject to amortization.

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The cost, less residual value, of tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

	YEARS
Buildings	10 - 75
Vehicles	2 - 15
Land improvements	5 - 40
Machinery and equipment	
Computer equipment	3 - 5
Boats	3 - 25
Furniture & equipment	5 - 25

k) Long-Term Debt

The City obtains financing in the form of debentures and loans for some of the CPS's tangible capital asset expenditures. These financial statements reflect that portion of available financing utilized by the CPS to acquire tangible capital assets.

I) Equity in Non-Financial Assets

Equity in non-financial assets represents the investment in non-financial assets, excluding prepaid assets, after deducting the portion of these assets that have been financed by long-term debt.

m) Budget Figures

The City of Calgary Council approved 2014 operating and capital budgets are reflected on the statements of operations and accumulated surplus. The budgets established for the capital fund are on a project oriented basis, the costs of which may be incurred over one or more years and therefore may not be comparable with the current year's actual amounts.

n) Financial Instruments and Fair Values

The City and the CPS are exposed to the risk that arises from fluctuations in interest rates and exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates.

The City utilizes derivative financial instruments in order to reduce the impact of fluctuating interest rates on its short-term investments and fluctuating foreign currency exchange rates on anticipated future expenditures in foreign currencies. The City's policy is not to utilize derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Based on available market information, the carrying value of the CPS's financial instruments approximates their fair value due to their short period to maturity, except with respect to investments, as indicated in Note 2.

o) Environmental Provisions

The City has a formal environmental assessment and reclamation program in place to ensure it complies with environmental legislation. The City, on behalf of the CPS, provides for the cost of compliance with environmental legislation when costs are identified and can be reasonably measured.

p) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and use assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Where estimation uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The amounts recorded for valuation of tangible capital assets, the useful lives and related amortization of tangible capital assets, accounts receivable collections, accrued liabilities, contingencies and employee benefit obligations are

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areas where management makes significant estimates and assumptions in determining the amounts to be recorded in the financial statements.

q) Write-downs

When conditions indicate that a tangible capital asset no longer contributes to a government's ability to provide goods and services, or that the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital asset is less than its net book value, the cost of the tangible capital asset will be reduced to reflect the decline in the asset's value. The write-downs of tangible capital assets would be accounted for as expenses in the statement of operations and accumulated surplus.

2. INVESTMENTS

All the investments managed by The City, on behalf of the CPS, are held in fixed income securities. The total investments holdings have a value of \$783 (2013 - \$751) and a market value of \$800 (2013 - \$845).

The average yield on the cost of these investments during the year was 2.172% (2013 – 2.052%) per annum.

3. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

			2014				2013 Note 13	
			Accumulated	Net bo	ook		Accumulated	Net book
		Cost	Amortization	va	lue	Cost	Amortization	value
Land	\$	48,388	-	48,3	388 \$	48,388	-	48,388
Land Improvements		5,196	1,453	3,7	743	5,152	1,160	3,992
Buildings		143,770	28,791	114,9	979	131,460	23,724	107,736
Machinery and								
equipment		84,368	53,713	30,6	355	75,207	45,418	29,789
Vehicles		31,654	15,705	15,9	949	28,424	15,306	13,118
		313,376	99,662	213,7	714	288,631	85,608	203,023
Work in Progress		8,711	-	8,7	711	13,991	-	13,991
Tangible								
Capital Assets	\$	322,087	99,662	222,4	125 \$	302,622	85,608	217,014
4. DEFERRED F	REVE	NUE						
					20	14		2013
Balance, beginning	of ve	ar		\$	9,9	70	\$	7,761
Addition to deferred					9,2		·	9,656
Recognized revenu	es				(10,63	33)		(7,447)
Balance, end of year	ar			\$	8,5	89	\$	9,970
Deferred revenu	ıes ar	e comprised	d of the following:					
		-	•		20	14		2013
Government transfe	ers				8,3	27		9,370
Private contribution	S				2	62		600
				\$	8,5	89	\$	9,970

5. CAPITAL DEPOSITS

Capital deposits represent funds received for the Alberta Municipal Infrastructure Program ("AMIP"), Municipal Sustainability Initiative ("MSI") and for amounts received under the new community assessment program at The City. Deposits must be expended on projects for which they may be designated, and are recognized as revenue when expenditures are made.

	2014	2013
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 18,251	\$ 15,863
Deposits AMIP & MSI	111,323	1,974
Withdrawals AMIP, MSI & Provincial Grant	(111,323)	(1,974)
New Community Assessment/Provincial Grants	2,982	2,388
Balance, end of year	\$ 21,233	\$ 18,251

6. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

CPS employees and elected officials qualify to belong to one or more multi-employer pension plans, definedbenefit pension plans, and other retirement benefit plans provided by The City. Employee benefit obligations are liabilities of the CPS, as part of The City, to its employees and retirees for benefits earned but not taken as of December 31.

The City has fully met its current year cash contribution obligations for employee benefit obligations at December 31, 2014. The City and its employees have an obligation to fund the unamortized net actuarial losses for its post-retirement benefits, registered and non-registered defined-benefit pension plans and for its share of the multi-employer plans. The losses are expected to be funded through future increases in contributions and future changes in actuarial assumptions. The concept of funding refers to amounts recorded in the CPS financial statements as described below:

	2014 Funded	2013 Funded
a) The Calgary Police Supplementary Pension Plan ("PSPP") – Registered Defined Benefit Pension Plans	\$ 2,204	\$ 2,685
b) City of Calgary Overcap Pension Plan ("OCPP") for the Police Chief and Deputies – Non-registered Defined Benefit Pension Plans	2,768	2,298
c) Other retirement benefits	47,418	46,536
d) Vacation and overtime (undiscounted)	 53,757	49,210
Total	\$ 106,147	\$ 100,729

Actuarial Accounting Methodology

Annual actuarial accounting valuations for the registered and non-registered defined-benefit pension plans and other retirement benefits are performed using the projected benefit method prorated on years of service to determine the accrued benefit obligation and the expense to be recognized in the financial statements. The measurement of the accrued benefit obligation and expense for actuarial accounting valuations is obtained by extrapolating the actuarial liabilities calculated as of the most recent actuarial valuation dates as stated for each benefit.

The significant actuarial assumptions used for the actuarial accounting valuations of the registered defined-benefit plans (Note 6a), non-registered defined-benefit pension plans (Note 6b) and other retirement benefits (Note 6c) are as follows:

Date of actuarial accounting valuation	Dec 31, 2014	Dec 31, 2013		
Year end obligation discount rate (%)	3.5	3.5		
Inflation rate (%)	2.5	2.5		
Long term rate of return on plan assets (%)	6.5	6.5		
Rate of compensation increase	(included w	(included within each section)		

a) The Calgary Police Supplementary Pension Plan (PSPP)

The PSPP commenced on January 1, 1975 and provides supplemental pension benefits to those police officers who retired prior to September 1, 1979. Police officers who have retired after September 1, 1979 are covered under the Special Forces Pension Plan (Note 6e) ii)).

The PSPP is not subject to provincial minimum funding legislation. Pursuant to the agreement made in 1985, The City will continue to pay benefits out of its investments. In 2007, the fund was exhausted and benefits to pensioners for the year and future years are now being paid from The City's investments. Since 2003, the liabilities associated with these continued benefits have been accounted for under the appropriate GAAP and PSAS guidelines.

Sufficient funds are held with The City's investments to cover the liabilities as determined by the actuarial valuation as at December 31, 2014.

The significant actuarial assumptions used for the actuarial accounting valuations of the PSPP are as follows:

Date of actuarial accounting valuation	Dec 31, 2014	Dec 31, 2013
Year end obligation discount rate (%)	3.5	3.5
Inflation rate (%)	2.5	2.5
Long term rate of return on plan assets (%)	6.5	6.25
Expected average remaining service life (EARSL)	0.0	0.0

The results of, and significant assumptions utilized, in the most recent actuarial accounting valuations for registered plans include:

		2014		2013
Fair value of plan assets - beginning of year Employer contributions Less benefits paid	\$	- 225 (225)	\$	- 249 (249)
Fair value of plan assets - end of year	\$ _	-	\$	
Accrued benefit obligation – beginning of year Interest cost Less benefits paid Actuarial loss	\$ _	2,685 90 (225) (346) 2,204	\$	2,672 83 (249) 179 2,685
Accrued benefit obligation - end of year Funded status – plan deficit Unamortized net actuarial loss Accrued benefit liability	\$ _ \$ - \$	2,204 - 2,204	\$ \$	2,685 (828) 1,857
Interest costs Amortization of actuarial losses Total expense	\$ \$ -	90 (346) (256)	\$	83 1,007 1,090

Actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) of the PSPP and commence in the period following the determination of the gain or loss.

b) City of Calgary Overcap Pension Plan ("OCPP") for the Chief and Deputies

The OCPP commenced on February 1, 2000. The plan is sponsored and administered by The City and provides supplementary pension benefits for management employees, the Police Chief and Deputies.

The OCPP for management employees provides a coordinated benefit with the LAPP (Note 6e) i)), and the SPP, to provide an annual retirement benefit of 2% of all pensionable earnings for the years of service since the later of January 1, 1992 and the date of hire with The City.

The significant actuarial assumptions used for the actuarial accounting valuations of The City of Calgary Police Chief and Deputies Overcap Pension Plan (PCDOPP) are as follows:

Date of actuarial accounting valuation	Dec 31, 2014	Dec 31, 2013
Year end obligation discount rate (%)	3.5	3.5
Inflation rate (%)	2.5	2.5
Long term rate of return on plan assets (%)	6.5	6.25
Rate of compensation increase	3.5	3.5
Expected average remaining service life (EARSL)	5.1	5.9

The results of, and significant assumptions utilized, in the December 31, 2014 actuarial accounting valuations for the PCDOPP of the Police Chief and Deputies is as follows:

		2014		2013
Accrued benefit obligation – beginning of year	\$	3,669	\$	2,902
Current service cost	φ	103	φ	2,902 74
Interest cost		131		96
Less benefits paid		(60)		(60)
Actuarial loss (gain)		(130)		657
Accrued benefit obligation - end of year	\$	3,713	\$	3,669
	•			
Funded status – plan deficit	\$	3,713	\$	3,669
Unamortized net actuarial (loss)	-	(945)		(1,371)
Accrued benefit liability (1)	\$	2,768	\$	2,298
	-			_
Current service costs	\$	103	\$	74
Interest costs		131		96
Amortization of actuarial losses		297		249
Total expense	\$	531	\$	419

Assets in the amount of \$2,768 (2013 - \$2,298) to satisfy the obligations under these plans are held within The City's investments.

Actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) of the PCDOPP for Police Chief and Deputies and commence in the period following the determination of the gain or loss.

c) Other retirement benefits

The City sponsors post retirement benefits for extended health, dental and life insurance benefits to qualifying retirees and their surviving spouses from the date of retirement to the age of 65, when coverage under the Alberta Seniors Plan begins. After 10 years or age 65, the life insurance policy reduces to a paid up death benefit based on the number of years of contributory service prior to retirement. The City and the retirees share equally in the cost of benefits. Due to the joint nature of the plan and the cost sharing arrangement, the consolidated financial statements of The City reflect The City's portion only of both the expense and the accrued benefit liability. The City sponsors a noncontributory retiring allowance of up to 7 weeks of salary for qualifying retirees. The cost of these benefits is recognized as an expense as the employees provide service. The City also sponsors a supplementary compensation plan for employees that are disabled or survivors of employees killed in the line of duty. The supplementary compensation plan is deemed a closed plan where employees are not actively accruing benefits.

The most recent full actuarial valuation for other retirement benefits were (will be) performed as stated below.

	Latest Full Actuarial Valuation Date	Next Full Actuarial Valuation Date
Post Retirement Benefits	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015
Retiring Allowance	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015
Supplementary Compensation	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2015

The results of, and significant assumptions utilized, in the December 31, 2014 actuarial accounting valuations for other retirement benefits included:

		2014		2013
Approach benefit obligation beginning of year	\$	45,710	\$	48,764
Accrued benefit obligation – beginning of year Adjustment	Ψ	(2,036)	φ	(552)
Current service cost		2,673		2,654
Interest cost		1,585		1,617
Less benefits paid		(2,151)		(2,241)
Actuarial (gain)		(1,904)		(4,532)
Accrued benefit obligation - end of year	\$	43,877	\$	45,710
Funded status – plan deficit	\$	43,877	\$	45,710
Plan assets (1)	•	(551)	,	(395)
Unamortized net actuarial loss		4,092		1,221
Accrued benefit liability (2)	\$	47,418	\$	46,536
Current period benefit cost	\$	2,674	\$	2,655
Cost of Plan amendments	*	-,	*	(17)
Interest on accrued benefit obligations		1,584	\$	1,617
Amortization of actuarial loss		874		2,776
Total expense	\$	5,132	\$	7,031

	2014	2013
Rate of compensation increase % (excluding merit & promotion)(3)	3.50%	3.50%
Annual increase in extended health care costs	8.50%	6.25%
Annual increase in dental costs	4.00%	4.00%
EARSL(4)	12.9 yr	11.2 yr

- (1) Plan Assets in the amount of \$ 551 (2013 \$395) to satisfy future life claims are equal to fair market value.
- (2) Assets in the amount of \$47,418 (2013 \$46,536) to satisfy the obligations under these plans are held within The City's investments.
- (3) Annual increases for police are: 2014: 3.5%; 2015: 3.5%; thereafter 3.50% per annum.
- (4) Actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the EARSL of the related employee group commencing in the period following the determination of the gain or loss.

d) Vacation and overtime

The vacation and overtime liability comprises the vacation and overtime that employees are deferring to future years. Employees who have deferred vacation or overtime can, under specific circumstances as outlined in administrative policies and/or contractual agreements, be paid out in cash or otherwise entitled within the next budgetary year. Assets in the amount of \$53,757 (2013 - \$49,210) to satisfy the obligations under these programs are held within The City's investments.

e) Multi-employer pension plans

Civic employees, with the exception of police officers, are members of the LAPP. Police officers are members of the SFPP. Both plans are multi-employer, defined-benefit pension plans sponsored by the Alberta Minister of Finance and administered by Alberta Pension Services ("APS"). Due to the multi-employer nature of these plans, information is not available to determine the portion of the plans'

obligations and assets attributable to each employer. Therefore, The City appropriately accounts for both plans using the method for defined contribution plans. The amount of expense recorded in the consolidated financial statements is equal to The City's contributions to the plan as determined by APS for the year and no obligation is recorded in The City's financial statements. However, given that these multi-employer plans are in deficit positions, an inherent unrecorded liability amount is attributable indirectly to plan participants. Plan deficiencies will need to be resolved by increased future employee and employer contributions, increased investment returns and interest rates, management or amendment of future liabilities, or a combination of these elements.

In 2014 the Government of Alberta withdrew planned legislation for proposed changes to the LAPP. The province has since committed to a new direction involving employer and member representatives in continuing discussions on the governance process and sustainability of LAPP and SFPP.

i) Local Authorities Pension Plan ("LAPP")

The LAPP plan provides an annual retirement benefit of 1.4% of earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings ("YMPE") and 2% of earnings over YMPE. Under the Alberta Public Sector Pension Plans Act, the CPS and members of the LAPP plan made the following contributions:

	20	14	2013		
	Employer	Members	Employer	Members	
Current service contributions	\$7,582	\$6,954	\$6,534	\$5,899	
Contribution Rates (% of pensionable salaries)	11.39% of YMPE and 15.84% over YMPE	10.39% of YMPE and 14.84% over YMPE	10.43% of YMPE and 14.47% over YMPE	9.43% of YMPE and 13.47% over YMPE	

The LAPP reported a deficiency (extrapolation results of the actuarial valuation) for the overall plan as at December 31, 2013 of \$4.862 billion (2012 - \$4.977 billion). More recent information was not available at the time of preparing these financial statements. LAPP consists of over 149,400 active members. The City plan membership is approximately 8.5% of which the CPS portion is approximately 0.5%. The City's 2014 contribution rates increased 9.2% (2013 - 5.2%) as a result of this deficit.

ii) Special Forces Pension Plan ("SFPP")

The SFPP provides an annual retirement benefit of 1.4% of pensionable earnings up to YMPE, 2% of pensionable earnings over YMPE, a bridge benefit of 0.6% of YMPE to age 65, and improved early retirement and death benefits, up to maximum pension limits of the Income Tax Act (Canada). Under the Alberta *Public Sector Pension Plans Act*, The City and members of the SFPP plan made the following contributions:

	2014		2013	
	Employer	Members	Employer	Members
Current service contributions Contributions Rates	\$29,515	\$27,253	\$28,733	\$26,386
(% of pensionable salaries)	14.55%	13.45%	14.55%	13.45%

The SFPP reported a deficiency (extrapolation results of the actuarial valuation) for the overall plan as at December 31, 2013 of \$220 million (2012 – \$499 million restated) comprised of \$207 million for pre-1992 and \$13 million relating to post-1991. More recent information was not available at the time of preparing these financial statements. SFPP consists of 4,180 active members. The City plan membership which consists of primarily CPS members is approximately 50%. The City's 2014 contribution rates did not change as a result of this deficit.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

a) Debt payable by and issued in the name of The City, on behalf of the CPS, includes the following amounts:

		201	4				2013	
	T	ax Se	lf-			Tax	Self-	
	Supp	orted Suppo	orted	Total	S	upported	Supported	Total
(i) Debentures	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	334 \$	- \$	334
(ii) MSI Debt	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	106,500 \$	- \$	106,500
	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	106,834	- \$	106,834

- (i) Debentures, which are held by the Alberta Capital Finance Authority, matured in the year 2014.
- (ii) Purchase of Westwinds facility was funded by Municipal Sustainability Infrastructure (MSI) debt. This was bridge financed until funds were received from the province, including outstanding interest payments. Funds were received in 2014.

b) Interest payable:

		2014				2013		
	•	Tax	ļ	Self		Tax	Self	
	Sup	ported	Sup	ported	S	Supported	Supported	
Debenture interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2	-	
MSI Interest payable		-		-		1,630	-	
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,632	-	

8. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

	2014	2013
Equity in Non-Financial Assets	\$ 225,091	\$ 112,577
Capital Fund	(2,162)	(1,892)
Reserves (Note 9)	38,064	35,084
	\$ 260,993	\$ 145,769

9. RESERVES

Reserves consist of operating and capital reserves as follows:

	2014	2013
Vehicle capital financing	\$ 18,531	\$ 18,065
Red Light Camera	9,164	7,115
Court Fine Operating	4,000	4,000
Helicopter operating maintenance	3,000	2,706
Capital pay-as-you-go	2,500	2,430
Automated Fingerprint Identification System	783	751
Capital financing (Treasury interfund)	 86	17
	\$ 38,064	\$ 35,084

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- a) The CPS conducts transactions with The City in the normal course of business. Expenditures aggregate \$86,839 (2013 \$84,535), and recoveries include \$2,291 (2013 \$3,234) of transactions with The City. The CPS also receives Mill Rate Support from The City of \$349,759 (2013 \$336,635) (Note 12) and has an amount due from The City of \$187,009 (2013 \$180,107).
- b) The CPS conducts transactions with ENMAX Corporation ("ENMAX"), a wholly owned subsidiary of The City, in the normal course of business. Expenditures include \$3,064 (2013 \$2,719), and recoveries include \$Nil (2013 \$Nil) of transactions with ENMAX. Accounts payable include \$458 (2013 \$413) payable to ENMAX.
- c) The City, consistent with its treatment of other business units, provides services to the CPS at no cost. These services include the provision of certain premises, payroll and some human resource functions, treasury functions, including investing, borrowing, banking, and cashiers, and finance functions such as accounts payable disbursements and accounts receivable administration. In addition to these services, the CPS utilizes The City's enterprise systems (PeopleSoft), along with available support, to complete day to day work. These PeopleSoft systems include supply management, accounts payable, accounts receivable, finance, budgets, and human resources.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

a) The Calgary Police Service has the following office space lease commitments for the years 2015 to 2044.

2015	2,420
2016	1,152
2017	890
2018	671
2019 and thereafter	1,930
	\$ 7,063

b) Capital commitments of \$9,007 (2013 - \$11,633) are not reflected in the financial statements. This amount represents uncompleted portions of contracts, as at December 31, 2014, on major projects and estimated obligations under other various agreements. These capital commitments were included in the current year's capital budget of \$80,211 (2013 - \$79,482) and will be funded from reserves and debt.

- c) In the ordinary course of business, various claims and lawsuits are brought against The CPS. The City, on behalf of the CPS, has recorded a provision for these claims and lawsuits. The costs associated with defending the lawsuits and any settlements arising from the claims and lawsuits are borne by The City and accordingly, no provision has been recorded in these financial statements with respect to the claims and lawsuits.
- d) The City, on behalf of the CPS, has recorded a provision for environmental liabilities. The costs associated with any environmental liabilities are borne by The City and accordingly, no provision has been recorded in these financial statements with respect to environmental liabilities.

12. MILL RATE SUPPORT FROM THE CITY OF CALGARY

	2014	2013
Approved Net Operating Budget Allocation	\$ 349,759	\$ 336,615
Other Allocation budgeted by The City:		
Interest	-	20
Total Mill Rate Support from The City of Calgary	\$ 349,759	\$ 336,635

13. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In 2014 as a result of continued usage and refinement of capital asset accounting and management systems, certain asset balances in work in progress (WIP) were identified that required correction. These balances consisted primarily of remediation of the old outdoor range (\$2,195), and remediation of the Administration building (\$1,600) from the 2013 flood. The effect of correcting these misstatements was to reduce the net book value of Tangible Capital Assets (TCA) at December 31, 2013 by \$3,795 from \$220,809 to \$217,014. Similarly, equity in non-financial assets, a category within accumulated surplus at December 31, 2013 was reduced by \$3,795 from 223,889 to \$220,094.