Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

Audit Committee Reporting Letter For the Year Ended December 31, 2023





March 20, 2024

The Audit and Accountability Committee Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation 610, 940 - 6th Avenue SW Calgary, Alberta T2P 3T1 **RSM Canada LLP**

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Dear Sir/Madam:

Re: Audit of the financial statements of Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

This report summarizes certain key audit findings and responses to assessed audit risks which we believe to be of interest to assist the Audit and Accountability Committee in discharging their responsibilities in connection with the audited financial statements of Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation (the "Corporation") for the year ended December 31, 2023.

We would like to express our appreciation for the cooperation we received from the officers and employees of the Corporation with whom we worked during our audit. We look forward to meeting with the Audit and Accountability Committee to discuss the content of this report and answering any questions you may have.

Yours very truly,

per: Joseph Man, Partner

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STATUS OF THE AUDIT

We have substantially completed our audit of the financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Outstanding items

The following items require completion prior to issuing our auditor's report:

- receipt of management representation letter (Appendix C);
- subsequent events review to audit report date; and
- approval of the financial statements by the Audit and Accountability Committee.

Draft independent auditor's report and draft financial statements

Our draft independent auditor's report and draft financial statements is attached (Appendix B).

SIGNIFICANT AUDIT FINDINGS

Materiality

Final overall materiality was \$257,000 based on a percentage of net assets. This was not changed from planning materiality as communicated in our Audit Services Plan.

Accounting policies

Management is responsible for selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies. The Audit and Accountability Committee is responsible to review accounting policies adopted by the Corporation and where alternative policies are available, determine the most appropriate policies to be adopted in the circumstances. If the Audit and Accountability Committee believes that the adoption of or change in accounting policies may produce inappropriate or misleading financial reporting, this concern must be discussed with management and us.

Our views on the qualitative aspects of accounting practices used in the Corporation's financial reporting are intended to assist the Audit and Accountability Committee in its review of the financial statements. Policies affecting the understandability, relevance, reliability and comparability of the financial statements are:

Changes in significant accounting policies, including adoption of new standards.

There were no new accounting policies adopted or changes to the application of accounting policies of the Corporation during the year.

The Audit and Accountability Committee Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation March 20, 2024 Page 2

Accounting policies unique to the industry, or relate to controversial or emerging areas.	 The following policy is unique to the industry or relates to controversial or emerging areas: The corporation uses the net yield method when allocating costs within its multi-family project, which is an accounting policy that is unique to the real estate industry and not addressed in the Public Sector Accounting Standards Handbook, however, is consistent with industry standards.
Existence of alternative policies and methods.	No significant items to report.
Effect of timing of occurrence and recognition of transactions relating to when accounting policies are adopted.	No significant items to report.

Conclusion

We reviewed the significant accounting policies selected and applied by management and in our judgment we believe that the accounting policies are, in all material respects, acceptable under Canadian public sector accounting standards and are appropriate to the particular circumstances of the Corporation.

Significant risks, accounting estimates, unusual transactions and financial statement disclosures

The following is a summary of key issues and significant risks of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, encompassing areas of estimates and related judgments and assumptions, significant or unusual transactions and sensitive financial statement disclosures, identified during the audit:

Issue/Risk Area - Management override of controls

Issue/Risk Area

Management override of controls is, by definition, a significant risk.

Our Response

During the course of our audit, we designed and performed audit procedures to respond to the risks of management override of controls. Our procedures included assessing appropriateness of general journal entries and other adjustments on a test basis, reviewing accounting estimates for biases and evaluating business rationale for transactions outside the normal course of business. These procedures did not reveal any evidence of management override of controls and, as such, no additional audit procedures were performed.

The Audit and Accountability Committee Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation March 20, 2024 Page 3

Issue/Risk Area - Revenue recognition around year-end

Issue/Risk Area

Occurrence of home sale revenue at year-end has been assessed as having significant risk of material misstatement because of the nature and timing of the recognition of revenue.

Management's Approach

Revenue from the sale of housing units is recognized when the significant risk and rewards of ownership has transferred, typically upon the transfer of title and when collectability is reasonably assured.

Our Response

We sampled revenue transactions that were recorded throughout the year with an increased focus on sales that occurred within one month of year end. We agreed amounts recorded to purchase and sale agreements, final statement of adjustments and certificates of title to ensure that the criteria for recognition of revenue had been met. As all sales were tested during the audit in addition to cut-off testing no additional audit procedures were performed.

Issue/Risk Area - Valuation of Equity Receivables

Issue/Risk Area

Valuation of equity receivables was assessed as having a significant risk of material misstatement because of significant assumptions used to assess the net recoverable value.

Management's Approach

Net recoverable value at December 31, 2023, as determined by management, was the minimum repayment on all equity receivables. Significant estimates and assumptions used when calculating the allowance on the equity receivables include expected future market pricing and appreciation of units to be resold, expected timing of unit sales and estimated foreclosure rates. Changes to these assumptions can have significant impact on the calculation of the valuation on equity receivables.

Our Response

We have reviewed management's assessment of the collectability of equity receivables and the estimation processes and calculations and conclude that they are reasonable and the allowance recorded in the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023 is appropriate.

Conclusion

We reviewed all significant accounting estimates and agree that they are, in all material respects, free from possible management bias and of material misstatement. The audit procedures performed in the areas noted above were consistent with those set out in our Audit Committee Planning Letter. The accounting treatment of the items noted above and related disclosures are appropriate and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. We were able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to reduce the risk of material misstatement in the financial statements to an appropriate low level.

MISSTATEMENTS AND ADJUSTMENTS

During our audit, we did not identify any misstatements or unadjusted items.

Appendix A

Other required communication

Area	Comment
Independence	CAS 260, Communication with Those Charged with Governance, requires communications in relation to any matters or relationships which we believe may have a bearing on RSM's independence or the objectivity of the audit engagement team. We have considered whether there are any independence matters or relationships that could have a bearing on the question of our independence. We confirm that, in our professional judgment, RSM is independent within the meaning of regulatory and professional requirements and the objectivity of the audit team is not impaired.
Illegal Acts, Fraud, Intentional Misstatements and Errors	Testing during our audit did not reveal any illegal, improper or questionable payments or acts, nor any acts committed with the intent to deceive, involving either misappropriation of assets or misrepresentation of financial information.
Related Party Transactions	We conducted tests and procedures to identify related parties and transactions. Our audit did not reveal any related parties or significant related party transactions that were not disclosed to us by management, nor did it reveal any significant related party transactions which give rise to suspected fraud. There has been no disagreement between management and ourselves regarding the accounting for and disclosure of related party transactions.
Deficiency in Internal Controls	A financial statement audit is not designed to provide assurance on internal controls and we have not presented an opinion on internal controls over financial reporting. However, during our audit, we identified the following significant deficiency:
	Segregation of Duties
	The Corporation has a limited number of individuals performing accounting and control functions in addition to having access to Corporation assets. While lack of segregation of duties is common in entities of similar size, we recommend that whenever practical, duties be segregated to help ensure that errors or misappropriations are prevented or detected by management to safeguard Corporation assets. If segregation is not practical or cost effective, senior management should supervise these duties and follow up on any significant or unusual transactions.
Disagreements with Management	During our audit, we did not have any significant disagreements with management.
Consultations with Other Accountants	We are not aware of any consultations that have taken place with other accountants.
Cooperation of Management	We received full cooperation of management and other personnel during our audit and we had full and unrestricted access to all records and personnel required to complete our audit. We encountered no significant difficulties during our audit that should be brought to the attention of the Audit and Accountability Committee.

Appendix B

Draft independent auditor's report and draft financial statements



Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

DRAFT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation (the "Corporation"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the statements of operations, change in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as at December 31, 2023, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Corporation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the 2023 Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statementss does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

The 2023 Annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date to auditor's report. If, based on the work we will perform on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Corporation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Corporation's financial reporting process.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at December 31, 2022)

		2023		2022
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	493,395	\$	2,128,513
Accounts receivable		73,541		18,451
Prepaid expenses		9,085		4,811
Inventory (Note 3)		615,780		1,462,108
Deposits on units (Note 4)		-		386,272
Other deposits		11,811		11,811
Equity receivables (Note 5)		5,133,723		5,364,407
Land and site development costs (Note 7)		1,779,249		4,637,586
Projects under development and construction (Note 6)		-		396,883
Rental properties (Note 7)		5,313,244		<u> </u>
Tangible capital assets (Note 8)	-	2,249	M_{II}	4,720
	A.F	V 0889	_	
Total assets	\$	13,432,077	\$_	14,415,562
LIABILITIES		18 L		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	556,146	\$	704,671
Provision to complete construction		Mice -		427,934
Credit facilities (Note 9)		694,240		-
Mortgages payable (Note 10)		3,278,804		3,278,804
Customer deposits Deferred rent expense		4,615		64,000
Deferred rent expense		-		12,654
Unearned revenue		329,900	_	640,000
Total liabilities	_	4,863,705		5,128,063
NET ASSETS				
Share capital (Note 13)		1		1
Operating reserve (Note 14)		1,000,000		1,000,000
Unrestricted surplus (Note 14)		7,568,371		8,287,498
Total net assets		8,568,372		9,287,499
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ _	13,432,077	\$_	14,415,562

Contractual obligations (Note 15)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

On behalf of the Board

(signed) "John Kozole", Director

(signed) "Mavin Gill", Director

Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives for the year ended December 31, 2022)

	2023	2022
Sales	\$ 4,556,779	\$ 19,729,501
Cost of sales	4,263,664	18,300,778
Gross margin (Note 12)	293,115	1,428,723
Other income	4,373	20,292
	297,488	1,449,015
EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits (Note 11)	1,136,033	1,080,131
Professional fees	138,205	118,536
Marketing and sales	171,618	226,119
Occupancy expenses	82,244	85,081
General and administrative	73,659	73,638
Inventory carrying costs	236,289	96,201
Interest expense	41,384	51,000
	1,879,432	1,730,706
DEFICIENCY BEFORE THE FOLLOWING:	(1,581,944)	(281,691)
Amortization of tangible capital assets (Note 8)	2,471	4,655
Unrealized gain on equity receivables (Note 5)	(190,655)	-
Realized gain on equity receivables (Note 5)	(674,633)	(258,904)
401 Par 108		(2-1-1-)
	(862,817)	(254,249)
OPERATING DEFICIENCY	\$ (719,127)	\$ (27,442)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

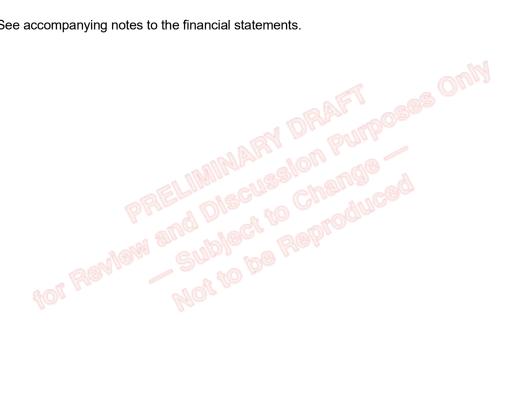
Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives for the year ended December 31, 2022)

		2023	2022
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	9,287,499	\$ 9,314,941
OPERATING DEFICIENCY		(719,127)	 (27,442)
NET ASSETS, ENDING OF YEAR	\$ <u> </u>	8,568,372	\$ 9,287,499

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.



Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives for the year ended December 31, 2022)

		2023	2022
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN):			
OPERATING			
-1 5	\$	(719,127)	\$ (27,442)
Non-cash and non-operating items:		0.474	4.655
Amortization of tangible capital assets	-	<u>2,471</u>	4,655
	_	<u>(716,656)</u>	(22,787)
Non-cash working capital and other operating balances:			
Accounts receivable		(55,090)	(493)
Prepaid expenses		(4,274)	(843)
Deposits on units		386,272	(220,568)
Inventory		846,328	1,969,101
Equity receivables		230,684	95,142
Land and site development costs		1 6 ^Q	2,129
Projects under development and construction		396,883	4,121,247
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(148,525)	(33,719)
Provision to complete construction		(427,934)	351,934
Customer deposits		(59,386)	(117,440)
Deferred rent expense Unearned revenue		(12,654) (310,100)	(8,171) 639,218
Official feverine	944	(310,100)	039,210
	0	842,204	6,797,537
Cash provided by operating activities	_	125,548	6,774,750
FINANCING TRANSACTIONS			
Proceeds from credit facilities		4,298,912	16,448,365
Repayment of credit facilities	_	(3,604,672)	(21,792,995)
Cash (used in) provided by financing activities	_	694,240	(5,344,630)
INVESTING TRANSACTION			
Capital expenditures on rental property	_	(2,454,906)	_
Cash (used in) investing activities	_	(2,454,906)	
Increase (decrease) in cash, during the year		(1,635,118)	1,430,120
Cash, beginning of year		2,128,513	698,393
	\$	493,395	\$ 2,128,513

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

1. Nature of the business

Nature of business

Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation (the "Corporation" or "AHC"), a private not-for-profit corporation, is wholly-owned by The City of Calgary (the "City") and was incorporated November 27, 2009 under the Business Corporations Act of the Province of Alberta. AHC's mandate is to create non-market affordable housing on development-ready land on behalf of the City of Calgary and its citizens. The Corporation provides moderate-income Calgarians an opportunity for home ownership and to access purpose-built rental housing. The Corporation is exempt from tax under the *Canada Income Tax Act*.

2. Significant accounting policies

a) Basis of presentation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations, including the 4200 series of standards, as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAS for Government NPOs").

b) Revenue recognition

Revenue from the sale of housing units and land is recognized upon the transfer of title and when collectability is reasonably assured. Amounts received from customers that have not met the revenue recognition criteria are included in customer deposits and unearned revenue.

Other income includes application fees, interest income, customer deposits retained from rescinded purchase transactions, rental income earned from the rental of completed inventory units and administration fees related to the facilitation of sales of housing units not held by the Corporation but sold to individuals that qualify for the Corporation's housing program.

Revenue from application fees is recognized upon the customer paying a non-refundable fee in order to hold the unit selected. Customer deposits retained from rescinded purchase transactions are recognized when a client cancels the transaction after the 10-day rescission period has passed and the waivers have been signed by the client and the Corporation. Rental income is recognized over the term of the lease, when the amount is fixed or determinable and the collectability is reasonably assured. Administration fees are recognized when a firm deal on a housing unit is signed and possession date has been set, the amount can be reasonably estimated, and collection is reasonably assured.

c) Inventory

The cost of inventory consists of purchase costs of housing units and other costs incurred in preparing the units to be ready for sale, as well as costs transferred from projects under development and construction (Note 2(g)) as buildings are completed. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value, with cost being determined using specific identification. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less any estimated costs needed to sell the units.

Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

d) Rental Properties

Rental properties consist of residential property being constructed to earn rental income. Rental properties are initially measured at cost. Cost includes all amounts relating to the acquisition and improvement of the properties. All costs associated with construction, upgrading, and extending the economic life of land and buildings, other than ordinary repairs and maintenance, are capitalized to the rental property until construction is complete, and the property is ready for its intended use as a rental property. Subsequent to initial recognition, rental properties are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of buildings is calculated using the straight-line method with reference to each property's cost, the estimated useful life of the building, its components and residual value.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually and adjusted as required.

Rental property is derecognized when it has been disposed of or permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of investment property are recognized in the statement of operations in the year of retirement or disposal.

Gains or losses on the disposal of rental property are determined as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying value of the asset on the date the transaction occurred.

Rental properties are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may exceed its fair value. Impairment is assessed by comparing the carrying amount to its fair value. When the carrying amount exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss is recognized in the amount equal to the excess. An impairment loss is not reversed if the fair value subsequently increases.

e) Equity receivables

Equity receivables are recognized by the Corporation on the date the Corporation assumes the risks associated with and acquires the right to receive repayment of principal plus any shared appreciation, in accordance with the terms of the equity loan agreement (Note 5) and when the amount of the loan can be reliably measured. This normally coincides with the disbursement of funds and sale of a housing unit.

Equity receivables are initially reported at cost. Valuation allowances are used to reflect the equity receivable at the lower of cost and net recoverable value. Net recoverable value is the amount determined by management to be the amount of loan receivable that will ultimately be collected. Valuation allowances are determined using the best estimates available in light of past events, current conditions and taking into account all circumstances known at each financial reporting date. Subsequent to initial recognition, valuation allowances are recognized as unrealized losses on the statement of operations. If it is determined that the net recoverable value has subsequently increased, equity receivables can be written back up to their original cost and this reversal of a previously recorded allowance is offset against unrealized losses on the statement of operations in the period that the reversal takes place. Gains or losses are realized in the statement of operations in the period in which the equity receivables are settled.

Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

f) Land and site development costs

Land and site development costs are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value, with cost being determined using specific identification. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less any costs necessary to sell the land.

Land will be used for the construction and development of housing units and is recorded at the fair market value of the land at time of acquisition.

Site development costs consist of the capitalized expenditures related to the construction and development of land. Any incidental revenues related to the land inventory have been netted against the site development costs.

g) Projects under development and construction

Projects under development and construction are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value, with cost being determined using specific identification. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less any costs necessary to sell the project under development and construction.

Costs capitalized to projects under development and construction include all direct costs relating to the project's carrying costs including interest on debt used to finance project acquisitions, insurance, property taxes and land acquisition costs. Corporate administration overhead is not capitalized.

The costs of the properties are allocated to each building using specific identification and further to each unit of a project based on projected revenues in the building. The cost of a unit is allocated using the net yield method on the basis of the estimated total cost of the project prorated by the anticipated selling price of the unit over the anticipated selling price of the entire project.

As buildings within the project are complete, the construction costs specific to the building as well as a portion of land costs, which are allocated on a pro-rata basis, and estimated completion costs are transferred to inventory. The total estimated costs relating to the sold unit is recorded as a liability once the unit has sold. The unexpended portion of the total estimated costs is shown as a provision to complete construction in the statement of financial position. Whenever the estimate is determined to be materially different from the actual costs incurred or expected to be incurred, an adjustment is made to the provision with a corresponding adjustment to the cost of sales and inventory. Independent contractors and management calculate these estimates, however, until the building is completed, these costs are subject to measurement uncertainty.

Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

h) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at historical cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

	Years
Computers	5
Office equipment and furniture	5
Leasehold improvements	3

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and one-half in the year of disposal.

When conditions indicate that a tangible capital asset no longer contributes to the Corporation's ability to provide goods and services, or that the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital asset is less than its net book value, the cost of the tangible capital asset, is reduced to reflect the decline in the asset's value. The net writedown of tangible capital assets is included in the statement of operations and is not reversed.

i) Financial instruments and fair values

All the Corporation's financial instruments have been measured at cost or amortized cost.

i) Use of estimates

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant estimates include valuation of inventory, land and site development costs, allowance for doubtful equity receivables and provision to complete construction. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

3. Inventory

Inventory consists entirely of housing units held for re-sale. The movement in inventory during the year consists of the following:

	2023			2022
	Units	\$	Units	\$
Balance, beginning of year	6	1,462,108	13	3,431,209
Purchases	14	3,417,336	20	5,158,323
Transfers from projects under development	-	_	50	11,173,354
Inventory sold	(18)	(4,263,664)	(77)	(18,300,778)
Balance, end of year	2	615,780	6	1,462,108
•		- 10	~(B)(S)	

4. Deposits on units

The movement in deposits on units during the year consists of the following:

	Duc	2023		2022
	Units	\$ ROP" \$	Units	\$
Balance, beginning of year		386,272	13	165,704
Additions	3	866,511	18	170,500
Addition (without land title)	-	-	1	275,000
Possessions	(12)	(702,677)	(18)	(204,932)
Brought into inventory	(2)	(550,106)	(3)	(20,000)
Balance, end of year	-	-	11	386,272

During the year, the Corporation has paid \$866,511 (2022 - \$170,500) in non-refundable deposits for 3 (2022 - 18) housing units. As at December 31, 2023, the Corporation also paid \$nil (2022 - \$275,000) for nil units (2022 - 1 unit) that has not received the land title. During the year, the Corporation has taken possession of 1 of the units (2022 - 5 units) included in the purchase agreements and 11 units (2022 - 13 units) included in the beginning balance, reducing the deposit balance by \$702,677 (2022 - \$204,932). During the year ended December 31, 2023, Purchase Agreements were signed to acquire 2 units (2022 - 3 units). A non-refundable deposit of \$550,106 was paid. As at December 31, 2023, all 2 of the units (2022 - \$20,000). The balance at the end of the year is \$nil (2022 - \$386,272).

As at December 31, 2023, the 11 units (2022 – 13 units) included in the beginning balance were sold through the program, reducing the deposit balance by \$386,272 (2022 - \$165,704).

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

5. Equity receivables

Equity receivables comprise amounts that customers owe the Corporation for the purchase of housing units through participation in the Corporation's housing programs. The amount recorded is approximately 5% of the original sales value of each unit and is stipulated in each equity loan contract signed by the Corporation and the customer.

For agreements entered into prior to April 1, 2018, at such time that the customer sells or refinances their unit, they are obligated to pay the greater of the predetermined minimum repayment amount or a shared participation amount. The shared participation amount is calculated as a percentage of the appraised current market value less the customer's deposit and secured first mortgage.

For agreements entered into after April 1, 2018, at such time that the customer sells or refinances their unit, they are obligated to pay the predetermined minimum repayment amount plus a shared participation amount. The shared participation amount is calculated as a percentage of the appraised current market value less the customer's deposit and secured first mortgage and equity loan receivable.

The length of ownership of the unit by the customer is calculated as the period between the closing date and the disposition date. The number of years the customer owns the property dictates the percentage used in the shared participation calculation as follows:

For agreements entered into prior to April 1, 2018:

Cantain Suplect Babics	% of the shared participation due to the
Length of ownership of the unit by the customer	Corporation
From the closing date to the first anniversary of the closing date	100%
From the first anniversary to the second anniversary of the closing date	75%
From the second anniversary to the third anniversary of the closing date	50%
From the third anniversary until the disposition of the unit	25%
For agreements entered into subsequent to April 1, 2018: Length of ownership of the unit by the customer	% of the shared participation due to the Corporation
From the closing date to the first anniversary of the closing date	100%
,	
From the first anniversary to the third anniversary of the closing date	75%
From the first anniversary to the third anniversary of the closing date From the third anniversary to the fifth anniversary of the closing date	75% 50%
•	_

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

5. Equity receivables (continued)

Equity receivables consist of the following:

	2023	. —	2022
Face value of equity receivable, beginning of year Add: Value of loans in the year Less: Value of loans settled in the year	\$ 7,664,536 116,251 (851,164)		8,232,305 628,881 (1,196,650)
Face value of equity receivable, end of year	6,929,623		7,664,536
Net recoverable allowance, beginning of year Less: decrease in foreclosure allowance Less: Net recoverable allowance on loans settled in the year	2,300,129 (190,655) (313,574)		2,772,756
Net recoverable allowance, end of year	1,795,900		2,300,129
Equity receivable, net, end of year	\$ 5,133,723	\$	5,364,407

During the year ended December 31, 2023, \$851,164 (2022 - \$1,196,650) of gross equity receivables, net of previously recorded allowances of \$313,574 (2022 - \$472,627) were settled for cash proceeds of \$1,212,223 (2022 - \$982,927) resulting in a realized gain of \$674,633 (2022 - \$258,904) which has been included in the statement of operations.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Corporation has decreased the foreclosure allowance by \$190,655 (2022 - \$nil). No other additional allowances were recorded or reversed as it was determined that the carrying value of all equity receivables reflected their net recoverable amount.

The Corporation holds encumbrances and security over the property to which the equity receivable relates.

6. Projects under development and construction

Projects under development and construction consisted of land and development costs on two multi-family projects in Calgary of which one was completed during 2022. The Corporation changed their plans for the second project and have decided to develop the second project as a purpose-built rental apartment building and has transferred the costs to rental properties on the statement of financial position.

	2023	2022
Opening balance	\$ 396,883	\$ 4,518,130
Cost incurred:		
Project costs	-	7,052,107
Transfers to inventory	-	(11,173,354)
Transfers to rental property	(396,883)	<u>-</u>
Closing balance	<u> </u>	\$ 396,883

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

7. Rental properties

		Dece	mber 31, 2023
	Cost \$	Accumulated Amortization \$	Net Book Value \$
Land	2,874,769	•	2,874,769
Property under construction	2,438,475	=	2,438,475
Total rental properties	5,313,244	-	5,313,244

As a result of the Corporation's change in plans for their Perpetually Affordable Housing Project, the Corporation has transferred \$396,883 of costs from Projects under development and construction and \$2,858,337 from Land and site development costs to Rental properties to reflect the change in the intended use for the land.

8. Tangible capital assets

<u>"I</u> Man	ALC SON	Decer	mber 31, 2023
PRELING DI	Cost \$	Accumulated Amortization \$	Net Book Value \$
Computers	29,543	27,294	2,249
Office equipment and furniture	15,452	15,452	-
Leasehold improvements	9,197	9,197	-
Total tangible capital assets	54,192	51,943	2,249

		Decei	mber 31, 2022
	Cost \$	Accumulated Amortization \$	Net Book Value \$
Computers	29,543	25,170	4,373
Office equipment and furniture	15,452	15,105	347
Leasehold improvements	9,197	9,197	-
Total tangible capital assets	54,192	49,472	4,720

Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

9. Credit facilities

a) Revolving operating facility

During the year, the Corporation entered into a new agreement that replaced a previous facility with the same financial institution. The Corporation has available a \$10 million revolving operating credit facility that is due on June 30, 2026. The credit facility is available by way of prime-based loans, guaranteed notes and up to \$975,000 of letters of credit.

Interest is payable monthly at an annual rate of prime less 0.75%. As at December 31, 2023 the Corporation had \$1,049,040 (2022 - \$111,393) outstanding on the credit facility, comprised of \$694,240 (2022 - \$nil) outstanding on the revolving credit facility, and one (2022 – two) letters of credit of \$354,800 (2022 - \$111,393) in favour of The City of Calgary that expires on July 20, 2024 and renews automatically on expiry.

Borrowings under this credit facility are secured by a general security agreement. In addition, The City of Calgary has provided a continuing \$10 million guarantee in exchange for first ranking fixed charge on all the Corporation's present and after acquired property.

b) Evergreen facility

During the year, the Corporation entered into a new agreement that replaced a previous facility with the same lender, for a \$10 million evergreen loan facility. The facility is non-revolving, and amounts repaid may be reborrowed at the lender's sole discretion.

The evergreen facility is payable in full on demand by the lender and is to be used for purchase of completed units from various housing projects and developments in The City of Calgary. Advances under this facility will be determined by the lender. The lender will finance the amount up to 75% of the purchase price of the eligible units (as defined by the agreement) with a minimum advance of \$500,000 and maximum advance of \$2,500,000. There are no amounts outstanding on the Evergreen facility as at December 31, 2023 (2022 - \$nil). Interest is payable monthly at an annual rate of prime plus 0.35%.

A mandatory repayment of 100% of net sale proceeds of each unit is to be applied as a principal repayment under the facility. The balance of all amounts owing under each advance are payable by the end of twelve months from the date of such advance.

Borrowings under this facility are secured by a \$10 million first fixed charge over all eligible units as defined by the agreement financed under this facility. The City of Calgary subordinates and postpones security interest (see Note 10) as it relates to any eligible units financed under this facility. The book value of the assets secured under this facility is \$nil (2022 - \$nil).

The Corporation is required to maintain a total debt-to-equity ratio of less than 2.50:1 relating to this facility. At December 31, 2023, the Corporation is in compliance with this covenant.

Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

9. Credit facilities (continued)

c) Non-revolving demand loan facility

During the year, the Corporation entered into a new agreement for a non-revolving demand loan with the same financial institution. The facility is to assist with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation insured construction of a 6-storey, 70-unit rental apartment building. The maximum amount available under the facility will not exceed the lesser amount of (i) \$22,967,375, and (ii) 86% of the eligible project costs associated with the project lands.

The advance is available by way of progress draws but not more than one per month. Advances under this facility will be determined by the lesser of (i) eligible project costs associated with the project lands incurred less the borrower's equity requirement for such project, less any holdbacks and any other payables that will not be paid by the advance requested, and (ii) the loan amount remaining to advance for this facility, less the eligible project costs associated with the project lands remaining to be completed, less any holdbacks and any other payables that will not be paid by the advance requested.

Interest is payable monthly at an annual rate of prime less 0.75%. The facility is payable in full on demand by the lender but no later than the earlier of July 4, 2025 and 6 months after substantial completion of the project. There are no amounts outstanding on the non-revolving demand loan facility as at December 31, 2023.

Borrowings under this facility are secured by site specific security agreement from borrower providing a first security priority interest. Mortgage from borrower in the amount of \$22,967,375 constitutes a first fixed charge on the project lands, subject to permitted encumbrances. The book value of the assets secured under this facility is \$5,313,244 as at December 31, 2023.

10. Mortgages payable

The Corporation and The City entered into a Mortgage and a purchase and sale agreement on April 7, 2011, whereby the Corporation received the deemed principal sum of \$5,188,312 by advancement of the transfer of four parcels of land (the "Lands") by The City to the Corporation. On August 3, 2023, the agreement was amended so that the maturity date of the Mortgage was extended to the earlier of (i) August 3, 2026, (ii) in the event the Corporation sells any parcel of land, then that portion of the principal sum allocated to the sold parcel as outlined in the Mortgage agreement is repayable on the date on which the Corporation receives the net proceeds of the sale or (iii) in the event the Corporation sells the Lands in a single transaction, then on the date the Corporation receives the net proceeds of the sale. The balance owing on the mortgage is \$3,278,804 as at December 31, 2023 (2022 - \$3,278,804). The book value of the properties secured by the mortgage is \$4,654,017 (2022 - \$4,637,586). There is no interest on the principal sum provided the Corporation is not in default of any obligations under the Mortgage. Should the Corporation be in default, the mortgage becomes immediately due and payable, and interest will begin to be charged at a rate that is the floating annual prime rate as established by the Royal Bank of Canada and is payable on the outstanding principal sum from the date of event of default to the maturity date.

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

10. Mortgages payable (continued)

The Corporation is required to maintain a total debt ratio of no greater than 3:1, calculated annually. At December 31, 2023, the Corporation is in compliance with this covenant.

11. Pension plan

The Corporation provides a contributory pension plan for qualifying employees through participation in the Local Authorities Pension Plan ("LAPP"). LAPP is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan offered to various unrelated employers throughout Alberta. The responsibility for high level strategic guidance of the pension plan is held by the LAPP Board of Directors. The pension plan is administered by the Board of Trustees who sets contribution rates and investment policy. The plan provides a defined benefit pension based on the employee's earnings and length of service.

The most recent actuarial report of the plan discloses a funding surplus. LAPP is not able to provide information which reflects AHC's specific share of the defined benefit obligation or plan assets that would enable the Corporation to account for the plan as a defined benefit plan. Therefore, the Corporation has accounted for its participation in the plan using defined contribution accounting.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the expense funded and recognized by the Corporation was \$92,244 (2022 - \$89,795), which has been included in salaries and benefits on the statement of operations.

12. Gross margin

Gross margin consists of the following:

			2023	2022
	Developed Inventory \$	Purchased Inventory \$	Total \$	Total
Sales	314,884	4,241,895	4,556,779	19,729,501
Cost of sales	293,726	3,969,938	4,263,664	18,300,778
Gross Margin Gross Margin %	21,158	271,957	293,115	1,428,723
Cross Margin 70			6.43%	7.24%

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

13. Share capital

The Corporation is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares. The shares can be issued only to The City, its agent or successor and are not otherwise transferable. As at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 one share was issued and outstanding.

14. Accumulated operating surplus

Accumulated operating surplus consists of:

	2023	2022
Operating reserve	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000
Unrestricted surplus	7,568,371	8,287,498
	\$ 8,568,371	\$ 9,287,498

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved a transfer of \$1,000,000 to the operating reserve. The Corporation funded 50% of the reserve in 2016, which is kept in a separate bank account. The remaining reserve will be funded through future operating surpluses.

15. Contractual obligations

At December 31, 2023, the Corporation has the following contractual obligations:

a) During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Corporation has renewed its lease agreement for another 5 years, with a lease commitment for its office that ends on December 31, 2028, as follows:

2024	\$ 8,912
2025	17,824
2026	22,280
2027	22,280
2028	 26,736
	\$ 98,032

Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (with comparatives as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022)

16. Financial instruments

Financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivables, other deposits, equity receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, credit facilities, mortgages payable and customer deposits.

a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Corporation is exposed to interest rate cash flow risk to the extent that credit facilities bear interest at floating interest rates. Interest rate risk is limited for mortgages payable as interest is only payable in the event of default.

b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party's financial instruments will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The financial instruments that potentially subject the Corporation to a significant concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash, accounts receivable, equity receivable and other deposits.

The Corporation mitigates its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash with major financial institutions and in lawyers' trust accounts. Accounts receivable primarily relates to refundable deposits due from the Corporation's landlord. Credit risk associated with equity receivables are mitigated by encumbrances and security over the property to which they relate.

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Corporation's financial liabilities consist of accounts payable, credit facilities, mortgages payable and customer deposits. As at December 31, 2023, the Corporation has available \$8,950,960 relating to its revolving operating facility, \$10,000,000 relating to its evergreen facility, and \$22,967,375 relating to its non-recurring demand loan facility. (Note 9).

Appendix C

Draft management representation letter

Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation

610, 940 - 6th Avenue SW Calgary, Alberta T2P 3T1

March 20, 2024

RSM Canada LLP Chartered Professional Accountants 112 4th Avenue SW Suite 2200 Calgary, Alberta T2P 0H3

Dear Sirs:

We are providing this letter in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation (the "Corporation") as at December 31, 2023 and for the year then ended, for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of Attainable Homes Calgary Corporation in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

We acknowledge that we are responsible for the fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for the design and implementation of internal control to prevent and detect fraud and error. We have assessed the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud, and have determined such risk to be low. Further, we acknowledge that your examination was planned and conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards so as to enable you to express an opinion on the financial statements. We understand that while your work includes an examination of the accounting system, internal control and related data to the extent you considered necessary in the circumstances, it is not designed to identify, nor can it necessarily be expected to disclose fraud, shortages, errors and other irregularities, should any exist.

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. An item is considered material, regardless of its monetary value, if it is probable that its omission from or misstatement in the financial statements would influence the decision of a reasonable person relying on the financial statements.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as of March 20, 2024, the following representations were made to you during your audit.

Financial statements

- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated December 4, 2023, for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards; in particular, the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance therewith.
- 2. The Corporation's significant accounting policies are disclosed in the financial statements and:
 - (a) there have been no changes in the Corporation's accounting policies.
 - (b) the accounting policies selected and applied are appropriate in the circumstances.
 - (c) significant assumptions used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 3. Significant matters have not arisen that would require a restatement of the comparative financial statements.

Completeness of information

- 4. We have provided you with:
 - access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements, such as records, documentation and other matters;
 - additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of this audit;
 - unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence; and
 - all minutes of the meetings of shareholders, directors and committees of directors, or summaries of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared.
- 5. The minute books of the Corporation are a complete record of all meetings and resolutions of the Corporation throughout the years and to the present date.
- 6. All transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 7. We are unaware of any known or probable instances of non-compliance with the requirements of regulatory agencies, applicable securities commissions or governmental authorities, including their financial reporting requirements.
- 8. We are unaware of any instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws or regulations the effects of which should be considered when preparing financial statements.
- 9. We have identified to you all known related parties and all known related party relationships and transactions, including guarantees, non-monetary transactions and transactions for no consideration.
- 10. We have communicated to you all deficiencies in internal control of which management is aware.
- 11. We have informed you of all the documents that we expect to issue that may comprise other information. We intend to prepare and issue additional other information subsequent to the date of your report which includes the 2023 Annual Report expected to be issued on June 2024. With regard to this additional other information that has not been provided to you prior to the date of your report, we will provide you with this other information when available and prior to its issuance by us, such that you can complete the required procedures.

Fraud and error

- 12. We have no knowledge of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the Corporation involving management; employees who have significant roles in internal control; or others, where the fraud could have a non-trivial effect on the financial statements.
- 13. We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the Corporation's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.
- 14. We believe there were no non-trivial uncorrected financial statement misstatements aggregated by you during the year, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Recognition, measurement and disclosure

- 15. We believe that the significant assumptions used in arriving at the fair values of financial instruments as measured and disclosed in the financial statements are reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances.
- 16. We have no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements.

- 17. All related party relationships and transactions have been appropriately measured and disclosed in the financial statements.
- 18. We are not aware of any environmental laws or regulations that impact our Corporation.
- 19. The nature of all material measurement uncertainties has been appropriately disclosed in the financial statements, including all estimates where it is reasonably possible that the estimate will change in the near term and the effect of the change could be material to the financial statements.
- 20. We have informed you of all outstanding and possible litigation and claims, whether or not they have been discussed with legal counsel. Any such items have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.
- 21. We confirm that there are no derivative or off-balance sheet financial instruments held at the year then ended.
- 22. We confirm that we have made the appropriate determination, accounting and disclosure in the financial statements of the costs, assets and obligations associated with employee future benefits.
- 23. All liabilities, both actual and contingent, including those associated with guarantees, whether written or oral, have been disclosed to you and are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.
- 24. The Corporation has satisfactory title to, or control over, all assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on the Corporation's assets or assets pledged as collateral that are not disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- 25. We have disclosed to you, and the Corporation has complied with, all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance, including all covenants, conditions or other requirements of all outstanding debt.
- 26. We confirm the appropriateness of accounting policies and the application thereof for complex areas of accounting and areas involving management's judgment and estimates, for example:
 - estimates relating to the valuation of inventory;
 - estimates relating to the valuation of land and site development costs
 - the initial set up of inventory, including all costs and estimates for both internal and external sources used in calculating the total development and construction cost of projects under development and construction;
 - estimates relating to the valuation of projects under development and construction;
 - estimates relating to the occurrence of revenue;
 - estimates relating to the initial measurement of equity receivables;
 - · estimates relating to the valuation and collection of equity receivables; and
 - · the completeness of accounts payable and accrued liabilities;
- 27. There have been no events subsequent to the statement of financial position date up to the date hereof that would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements other than that disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Further, there have been no events subsequent to the date of the comparative financial statements that would require adjustment of those financial statements and the related notes.

we agree with the terms as set out.

Yours very truly,

Jaydan Tait, President & CEO

The terms of your engagement, as set out in your letter to us dated December 4, 2023, are still in effect and

28.

/

Jaycee Ho, Director of Finance

FRELIMINARY DRAFT
Purposes Only

PRELIMINARY DRAFT
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Appendix D

2023 NPO industry trends and topics

Below is a summary of what we are hearing and seeing in the nonprofit industry:

below is a summary of	what we are nearing and seeing in the nonprolit	. mat	ustry.
Trend/ hot topic	Description		Suggested reading/webcasts
Data management and digital transformation	nd digital technologies to serve their stakeholders	•	Workday adaptive planning transforms nonprofits budgeting an forecasting
transformation	more effectively. This includes customer relationship management (CRM), donor		https://tinyurl.com/55nca2uk
	management, member systems, dashboarding and measurement of key performance indicators (KPIs).	•	Effective utilization of generative AI on third-party management programs
			https://tinyurl.com/357rutfv
		•	Where to start: Frequently asked questions about generative AI
			https://tinyurl.com/3u5cwj52
		•	6 common mistakes companies make when selecting a managed security services provider
			https://tinyurl.com/2p8nujxn
		•	Transforming the IT Leadership Role
			https://tinyurl.com/yuk7as3u
		•	Government services companies focus on new ideas
			https://tinyurl.com/3n5ac4b4
		•	CHP Energy Solutions' digital transformation is on a mission
			https://tinyurl.com/ypebwxdb
		•	5 signs your nonprofit needs to update its business processes
			https://tinyurl.com/34rpa9uh
Donor/Member engagement	With an economic slowdown, it is imperative that nonprofits maintain close connections	•	A guide for associations to weather economic downturns
	with their donors, members or volunteers. The relationship with the		https://tinyurl.com/nb2vv4md
donor/member/volunteer has changed post pandemic and organizations need to relook at their engagement models to ensure they	•	Enhancing constituent experience with identity management	
	are bringing the right value and experience to their stakeholders.		https://tinyurl.com/yztetbrd

Appendix D

2023 NPO industry trends and topics (cont'd)

Trend/ hot topic	Description	Suggested reading/webcasts
Human capital	Organizations are rethinking how to protect their most valuable asset—people. Employee attraction and retention is a key focus to navigate through the upcoming years given staffing shortages and increased compensation demands. Organizations are looking to new staffing models, outsourcing or the gig economy.	 Establishing a human governance framework for artificial intelligence https://tinyurl.com/22bf99zz The battle for retention: What do workers want? https://tinyurl.com/5dz7h2yr A total rewards approach to executive compensation https://tinyurl.com/muxbc2n2 5 ways nonprofits can stay agile https://tinyurl.com/ypyraavb Why organizations should take a strategic approach to human capital management https://tinyurl.com/5n883wtn
Cyber risk/security	Organizations face large reputation and financial risk in the event of a cyber security breach. Cloud-based technologies pose different challenges than before, and the technical sophistication is not a skillset seen in a lot of nonprofit organizations. We are seeing more organizations elevate the risk assessment and potential impact of cyberrelated matters in their annual risk assessments. Organizations are also developing response plans for the day the incident happens.	 5 Steps for safeguarding your business against cyberattacks https://tinyurl.com/2s3ndfky For boards, the best cybersecurity defense is a good offense https://tinyurl.com/pmpa9kbj Why cyber risk is still a main responsibility for board members https://tinyurl.com/mtwrhsz7

Appendix D

2023 NPO industry trends and topics (cont'd)

Trend/ hot topic	Description	Suggested reading/webcasts
Inflation	Nonprofits are faced with significant cost increases and a lack of ability to increase funding, all while dealing with stakeholders who also are responding to increased costs. Nonprofits will need to rethink budgets, plan for salary increases to retain employees and prioritize spending.	 Forced to do more with less – The impact of inflation on charities and nonprofits (Imagine Canada) https://tinyurl.com/43vdswx7 Bank of Canada not expected to cut rates before Q2 2024, new report finds https://tinyurl.com/yc6t8f3y Increasing a nonprofit's impact through operational efficiency https://tinyurl.com/mrx4z4k6
Tax/CRA compliance	Under Bill C-32, which received Royal Assent on December 15, 2022, certain trusts will be required to provide additional beneficial ownership information on an annual basis. As a result, these trusts will be required to file an annual T3 return even where one is not currently required. Trusts that currently file a T3 return will be required to complete a new schedule, the T3 Schedule 15 Beneficial ownership of a trust. This will apply to taxation years ending on or after December 31, 2023.	https://tinyurl.com/47cffxkh

Other resources that could be of interest to you:

- The Real Economy https://tinyurl.com/mwv332py
- Ontario Nonprofit Network (ONN) 2023 State of the Sector Report https://tinyurl.com/252txt5k

rsmcanada.com

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