USER FEES & SUBSIDIES APPROVAL FOR ACTION PLAN

This attachment consists of three sections, 2A, B and C related to the approva as part of Action Plan 2015-2018.	of user fees and subsidies PY RECEIVED IN COUNCIL CHAMBER
2A. Overview of the User Fees and Subsidies Policy and Process	MAY 0 5 2014
1. Summary	ITEM. 12014-0401
1. Summary This attachment provides an overview of the User Fees and Subsidies policy a basis for the business unit recovery rates proposed in Attachments 2B	and process, and is the
basis for the business unit recovery rates proposed in Attachments 2B.	CNTY CLERK'S DEPARTMENT
2. The Need for a User Fees and Subsidies Policy	
The acting of upon face is a low public policy decision that touches an issues	of amulti and alibility

The setting of user fees is a key public policy decision that touches on issues of equity, accessibility, accountability and financial sustainability. At the heart of any policy or user fees and subsidies are questions of how and by whom public services should be funded, and how user fees and subsidies can be used to promote public policy goals. Increasing user fees purely for the purpose of increasing overall revenue is contrary to the User Fees and Subsidies Policy.

User fees and subsidies are policy tools that can:

- Help governments communicate to the public the cost of providing certain services. This, in turn, helps citizens and other consumers make more informed decisions about services they use. In this way, user fees provide a method for allocating scarce public resources.
- Help governments achieve policy goals and strategies by encouraging or discouraging the use of certain services. In cases where a government wishes to promote use of a service (public transit is a frequently-cited example), a government may encourage use by making the service affordable through higher general subsidy levels and ower fees. Alternatively, a municipality may wish to discourage or limit use of services (for example, temporary road closures) by charging higher fees, with little or no subsidy.
- Provide funding for certain public services where demand is significant and funding for growth is constrained. User fees, applied with the previous points in mind, may provide the additional resources required to respond to increased demand.

In late 2005, Council made it a priority (CP3.11) to review and update the existing User Fee policy. This direction was taken in recognition that the previous policy, while sound in theory, was not being applied consistently. As well, while the previous policy recognized the importance of societal benefits as the basis for determining subsidy levels, the issue of specifically *how* to assess societal benefits had never been completely addressed. Finally, changes in The City's planning and budgeting process, in some policy priorities, and in services offered, meant that the old policy required updating. This work resulted in a revised User Fees and Subsidies Policy (CF0010) being approved by Council on 2008 April 28 (FC\$2008-13).

3. The Revised User Fees and Subsidies Policy (CFO010)

There are six guiding principles that frame the policy. These principles provide a consistent approach for business units to determine user fees and align the process, rationale and information needed to support the recommended user fees. The six guiding principles are:

- Benefits principle individuals who receive benefits should pay for the level of value or benefit received.
- 2. **Cost recovery principle** the full cost of providing a good or service should be the starting point in calculating the appropriate user fee. *The cost recovery principle does not imply that all costs incurred need to be recovered through user fees; rather, it suggests that even if the full costs are not recovered through user fees, understanding the full costs should be the starting point in setting the*

appropriate user fee. Thereafter, explicit decisions can be made, including decisions regarding the level of subsidization of the good.

- Public assets principle public assets have a value and The City must value and protect these assets.
- 4. Allocation of resources principle Given there are limited public resources available, user fees have value as a mechanism for allocating scarce resources.
- General tax-support subsidies principle when consumption of a good or service benefits society as a whole, all citizens should pay for the benefit.
- 6. **Tax-supported subsidies principle** where individuals do not have resources at an acceptable level to utilize a service. The City should provide a subsidy to provide the individual the choice to consume the service or product should they desire to do so.

There are four categories of services into which all goods or services are to be classified: non-tax supported; partially tax supported; licences, permits and approvals, and fully tax-supported.

The policy also outlines a general pricing methodology for considering the prices of all types of goods and services as well as specific considerations for the four categories

4. Integration of User Fee Approvals with Action Plan

On 2008 April 28 (FCS2008-13), Council directed Administration to fully integrate the process of bringing forward user fees for Council approval into the business planning and budgeting cycles. The approval process for user fees involves two steps:

- <u>Step 1</u>: Council approval of target recovery rates (shown in Column 4 of Attachment 2B). "Recovery rates" are the proportion of the business unit's full costs that are expected to be recovered through user fees. The current report represents this step in the process.
- <u>Step 2</u>: Council approval of specific rates and fees. This step will be implemented in November 2014, along with the deliberations of the proposed 2015-2018 Action Plan.



5. Considerations when Determining User Fee Recovery Rates & Fees

<u>Step 1:</u> In line with the User Fees and Subsidies Policy, business units consider the following three streams of analysis when determining the long term recovery rate for their user fees:



Full Costs

The full costs associated with providing the good or service includes the business unit direct and indirect operating costs, capital costs, as well as overhead costs. The allocation of overhead is for information only, as part of the full cost equation. No actual accounting entry is made. There are two types of overhead costs considered: department and corporate overhead costs.

The department overhead cost includes a portion of the net operating budget of the department's General Managerolus and department-wide expenditures distributed across the department's business units.

The corporate overhead cost is the portion of the net operating budget plus any capital costs of the corporate enabling services and corporate administration business units.

Consistent with the User Fees policy, business units are required to identify these full costs when determining recovery rates. These amounts are greater than the gross operating expenditures as shown in the budget documents because indirect and overhead costs are considered in this process.

Market Analysis Business units consider the market demand for their good or service, and understand the upper limit of revenues that can be achieved through user fees. This also allows them to understand their **maximum potential recovery rate**, ensuring that recommendations on their recovery rates are realistic and achievable (shown in Colume 6a of Attachment 2B).

Societal Benefits Assessment

This assessment provides an indicated range of the **general tax subsidy rate** that is justifiable and appropriate based on the nature and extent to which the public (society as a) whole) benefits from the consumption of the good or service. The assessment of societal benefits considers twelve policy goals in the area of environmental, social, economic and smart growth goals (shown in Column 6b of Attachment 2B). The twelve policy goals are:

- Reduce community greenhouse emissions, air pollutants, and energy consumption (environmental).
- Protect water resources (environmental).
- Ensure land stewardship & protection (environmental).
- Reduce waste to landfill (environmental).
- Provide accessibility/availability (social).
- Enable affordability (social).
- Promote accommodation/acceptability (social).
- Improve adequacy to meet need, suitability and safety (social).
- Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest (economic).
- · Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and

retaining businesses and helping them grow (economic).

- Encourage sustainable communities (smart growth).
- Reduce barriers to participation (smart growth).

<u>Step 2</u>: The results of the above analysis are used to arrive at a recommended recovery rate for the long term.



2B. Summary of Proposed Business Unit User Fee Recovery Rates & Deferrals

The following summarizes the proposed business unit long term recovery rates and deferral requests in three tables with the items shaded in blue for Council's approval:

- Table 1. Business units with proposed long-term recovery rates that have changed from what was previously-approved during the 2012-2014 Business Plans and Budgets. Council approval of the proposed long term recovery rates is sought (Column 4).
- Table 2. Business units that have requested to defer the setting of their recovery rates and fees this year for the reasons provided below. Council approval of the deferrals is sought.
- Table 3. Business units with proposed recovery rates that remain the same as what was previously approved during the 2012-2014 Business Plans and Budgets. This is provided for Council information only (Column 4).

For Tables 1 and 3, the following information is included:

- Column 1 Department/Business Unit the department and corresponding business unit user fee assessment.
- Column 2 Current Recovery Rate for 2014 the proportion of the business unit's full costs that are expected to be recovered through user fees for 2014. The full costs for 2014 is also shown in brackets and includes both direct and indirect operating costs of the user fee related goods, business unit and corporate overheads, as well as capital costs.
- Column 3 Previously-Approved Long Term Recovery Rate the previously-approved long term recovery rate for the next 10 years during the 2012-2014 Business Plans and Budgets.
- Column 4 **Proposed Long-Term Recovery Rate for Council Approval** (Column 4 of Table 1, shaded blue) the long term target business units are proposing based on an analysis of full costs for providing the good of service, and the societal benefits and maximum potential recovery rate assessments. The proposed recovery rate, while shown as an absolute percentage, may fall within a ±5% range.
- Column 5 Comparing the previously-approved (Column 3) vs. proposed (Column 4) long term recovery rates this column shows if the proposed long term recovery rate has increased or decreased from what was approved in the last cycle.

(6a) Assessment (Maximum Potential Recovery Rate) - indicates the recovery rate that consumers are likely willing to pay as determined through market potential revenue analysis (in some cases a high willingness to pay indicates a high degree of individual benefit from a service, which may warrant a higher recovery rate than the societal benefit assessment would otherwise suggest).

(6b) Assessment (Societal Benefits) - the assessment or determination of the degree to which a business unit program or service should be funded by society (i.e. through taxes).

<u>Note</u>: The recovery rates only reflect revenues and costs of user fee related goods and services as determined by business units. The costs of other goods and services provided by the business unit, which are considered fully tax-supported, are excluded.

Column_6



	PREVIOUSL	Y-APPROVED	FOR APPROVAL	SUPPORTIN	G INFORMATION FOR RECOVERY RATE	RPROPOSED
(1) Department & Business Unit	(2) Current Recovery Rate (%) for 2014 (Full Cost)	(3) Previously- Approved Long Term Recovery Rate (%) (C2011-77)	(4) Proposed Long Term Recovery Rate (%)	(5) Comparing (3) & (4) Long Term Recovery Rates (LTRR)	(6) Assessi (6a) Max Potential Recovery Rate (MPRR)	
CSPS Recreation (Golf Course operations)	83% (\$12.1M)	86%	80%	Proposed long term recovery rate is less than previously- approved rate.	80%	100% (Significant)
CSPS Fire (Business Licensing)	83% (\$2.2M)	NA (Previously- approved Fire recovery rate was 91% with business iccensing and permits inspections being in the same category type).	100%	NA	88%	25% (Limited)
CSPS Fire (Permits & Inspections)	17%	NA (Previously- approved Fire recovery rate was 91% with business licensing and permits & inspections being in the same category type).	100%	NA	20%	25% (Limited)

	PREVIOUSL	Y-APPROVED	FOR APPROVAL	SUPPORTIN	SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR PROPOSED RECOVERY RATE	
(1)	(2) Current	(3) Previously-	(4) Proposed	(5)	(6) Assessi	nents
Department & Business Unit	Recovery Rate (%) for 2014 (Full Cost)	Approved Long Term Recovery Rate (%) (C2011-77)	Long Term Recovery Rate (%)	Comparing (3) & (4) Long Term Recovery Rates (LTRR)	(6a) Max Potential Recovery Rate (MPRR)	(6b) Societal Benefits Assessment (SBAT)
Corporate Services Infrastructure & Information Services	161% (\$1.3M)	NA (Previously excluded in BPBC3 due to ongoing pricing strategy for data licensing and the pilot of Open Data/Public Data Catalogue projects.	150%	NA	559%	100% (Significant)
PDA Assessment	109% (\$46.0M)	NA (Previously excluded in BPBC3 due to minimal annual revenues from user fees, i.e. less than 1% of operating budget).	100%	NA	109%	25% (Limited)

The detailed Business Unit User Fee Recovery Rate (BUUFRR) forms for the above business units are included in Section 2C.

TABLE 2. Under Development - Business Units requesting a deferral of the setting of recovery ra	ates
pending outcomes of ongoing initiatives.	

The following five business units have requested deferring the setting of a long term recovery rate pending the results of ongoing pricing strategy review, organizational restructuring and the repeal of a bylaw:

PDA Development & Building Approvals	PDA expects to finalize the reorganization of DBA and LUPP into three (3) new role specific divisions which include Local Area Planning & Implementation, City Wide Policy & Integration and Inspections& Permit Services by 2014 June. The realigned organizational structure necessitates the need to adjust the existing product cost models. Since the implementation of the reorganization is still underway, the risk of incorrect cost allocation is high and this work should be deferred until after the reorganization is complete.
PDA Land Use Planning & Policy	A review of LUPP/DBA user fees is underway and an update on that work will be presented to PUD in June 2014.
Transportation Roads	Roads is undertaking a comprehensive review of the Street Bylaw in 2014, as it pertains to authorizations and fee structures for both traditional uses of the loadways, such as construction and maintenance, and non-traditional and emerging uses. The Exclusive Use of Street Spaces project that is underway for 2014 will deliver an overall strategic approach to non-traditional street usage, including commercial, recreational and community use. Examples include car sharing services, mobile vendors, sidewalk cafes, food service trucks, special events, and pop-up parks. Public stakeholder engagement regarding street use will continue throughout 2014. The business unit anticipates that outcomes from this business review will be completed by the end of Q1 2015, and will likely result in changes to current fee structures and their governance. The timing of any recommended changes would align with the start of the primary construction season in Q2 2015.
Corporate Administration Finance & Supply, Planning, Development & Assessment Assessment	Finance & Supply and Assessment are planning to repeal Bylaw 13M2007 in November during the Action Plan deliberations. User rees related to Assessment and Taxation products and services are governed under this bylaw. Some of these fees are delivered through City Online. The long term recovery rate and detailed fees for these products and services will be brought forward for Council approval at that time

TABLE 3. No recovery rate changes from 2012-2014 Business Plans and Budgets (For Council Information).

The following two business units have proposed long term recovery rates that have not changed from what was previously-approved based on their assessment of societal benefits and market analysis:

	PREVIOUSL	Y-APPROVED	FOR INFORMA- TION	SUPPORTIN	G INFORMATION FOR RECOVERY RATE	R PROPOSED
(1) Department & Business Unit	(2) Current Recovery Rate (%) for 2014 (Full Cost)	(3) Previously- Approved Long Term Recovery Rate (%) (C2011-77)	(4) Proposed Long Term Recovery Rate (%)	(5) Comparing (3) & (4) Long Term Recovery Rates (LTRR)	(6) Assessr (6a) Max Potential Recovery Rate (MPRR)	(6b) Societal Benefits Assessment (SBAT)
Transportation Transit	36% (\$484.9M)	30%	30%	No change in proposed long term recovery rate.	34%	100% (Significant)
CSPS Recreation (excluding golf courses)	39% (\$51.1M)	40%	40%	No shange in proposed long term recovery rate.	40%	100% (Significant)

The detailed Business Unit User Fee Recovery Rate (BUUFRR) forms for the above business units are included in Section 2C.

Business Unit:	Compliance Ser	Services (excluding vices)	Date:	4/16/2014	
	Categories of Use				
		Adoption, and Impound	fees.	$\langle \rangle$	
Bylaw Services- In	mpound Lot rees			ΔH	See 1
SECTION 2: Busin	ess Unit Full Cost	s for User Fee-related	Goods & Ser	vices (\$000's)	S
Business unit					
Direct costs					5,348
Indirect costs			1. 1.		695
		B	siness unit c	osts subtotal	6,043
Department overh			1. 11		49
Corporate overhea Capital costs*	ad costs"	\wedge	///	$\langle \rangle$	604 1,154
Capital COStS		\wedge	Overhead o	osts subtotal	1,807
		///	Overnead c	usia, subioidi	1,001
			TO'	TAL COSTS	7,850
		\frown \cdot \cdot /			
SECTION 3: Busin Overall Societal Be Overall Summary o	nefit Assessment. f Assessment:	ent of Societal Benefit MODERATE	ated Range o	e-related Goods & Servio f General Subsidy (TSR) 2 Key bigblights are: Servio	26% - 50%
SECTION 3: Busin Overall Societal Be Overall Summary o Animal & Bylaw S accessible and af create caring, saf	ess Unit Assessment nefit Assessment: f Assessment: services (ABS) Soc fordable to all Calga e and inclusive com	ent of Societal Benefit MODERATE Indic letal Benefit Assessmen arians, facilitates the bui	ated Range o t is Moderate.		26% - 50% ce is
SECTION 3: Busin Overall Societal Be Overall Summary o Animal & Bylaw S accessible and af create caring, saf Policy Goal Summa Environmenta	ess Unit Assessment nefit Assessment f Assessment: ervices (ABS) Soc fordable to all Calga e and inclusive com any: Assessmen	ent of Societal Benefit MODERATE Indic letal Benefit Assessmen ariaris, facilitates the bui imunities.	ated Range o t is Moderate.	f General Subsidy (TSR) 2 Key highlights are: Servic	26% - 50% ce is
SECTION 3: Busin Overall Societal Be Overall Summary o Animal & Bylaw S accessible and af create caring, saf	ess Unit Assessment nefit Assessment f Assessment ervices (ABS) Soc fordable to all Calga e and inclusive com any: Assessmen house	ent of Societal Benefit MODERATE Indic letal Benefit Assessmen ariaris, facilitates the bui imunities.	ated Range of t is Moderate. Iding of strong	f General Subsidy (TSR) 2 Key highlights are: Servic communities, cultural vita	26% - 50% ce is lity, help Assessme
SECTION 3: Busin Overall Societal Be Overall Summary o Animal & Bylaw S accessible and af create caring, saf Policy Goal Summa Environmenta Reduce community greek emissions, air pollutatits,	ess Unit Assessment nefit Assessment f Assessment: ervices (ABS) Soc fordable to all Calga e and inclusive com any: Assessmen house	ent of Societal Benefit MODERATE Indic Ind	t is Moderate. ding of strong	f General Subsidy (TSR) 2 Key highlights are: Servic communities, cultural vita Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want	26% - 50% ce is lity, help Assessme
SECTION 3: Busin Overall Societal Be Overall Summary o Animal & Bylaw S accessible and af create caring, saf Policy Goal Summa Environmenta Reduce community greek emissions, air pollutants, energy consumption	ess Unit Assessment nefit Assessment f Assessment fordable to all Calga e and inclusive com and None/NA	ent of Societal Benefit MODERATE Indic letal Benefit Assessmen arians, facilitates the bui imunities. t Social Provide accessibility/ availability	t is Moderate. ding of strong Assessment Significant	f General Subsidy (TSR) 2 Key highlights are: Service communities, cultural vita Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by	26% - 50% ce is lity, help Assessme Limited
SECTION 3: Busin Overall Societal Be Overall Summary o Animal & Bylaw S accessible and af create caring, saf Policy Goal Summa Environmenta Reduce community greek emissions, air pollutants,	ess Unit Assessment nefit Assessment f Assessment: ervices (ABS) Soc fordable to all Calga e and inclusive com any: Assessmen house	ent of Societal Benefit MODERATE Indic Ind	t is Moderate. ding of strong	f General Subsidy (TSR) 2 Key highlights are: Servic communities, cultural vita Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a	26% - 50% ce is lity, help
SECTION 3: Busin Overall Societal Be Overall Summary o Animal & Bylaw S accessible and af create caring, saf Policy Goal Summa Environmenta Reduce community greek emissions, air pollutants, energy consumption	ess Unit Assessment: f Assessment: fervices (ABS) Soci fordable to all Calga e and inclusive com any: Assessment None/NA None/NA	ent of Societal Benefit MODERATE Indic letal Benefit Assessmen arians, facilitates the bui imunities. t Social Provide accessibility/ availability	t is Moderate. ding of strong Assessment Significant	f General Subsidy (TSR) 2 Key highlights are: Service communities, cultural vita Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining businesses and helping them	26% - 50% ce is lity, help Assessme Limited

SECTION 4: Business Unit Market & Revenue Analysis for L	Jser Fee-rela	ted Goods &	Services (\$000's)
Maximum potential revenue (MPR)				5,858
MAXIMUM POTENTIAL RECOVERY RATE (MPRR) as a % of	total costs			75%
Market Assumptions & Revenue Methodology:			1.2.44	
Animal licensing and animal impound fee are directed by the F				
comply could result in the issuance of a summons. The MPR is revenue and volume and the assumption that the economic fa				
are expected to remain relatively stable. To recover 100% of f	ull costs requi	res an annua	11% rate i	ncrease,
which could negatively impact the number of licenses and con	npliance rate.	11/	$\langle \vee \rangle$	>
	17	11	$\langle 1 \rangle$	-
SECTION 5: Comparative Analysis				
TSR + MPRR	$\langle \langle \rangle$	TO	$\langle \cdot \rangle$	
50% 75%	/ /	100%	/	
Combining sections 3 and 4, the general subsidy range plus the	di avianum da	\setminus \vee	onvrata is	
greater than total costs of the user fee related go				
Therefore, this implies that individual users are willing to p	6 1		vices AND t	here is
also a moderate benefit to society as a whole. (Surplus valu				
SECTION 6: Comparison to Current (Projected) Budget for Current (projected) revenue from user fees	User Fee-rel	ated Goods	& Services	(\$000's) 5,002
Current gross expenditure budget (net of recoveries)	/			5,505
Current gross expenditure budget (including overhead factor)				7,151
Current business unit user fee recovery rate				70%
SECTION 7: Business Plan & Budget Implications				
ABS' current user fee recovery rate (70%) is less than the rec	commended M	IPRR (75%).	ABS will ta	arget
recovering 75% of full costs by 2018. The majority of rates ha	ive not been a	idjusted since	e 2006. This	rate
change will increase revenue so that 100% of Animal Services recovered by 2018.	s operation co	sts (excludin	g all overhea	ads) will be
recovered by 2018.				
		-		
SECTION 8: Strategies Index fees annually to the the Municipal Price Index from 201	5 to 2018.			
	Star Strangel			
ADMINISTRATION RECOMMENDATIONS				
Administration recommends the following long-term and four-ye	ar business u	nit user fee r	ecovery rate	
	ar <u>buorress</u> u		coursely rate	S'
Long-term Recovery Rate Target:		75%	6	<u>s</u> :
Long-term Recovery Rate Target:	2015	2016		
Long-term Recovery Rate Target: Proposed Four-Year Recovery Rates:	2015 71%	75% ²⁰¹⁶ 72%	2017 73%	<u>s:</u> 2018 75%

Business Unit User Fee Recovery Rates (BUUFRR) Form

BUSINESS UNIT INFORM	ATION			No. 202 Contractor Provide Contractor	and the second second
BUSINESS UNIT	nal & Bylaw S vices Only)	ervices (Compliance	Date:	4/16/2014	
SECTION 1: Major Catego	ories of User	Fees			
Compliance Services on	the second s		ansport rates		
SECTION 2: Business Un	it Full Costs	for User Fee-related	Goods & Ser	vices (\$000's)	
Business unit	int i un oosts	Tor User rec-related	00003 0 001	vices (#000 5)	
Direct costs					8,080
Indirect costs				\wedge	1,368
		Bi	usiness unit c	osts subtotal	9,448
Department overhead co	sts*			$\langle / / / \rangle$	79
Corporate overhead cost			\wedge	////	978
Capital costs*			~ ` `		0
			Overhead o	osts subtotal	1,057
			< <		
		(QT //	TAL COSTS	10,505
*For information only; there is no	transfer of funds	for these costs.	///		
SECTION 3: Business Un	it Assessme	ent of Societal Benefit	s for User Fe	e-related Goods & Servio	ces
Overall Societal Benefit As	sessment:	MODERATE Indic	ated Range o	of General Subsidy (TSR)	26% - 50%
tax support, the assessm	S) is mandate nent tool ackr islative comp	lowledges that it plays it liance and regulated ta	an important r	Ithough CS does not receive role in ensuring public safe the benefits the Division properties of the division properties and the division properties of t	ty,
Policy Goal Summary:	(/		Constanting of the	And the second of	
Environmental	Assessment	Social	Assessment	Economic/Smart Growth	Assessment
Reduce community greenhouse emissions, air pollutants, and energy consumption	None/NA	Provide accessibility/ availability	Moderate	Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest	Limited
	1	$\langle \rangle$	1000000	Create a city that promotes a	
Destadantes	ALANA	Enable affordability	Limited	healthy, vibrant economy by	· Illah
Protect water resources	NOREANA	-Enable affordability	Limited	attracting and retaining businesses and helping them grow.	High
Ensure land stewardship & protection	Limited	Promote accommodation/ acceptability	None/NA	Encourage sustainable communities	High
Reduce waste to landfill	None/NA	Improve adequacy to meet need, suitability and safety	Moderate	Reduce barriers to participation	Moderate
				Assessment Levels: Mo	oderate

SECTION 4: Business Unit Market & Revenue Analysis for User Fee-related Goods & Services (\$000's) Maximum potential revenue (MPR) 10,480

MAXIMUM POTENTIAL RECOVERY RATE (MPRR) as a % of total costs

100%

Market Assumptions & Revenue Methodology:

CS is directed by City Council to be a full cost recovery division, which requires all costs be recovered through fees. CS fees have been adjusted annually since 2005 in order to offset operating cost increases and maintain the cost recovery model. The 2012-2014 fee changes incorporated the annual cost increase factor supported by the Municipal Pricing Index plus population growth. Therefore, a cost-based pricing methodology is used to ensure the full cost recovery.

SECTION 5: Comparative Analysis	
TSR + MPRR > TC 50% 100% 100% 100%	
Combining sections 3 and 4, the general subsidy range plus the maximum potential recovery rate is greater than total costs of the user fee related goods and services.	
Therefore, this implies that individual users are willing to pay for the goods and services AND there a moderate benefit to society as a whole. (Surplus value)	e is also
SECTION 6: Comparison to Current (Projected) Budget for User Fee-related Goods & Services (\$0	00's)
Current (projected) revenue from user fees	9,311
Current gross expenditure budget (net of recoveries)	8,357
Current gross expenditure budget (including overhead factor)	9,292
Current business unit user fee recovery rate	100%
Compliance Services (CS) is mandated by City Council to be a 100% self-sustaining division. As CS do have access to any corporate funding, the revenue generated by user fees must fund all operating costs ongoing capital needs. User fees are developed in order to achieve this self-supported mandate.	es not s and
SECTION 8: Strategies	
CS proposes moving towards the recommended target recovery rate of 100%, which would provide for recoveries from user fees to cover full costs including overhead.	overall
ADMINISTRATION RECOMMENDATIONS	
Administration recommends the following long-term and four-year business unit user fee recovery rates:	
Long-term Recovery Rate Target: 100%	
2015 2016 2017 Proposed Four-Year Recovery Rates: 100% 100% 100%	2018 100%

	3/14/2014 Event sites).	
oods & Ser	vices (\$000's)	
oods & Ser	vices (\$000's)	
	1000 (4000 3)	
~		
	////	> 2,100
~ ~ /		191
ness unit co	oste subtotal	2,291
	$\langle \rangle \langle \rangle \langle \rangle$	20
/		238
()	$\langle \rangle$	545
Qverhead co	sts subtotal	803
1/1		
TQ		3,094
$\overline{//}$		and the
or User Fe	e-related Goods & Servio	ces
ed Range o	f General Subsidy (TSR) 5	1% - 75%
/		
I faailikiaa i	a altuda a las fialda - aisaria ait	
al facilities li	nciude playfields, picnic sit	es and
ICCESSIDIE S	paces for all cluzens and a	s provider
0.000		
Assessment	Economic/Smart Growth	Assessment
Significant	Create a city where citizens want	Significant
orgriniourit	to live, work and invest	eignineant
	Create a city that promotes a	
	healthy, vibrant economy by	
Significant		Significant
High		Significant
Lich		Literte
High	Reduce barriers to participation	High
	Ton for User Fe ed Range of al facilities in ent venue , accessible s Assessment Significant Significant	SignificantCreate a city where citizens want to live, work and investSignificantCreate a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining businesses and helping them grow.HighEncourage sustainable communities

SECTION 4: Business Unit Market & Revenue Analysis for User Fee-related Goods & Services (\$000's) Maximum potential revenue (MPR) 1,200
MAXIMUM POTENTIAL RECOVERY RATE (MPRR) as a % of total costs 39%
Market Assumptions & Revenue Methodology: Calgary Parks is the provider of public lands for public recreation, relaxation and social/cultural activities. Customer based pricing is used to ensure affordable access to these spaces for all citizens. Municipal comparison demonstrates Calgary's committment to providing a wide variety of sport and recreational spaces at nominal rates.
SECTION 5: Comparative Analysis
TSR+MPRR75%39%Combining sections 3 and 4, the general subsidy range plus the maximum potential recovery rate is greater thanCombining sections 3 and 4, the general subsidy range plus the maximum potential recovery rate is total costs of the user fee related goods and services.Therefore, this implies that individual users are willing to pay for the goods and services AND there is also a significant benefit to society as a whole. (Surplus value)
SECTION 6: Comparison to Current (Projected) Budget for User Fee-related Goods & Services (\$000's)
Current (projected) revenue from user fees 1,013 Current gross expenditure budget (net of recoveries) 2,075 Current gross expenditure budget (including overhead factor) 2,802 Current business unit user fee recovery rate 36%
SECTION 7: Business Plan & Budget Implications On a full cost basis, Parks current recovery rate is 35% and is projected to grow incrementally and minimally based on the High Societal Benefit of providing park spaces for rental. Rates could be increased to achieve the [Maximum Potential Recovery Rate] of 39%. However, Parks is currently within the range indicated by the SBAT. The possible exception to this is for playfields. Parks, in conjunction with Recreation, is planning to undertake a strategic plan for the use and future development of playfields, which will also consider user fees and recovery rates. Proposed changes, if any, will be brought to Council for approval with the review is done. For all other rates, Parks will continue with current rate increases kept at the level of inflation. It is important to note that the majority of park spaces are open, free and available to citizens on a year round basis and only a small portion of these spaces are rented to provide exclusive/guaranteed access to the groups who book the spaces (sports teams, community groups, festival and special event organizers) to offer their
SECTION 8: Strategies Parks proposes maintaining the recovery rate at 36% for both the long and short-term periods; fee increases will match the rate of inflation.
ADMINISTRATION RECOMMENDATIONS
Administration recommends the following long-term and four-year business unit user fee recovery rates:
Long-term Recovery Rate Target: 36%
2015 2016 2017 2018 Proposed Four-Year Recovery Rates: 36% 36% 36% 36%

BUSINESS UNIT INFORM	ATION	建合适合以限性的			
Business Unit: Golf	Courses		Date:	4/16/2014	
	perations (Ging Ranges)	CO) user fees includ which comprise 90%		(Green Fees, Punchcards, . The remaining 10% of re-	
SECTION 2: Business Uni	t Full Costs	for User Fee-related	d Goods & Ser	vices (\$000's)	
Business unit Direct costs Indirect costs			Business unit c		7,508 2,594 10,102
Department overhead cos Corporate overhead costs			\land	INI	> 15 1,400
Capital costs*				//v /v	574
			Overhead c	osts subtotal	1,989
		(\wedge	TAL COSTS	12,091
*For information only; there is no t	ransfer of funds	for these costs.			
Business Unit assessmer benefits the Division provi Policy Goal Summary:	t. The tool a	cknowledges the soc	ial, economic,	n alignment with the Recre environmental and smart g	rowth
Environmental	Assessment	Social	Assessment	Economic/Smart Growth	Assessment
Reduce community greenhouse emissions, air pollutants, and energy consumption	Hìgh	Provide accessibility/ availability	Significant	Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest	Significant
Protect water resources	High	Enable affordability	Significant	Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining businesses and helping them grow.	Limited
Ensure land stewardship & protection	Moderate	Promote accommodation/ acceptability	Significant	Encourage sustainable communities	High
Reduce waste to landfill	Moderate	Improve adequacy to meet need, suitability and safety	Significant	Reduce barriers to participation	Significant
				Assessment Levels: None/N Moderate, High, Signif	
SECTION 4: Business Un Maximum potential reven MAXIMUM POTENTIAL R	ue (MPR)			ated Goods & Services (\$	5000's) 9,641 80%

Market Assumptions & Revenue Methodology:

With 8 golf courses and 3 driving ranges, GCO provides affordable golf opportunities for all skill levels and serves special targeted groups (eg. Seniors, youth, schools, fee assistance). City courses do not necessarily provide the same level of service, amenities or course conditions as external operators. MPRR is highly contingent on weather, economic factors and dynamic pricing strategies utilized by other service provider within the local golf market.

TSR	+ MPRR	>		TC		
100% Combining sections 3 a	80% and 4, the general subsidy	range plus the ma	aximum po	100% otential recov	ery rate is	
greater than	total costs of the user	fee related goods	s and serv	rices.		
	s that individual users ar efit to society as a whole		-	ods and ser	vices AND	there is
Current (projected) reve Current gross expendit Current gross expendit	ure budget (net of recoveri ure budget (including over	es)	er Fee-re!	ated Goods	& Services	8,872 8,969 10,735
Current business u	nit user fee recovery rate		~	///	$\langle -$	<u>83</u> %
Golf Course Operation assessment of local of are appropriate and of previous pass progra sustainable in the lon passes and other disc increases to green fe satisfaction. Revenue achieve the highest ra and ensuring affordal to weather while also	Plan & Budget Implications continues to rely upon recompetitive public golf court competitive for the services moffered the highest level g term. As a result fee devices of the services of the sustained with the services of the services of the sustained with the services of the sustained with the services of	evenues to support se rates indicates offered (including of discounting of elopment work has pricing practices but negatively imp esult of managing aintaining market ieving budget targ rket assumptions	green fee g senior an all other c as focused employed acting atte the pricing competitiv gets and u	a rates curren comparable c omparable c on discount d by external endance leve g and discou veness, supp iser fee reco	ntly charged en fee rates) cities and is r levels associon operators, s els and custo nt programs porting the bu very rates wi	by The City by The City's not ciated with significant omer in order to usiness need ill be subject
operate closer in alig will be critical for GC respond to market pr sustainable business balancing service lev demand based pricin services within the co outcomes of research the effectiveness of the	s of basic golf services in C innent with industry busine O to have flexibility to effec- icing changes, shifts in der practices which optimize r els and social benefits aga g program forms the basis intext of the competitive go activities were considered he fee structure will be und rates will be reviewed with	ss standards and tively manage its nand and consum evenue through a inst the cost of se of the structure a of the structure a d as part of the fee ertaken. The out	practices pricing pro- ner trends structure ervice prov- ind also en ges and sl e developr comes of	in order to r ogram by ena as needed. I that offers fa ision. Manag nsures access kill levels. Co ment process the new fees	etain market abling the div Revised fees air market va ging discount ssible and aff ustomer fees s. On-going structure and	t share. It vision to s will enable ilue while ts through a fordable golf dback and evaluation of d
ADMINISTRATION	RECOMMENDATIO	VS				
Administration recomm	ends the following long-ter	m and four-year <u>k</u>	ousiness u	init user fee i	recovery rate	es:
	Poto Torget			800	0/2	The second s
Long-term Recovery	rate larget:			00	/0	

SECTION 5: Comparative Analysis

BUSINESS UNIT INFOR Business Unit: Fin	and the second second second		Deter	4/4/2014	
			Date:	4/4/2014	
SECTION 1: Major Cate					0.1
Fire Safety & Preventio	in Inspections	for Business Licensing (new and rene	ewal) as per Alberta Safety	Code.
A BARRIER					
SECTION 2: Business L	Init Full Coots	for Lloor Foo related (Coodo 8 Sor	viene (\$000'a)	
Business unit	Shit Full Costs	s for User Fee-related (soous a ser	vices (\$000 s)	
Direct costs					1,684
Indirect costs				\wedge —	144
		B	usiness unit c	osts subtotal	1,828
Department overhead o				$\langle \rangle \rangle$	25
Corporate overhead co	sts*		~	/////	307
Capital costs*			Quateria	the state of the s	332
			Overnead c	oets subtotal	332
			(то	TAL COSTS	2,160
*For information only; there is n	o transfer of funds	for these costs.			
SECTION 3: Business I	Init Assessme	ent of Societal Benefit	for User Fe	e-related Goods & Servio	es
Overall Societal Benefit /				General Subsidy (TSR)	
			11	V	
Quarall Summary of Aca	a amont	$\langle \langle \rangle$	11	\rangle	
Overall Summary of Asse The assessment indica	ted a limited s	ocietal henefit given tha	t this is a sne	cific service that can only t	he
conducted by the Fire I	Department, Pi	rovincially certified Safe	v Code Office	ers provide fire and safety	code
education and enforce	ment based on	the Alberta Safety God	es Act (AB Fi	re Code) which are suppor	ted by
municipal bylaws. Busi	nesses are ins	pected to ensure fire/life	safety meas	ures are in place & update	fire
prevention education a	nd enforcemer	nt programs and policies	3.		
Policy Goal Summary:	NV	$\langle \rangle \rangle$			
Environmental	Assessment	Social	Assessment	Economic/Smart Growth	Assessment
Reduce community greenhouse emissions, air pollutants, and ene	rgy None/NA	Provide accessibility/	Limited	Create a city where citizens want	None/NA
consumption	and the second	availability	Linited	to live, work and invest	Honema
	VIV	\mathbf{r}		Create a city that promotes a	
				healthy, vibrant economy by	
Protect water resources	Limited	Enable affordability	Limited	attracting and retaining businesses and helping them	None/NA
1 (~ /	(grow.	36. 14
Ensure land stewardship &	None/NA	Promote accommodation/	None/NA	Encourage sustainable	Limited
protection		acceptability Improve adequacy to meet		communities	
Reduce waste to landfill	None/NA	need, suitability and safety	Moderate	Reduce barriers to participation	None/NA
				Assessment Levels: None/I Moderate, High, Signi	
					and the second second
Maximum potential rev		Revenue Analysis for	User Fee-rela	ated Goods & Services (\$	
					1,899
MAXIMUM POTENTIAL	RECOVERY F	RATE (MPRR) as a % of	total costs		88%
Market Assumptions & R	evenue Metho	dology:			
			spection serv	ices provided by Safety Co	des
				ervice. To recover 100%	
		reater of \$6 or 6% GM	approved app	roach for 2015-2018 and f	ull cost
recovery will be achiev	ed in 2022.				



	Fire	and the second second	Date:	4/4/2014	
SECTION 1: Major Ca	tegories of Use	r Fees			
Fire Safety & Prevent	tion Fees for eve	ents requiring a permit a	nd inspection	services.	
SECTION 2: Business	Unit Full Costs	s for User Fee-related (Goods & Ser	vices (\$000's)	
Business unit					7 000
Direct costs					7,906 249
		В	usiness unit c	osts subtotal	8,155
Department overhead	costs*			$\langle \rangle$	44
Corporate overhead o				$\wedge $	531
Capital costs*					0
			Overhead o	osts subtotal	575
				TAL COSTS	8,730
*For information only; there is	s no transfer of funds	s for these costs	/ /		0,750
	and the second of	/		e-related Goods & Servio	
Overall Societal Benefi				of General Subsidy (TSR)	
			11.		
Overall Summary of As			1 1	\sim	
				fic activities or events, and	
				for such things as firewor le & Safety Codes Act, SC	
designated to issue r	permits pursuant	Casting 44 Sthe Ast		ic a curcy coucorie, co	
acoignated to loode p	parodant.	to Section 44 of the AC	Fire Departr	ment SCOs can only provid	de
compliance with the f	fire safety plan v	ia inspection services.	Fire Departr	ment SCOs can only provid	le
compliance with the f	fire safety plan v	ia inspection services.	Fire Departr	nent SCOs can only provid	le
compliance with the f Policy Goal Summary: Environmental	fire safety plan v	ià inspection servicès.	Assessment		Assessmen
compliance with the f	fire safety plan v	ià inspection services.	/		le
compliance with the f Policy Goal Summary: Environmental Reduce community greenhouse emissions, air pollutants, and e	fire safety plan v	ia inspection services.	Assessment	Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest	Assessmen
compliance with the f Policy Goal Summary: Environmental Reduce community greenhouse emissions, air pollutants, and e consumption	fire safety plan v Aşsessnien e mergy None/NA	ia inspection services.	Assessment	Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by	de Assessmen None/NA
compliance with the f Policy Goal Summary: Environmental Reduce community greenhouse emissions, air pollutants, and e consumption	fire safety plan v	ia inspection services.	Assessment	Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a	de Assessmen None/NA
compliance with the f Policy Goal Summary: Environmental Reduce community greenhouse emissions, air pollutants, and e consumption	fire safety plan v Aşsessnien e mergy None/NA	ia inspection services.	Assessment	Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining	de Assessmen None/NA
compliance with the f Policy Goal Summary: Environmental Reduce community greenhouse emissions, air pollutants, and e	fire safety plan v Aşsessnien e mergy None/NA	t Social Provide accessibility availability Enable affordability	Assessment	Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining businesses and helping them	Assessmen
compliance with the final state of the final state	fire safety plan v Assessment e mergy None/NA Limited	t Social Provide accessibility availability Enable affordability Promote accommodation/	Assessment Limited Limited	Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining businesses and helping them grow. Encourage sustainable	Assessmen None/NA None/NA
Compliance with the final state of the state	fire safety plan v Assessmen e nergy None/NA Limited None/NA	ia inspection services. t Social Provide accessibility/ availability Enable affordability Promote accommodation/ acceptability Improve adequacy to meet	Assessment Limited Limited None/NA	Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining businesses and helping them grow. Encourage sustainable communities	Assessmen None/NA None/NA Limited None/NA
compliance with the final state of the final state	fire safety plan v Assessmen e None/NA None/NA	t Social Provide accessibility availability Enable affordability Promote accommodation/ acceptability Improve adequacy to meet need, suitability and safety	Assessment Limited Limited None/NA Moderate	Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining businesses and helping them grow. Encourage sustainable communities Reduce barriers to participation Assessment Levels: None/I Moderate, High, Signi	Assessmen None/NA None/NA Limited None/NA
compliance with the final second seco	fire safety plan v Assessment energy None/NA Limited None/NA None/NA	t Social Provide accessibility availability Enable affordability Promote accommodation/ acceptability Improve adequacy to meet need, suitability and safety	Assessment Limited Limited None/NA Moderate	Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining businesses and helping them grow. Encourage sustainable communities Reduce barriers to participation Assessment Levels: None/I	Assessmen None/NA None/NA Limited None/NA NA, Limited, ficant
compliance with the f Policy Goal Summary: Environmental Reduce community greenhouse emissions, air pollutants, and econsumption Protect water resources Ensure land stewardship & protection Reduce waste to landfill SECTION 4: Business Maximum potential resources	Assessment e None/NA Limited None/NA None/NA	It Social Provide accessibility/ availability Provide accessibility/ availability Enable affordability Enable affordability Promote accommodation/ acceptability Improve adequacy to meet need, suitability and safety Revenue Analysis for	Assessment Limited Limited None/NA Moderate	Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining businesses and helping them grow. Encourage sustainable communities Reduce barriers to participation Assessment Levels: None/I Moderate, High, Signi	Assessmen None/NA None/NA Limited None/NA VA, Limited, ficant 3000's) 1,775
Compliance with the final second seco	Assessment e None/NA Limited None/NA None/NA	t Social Provide accessibility/ availability Enable affordability Enable affordability Promote accommodation/ acceptability Improve adequacy to meet need, suitability and safety Revenue Analysis for RATE (MPRR) as a % of	Assessment Limited Limited None/NA Moderate	Economic/Smart Growth Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining businesses and helping them grow. Encourage sustainable communities Reduce barriers to participation Assessment Levels: None/I Moderate, High, Signi	Assessmen None/NA None/NA Limited None/NA NA, Limited, ficant

The goal is to recover 100% full cost of the services provided of which 17% is currently recovered. Fire would require a 40% annual increase to fees related to events requiring permits for the next 3 budget cycles (2015 thru 2026). This will bring the recovery rate to 20% in 2018 and reach a 100% recovery rate by 2025.

TSR	+ MPRR <	TC	
25%	20%	100%	
ombining sections 3 a less than	and 4, the general subsidy range plus the total costs of the user fee related g		ery rate is
herefore, this implies ess valued)	s that the existing level of service is r	not sustainable relative to	the benefits principle
ECTION 6: Comparis	on to Current (Projected) Budget for	User Fee-related Goods	& Services (\$000's)
urrent (projected) reve			462
urrent gross expenditu	ure budget (net of recoveries)	$\langle \rangle$	2,552
	ure budget (including overhead factor)	$\langle \rangle$	2,732
Current business ur	hit user fee recovery rate		<u>17%</u>
through 2018 and ove enhance fire prevention The cost of providing address the high cost additional revenue ge	requires a 40% increase in rates. This r er the following 2 budget cycles, would a on, protection of the public, environment permits and inspection fee services is h as of providing this service Fire requires enerated will be used to increase available	achieve 100% cost recovery it and property. high compared to the fee ch aprincrease to inspection a	v in 2025, and would arged for the request. T
faciliate an increase t following two budget Fees related to permi	artment would increase the rates by 40 or esources required to make this servic cycles to reach the 100% full recovery b tting for pyrotechnics/fireworks as well a oved to a User Fee Schedule from Bylav	ce available. The rates wou by 2025. as commercial burning and	ld be required over the the associated
DMINISTRATION	RECOMMENDATIONS		and the second se
		ear husiness unit user fee r	ecovery rates.
	ends the following long-term and four-ye	and the second se	
dministration recomm Long-term Recovery		100 2015 2016	



Market Assumptions & Revenue Methodology:

Some data is provided by no cost access and some data is licensed for a fee to businesses for commercial purposes. The City also enters into data exchange licenses with various businesses and institutions.

SECTION 5: Compa	rative Analys	sis			
TSR 100%	+	MPRR 559%	>	TC 100%	
combining sections 3 greater than		eneral subsidy range p osts of the user fee rel			is
		vidual users are willir ety as a whole. (Surp		ods and services A	ND there is
ECTION 6: Compa	rison to Curi	rent (Projected) Budg	et for User Fee-rei	ated Goods & Serv	vices (\$000's)
urrent (projected) re				$\langle \rangle \rangle$	2,13
urrent gross expend			11.11	$\langle \rangle$	<u>69</u>
		(including overhead fa	ctor)		1,32
Current business	unit user fee	recovery rate	1 4 1	\vee	1619
internal business ur	ss and Mana	gement and Intellectua ents, drive business un eed and societal bene	I Property Managem it planning and conta		
External Data Acce internal business un waivers contingent ECTION 8: Strateg Data licensing with data. Appropriate lic environmental bene continue to mature with the data distrib open access/expect managing data dist	ss and Mana hits requirement on financial n its or without a f sensing prote fits that shar and will likely ution system tations and the ribution is unl	ents, drive business un	t of the way that the of and enables the prov- is expected that the of recovery rate. Capit st three year cycle ar tage of societal bene- very of data distributi	City shares informat ision of social, econ City's Open Data St al and operating cos nd are unlikely decre fits increase, overal ion fees, largely from	tion in the form nomic and trategy will sts associated ease. As both I cost for
External Data Acce internal business un waivers contingent ECTION 8: Strateg Data licensing with data. Appropriate like environmental bene continue to mature with the data distribution open access expect managing data dist users, will be maint	ss and Mana hits requirement on financial n ies or without a fissensing prote- sensing prote- se	eed and societal bene eed and societal bene ee will always be a par cts The City from risk ing data can create. It continue to impact the s increased over the la ne ability to take advan ikely to go down. Reco	I Property Management it planning and conta fit. t of the way that the of and enables the prov- is expected that the of recovery rate. Capit st three year cycle ar tage of societal bene- very of data distribution and increased bene-	City shares informat ision of social, econ City's Open Data St al and operating cos nd are unlikely decre fits increase, overal ion fees, largely fror fits.	tion in the form nomic and trategy will sts associated ease. As both I cost for m commercial
External Data Acce internal business un waivers contingent ECTION 8: Strateg Data licensing with data. Appropriate licenvironmental bene continue to mature with the data distrib open access expect managing data dist users, will be maint	ss and Mana hits requirement on financial m its or without a f sensing prote fits that shar and will likely ution system tations and the ribution is unla ained to supp N RECOM mends the for	eed and societal bene eed and societal bene ee will always be a par- cts The City from risk ing data can create. It continue to impact the s increased over the la be ability to take advan ikely to go down. Reco port low/no cost access MENDATIONS	I Property Management it planning and conta fit. t of the way that the of and enables the prov- is expected that the of recovery rate. Capit st three year cycle ar tage of societal bene- very of data distribution and increased bene-	City shares informat ision of social, econ City's Open Data St al and operating cos nd are unlikely decre fits increase, overal ion fees, largely fror fits.	tion in the form nomic and trategy will sts associated ease. As both I cost for m commercial

Business Unit User Fee Recovery Rates (BUUFRR) Form CONFIDENTIAL

32

11 43

2

2

0

3

46

BUSINESS UNIT INFORMATION Assessment Date: 3/26/2014 **Business Unit: SECTION 1: Major Categories of User Fees** Fees charged for access to assessment information via paper. The fees charged are similar to fees we charged under current bylaw 13M2007. SECTION 2: Business Unit Full Costs for User Fee-related Goods & Services (\$000's) **Business unit** Direct costs Indirect costs Business unit costs subtotal Department overhead costs* Corporate overhead costs* Capital costs* Overhead costs subtotal TOTAL COSTS *For information only; there is no transfer of funds for these costs. SECTION 3: Business Unit Assessment of Societal Benefits for User Fee-related Goods & Services Indicated Range of General Subsidy (TSR) 0% - 25% Overall Societal Benefit Assessment: LIMITED **Overall Summary of Assessment:** The release of assessment information is a matter of legislative compliance but also promotes the legitimacy of the tax system and therefore there is limited societal benefit to the release of the information. For this reason, the Assessment business unit has gone to great lengths to ensure most assessment information is retrievable online for no fee. The suggested user fees in this document are for paper requests, which require more processing. Policy Goal Summary: Environmental Assessment Social Assessment **Economic/Smart Growth** Assessment Reduce community greenhouse Provide accessibility/ Create a city where citizens want None/NA Limited emissions, air pollutants, and Limited availability to live, work and invest energy consumption Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by None/NA Enable affordability None/NA Moderate Protect water resources attracting and retaining businesses and helping them grow. Ensure land stewardship & Promote accommodation/ Encourage sustainable None/NA None/NA None/NA protection acceptability communities Improve adequacy to meet Reduce waste to landfill None/NA None/NA Limited Reduce barriers to participation need, suitability and safety

Assessment Levels: None/NA, Limited, Moderate, High, Significant

SECTION 4: Business Unit Market & Revenue Analysis for User Fee-related Goods & Services (\$000's) Maximum potential revenue (MPR) 50

MAXIMUM POTENTIAL RECOVERY RATE (MPRR) as a % of total costs

109%

Market Assumptions & Revenue Methodology:

Market assumptions were based on current demand and the proposed fees. It is expected that demand for user fee related products will drop off as more requests are submitted through our online request process.

Business Unit User Fee Recovery Rates (BUUFRR) Form

TSR	+ MPRR	> тс
25%	109%	100%
Combining sections 3 greater than		nge plus the maximum potential recovery rate is e related goods and services.
	es that individual users are v t to society as a whole. (Surp	villing to pay for the goods and services AND there is plus value)
	rison to Current (Projected) E venue from user fees	Budget for User Fee-related Goods & Services (\$000's)
	iture budget (net of recoveries	
	iture budget (including overhea	
-	unit user fee recovery rate	
Constant of the second	ss Plan & Budget Implication	
		Iormation triake up a very small proportion of Assessments
		formation make up a very small proportion of Assessment's d budget implications of the current vs. projected user fees a
annual budget and t		

old user fees due to an effort to move to cost recovery of processing the paper versions of information requests, especially in respect of the fees charged for Additional Assessment Information. This is why Assessment has set the long-term recovery rate target at 100%. The lack of fees for online Assessment Information Requests reflect the insignificant costs associated with the online request process, though the costs of preparing Additional Assessment Information customers to the online request portal over time which will have the effect of gradually decreasing the cost to create them and correspondingly the revenue generated from them. The difference in costs between paper and online versions of information requests will help to incentivize this transition and staff will be asked to encourage customers to use the online versions as much as possible. Assessment is not asking for any subsidization for these services as the societal benefit is in the low end of the 0-25% range and the consumer is currently willing to pay for them.

ADMINISTRATION RECOMMENDATIONS					
Administration recommends the following long-term and	d four-year <u>business</u> u	unit user fee	recovery rate	es:	
Long-term Recovery Rate Target:		100%			
	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Proposed Four-Year Recovery Rates:	109%	100%	100%	100%	

Business Unit User Fee RECONTARates (BUUFRR) Form

BUSINESS UNIT INFORM	ATION				
Business Unit: Trans	sit		Date:	4/3/2014	
SECTION 1: Major Catego Mainly fare revenues com Low-Income Transit Pass expenditures/revenues ar	prised of Ad , annual sen	ult and Youth monthly p iors' Pass, U-Pass, and		asses, ticket books, and ca nues. Access Calgary	ash fares,
SECTION 2: Business Uni	it Full Costs	for User Fee-related (Goods & Ser	vices (\$000's)	
Business unit		Tor osci rec related			
Direct costs					426,905
Indirect costs					6,793
		Bu	siness unit co	osts subtotal	433,698
Department overhead cos					914
Corporate overhead costs Capital costs*	5*		^	1/1//	41,721
Capital Costs			Overhead	listotdue ate	166,392
			CVCH bad ch		100,002
			TO	TAL COSTS	600,090
*For information only; there is no t	ransfer of funds	s for these costs.	1/1		
SECTION 3: Business Uni	it Assessme	ent of Societal Benefits	for User Fe	e-related Goods & Servio	ces
Overall Societal Benefit Ass	sessment:	SIGNIFICANT	ated Range o	f General Subsidy (TSR) 7	6% - 100%
cycling, driving and public	art of The C transit. Tran	sit service plays an imp	ortant role in	> ity options which include w the community providing a se of land and energy reso	ffordable,
Environmental	Assessment	Social	Assessment	Economic/Smart Growth	Assessment
Reduce community greenhouse emissions, air pollutants, and energy consumption	Significant	Provide accessibility/ availability	Significant	Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest	Moderate
Protect water resources	Moderate	Enable affordability	High	Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining businesses and helping them grow.	Moderate
Ensure land stewardship & protection	Limited	Promote accommodation/ acceptability	Significant	Encourage sustainable communities	Significant
Reduce waste to landfill	Significant	Improve adequacy to meet need, suitability and safety	Significant	Reduce barriers to participation	Significant
				Assessment Levels: None/N Moderate, High, Signifi	

SECTION 4: Business Unit Market & Revenue Analysis for User Fee-related Goods & Services (\$000's)
Maximum potential revenue (MPR)
204,184

MAXIMUM POTENTIAL RECOVERY RATE (MPRR) as a % of total costs

34%

Market Assumptions & Revenue Methodology:

Assumed a 4% annual increase (includes price increases and growth) on customer based pricing. Recent surveys have shown a slight decrease in support for fare increases to fund existing service. Calgary Transit will be undertaking a detailed fare strategy in preparation for the 2015-2018 budget which could impact our maximum potential revenue.

	CONF	IDENTIAL		
B	usiness Unit User Fee Re	ecovery Rates (B	BUUFRR) Form	<u>1</u>
SECTION 5: Compara	ative Analysis			
TSR	+ MPRR	-	тс	
100%	34%	-	100%	
	and 4, the general subsidy range	plus the maximum	potential recovery	rate is
greater than	total costs of the user fee r			
	es that individual users are wil		joods and service	es AND there is
also a significant ber	nefit to society as a whole. (Su	rplus value)		
	ison to Current (Projected) Bud	dget for User Fee-r	elated Goods & S	
Current (projected) rev			$\langle / / \rangle$	174,53
	ture budget (net of recoveries) ture budget (including overhead	factor)	111	350,420
	unit user fee recovery rate		///>	369
A CARLES AND A CARLES	s Plan & Budget Implications	17	111~	
car train service, exp (electronic fares, adv transit service as an hours) networks and Calgary Transit's lor	apital infrastructure will have an in bansion of rapid transit corridors, vanced passenger information sy integral component of the transp increased service hours are vita og range RouteAhead strategy. T to reach our Long Term Recover	maintain an ageing stems). The Calgan portation system. Prin components of the hese recommendation	intrastructure, and Transportation Pl wary transit (high f Calgary Transport ons will increase of	new technologies an has identified requency over bora ation Plan and ur costs and
	VINI			and the second
SECTION 8: Strategi	es			
our services. Recent additional or improve technologies coming determined in prepa	on mitted to undertake a detailed t surveys have shown that the will ad service has decreased slightly on stream in the next few years ration of the 2015-2018 budget. I Fare Strategy report is complete	llingness of our trans where a signific . The impact on our f required, Calgary T	sit users to pay add cant amount of infra operating budget r ransit may be able	litional fares for astructure and new needs to be a to refine the LTR
Administration recomr	N RECOMMENDATIONS mends the following long-term an	d four-year <u>business</u>		very rates:
Long-term Recover	ry Rate Target:		30%	
Proposed Four Ver	Program Bataat	2015	the second se	2017 2018
Proposed Four-Yea	ar Recovery Rates:	36%	35%	35% 34%

Business Unit User Fee Recovery Rates (BUUFRR) Form

BUSINESS UNIT INFO	RMATION				
Business Unit: F	Recreation		Date:	3/24/2014	
	fees, single and for facilities and	multiple admissions to		cilities, term passes to recr f Course operations are no	
SECTION 2: Business	Unit Full Costs	s for User Fee-related	Goods & Ser	rvices (\$000's)	
Business unit Direct costs Indirect costs			Business unit c		36,286 5,417 41,703
Department overhead Corporate overhead o Capital costs*			Øverhead c	osts subtotal TAL COSTS	68 5,631 3,730 9,429 51,132
*For information only; there is	s no transfer of funds	s for these costs.	111		
Council, with high or 1 76 to 100% is warran mandate, and align w <i>Policy Goal Summary:</i>	esessment: ocietal benefits t moderate benefit ted. Social, econ vith a significant r	hat are significant in 6 ts in 5 of the 6 remaining omic, environmental a evenue stream demor	of the 12 polic ng categories. nd smart grow astrating strong	of General Subsidy (TSR) 7 y goal categories supporte Using this tool, a general s th examples support the m g customer support and de	d by subsidy of hission and mand
Environmental	Assessment	Social	Assessment	Economic/Smart Growth	Assessment
Reduce community greenhous emissions, air pollutants, and energy consumption	High	Provide accessibility/ availability	Significant	Create a city where citizens want to live, work and invest	Significant
Protect water resources	High	Enable affordability	Significant	Create a city that promotes a healthy, vibrant economy by attracting and retaining businesses and helping them grow.	Limited
Ensure land stewardship & protection	Moderate	Promote accommodation/ acceptability	Significant	Encourage sustainable communities	High
Reduce waste to landfill	Moderate	Improve adequacy to meet need, suitability and safety	Significant	Reduce barriers to participation	Significant
C)	A CALLER AND		Assessment Levels: None/N Moderate, High, Signif	
SECTION 4: Business	Unit Market &	Revenue Analysis for	User Fee-rel	ated Goods & Services (6000's)

Maximum potential revenue (MPR)

MAXIMUM POTENTIAL RECOVERY RATE (MPRR) as a % of total costs

20,518 **40%**

Market Assumptions & Revenue Methodology:

Recreation delivers a wide range of publicly accessible and affordable services and products within a dynamic leisure delivery system that provides many choices for customers. Services and fees are positioned to generate public value, in an environment where affordable recreation is seen as a fundamental responsibility of the City of Calgary. Service delivery focuses on introductory and entry level opportunities to children, youth and families and revenue targets reflect this focus.

Business Unit User Fee Recovery Rates (BUUFRR) Form

ECTION 5: Comparative Analysis	
TSR + MPRR 100% 40%	C TC 100%
Combining sections 3 and 4, the general subsidy range approximately equal to total costs of the user fee re	
herefore, this implies that the value to society and optimized. (Balanced value)	what individual consumers are willing to pay is
	get for User Fee-related Goods & Services (\$000's)
Current (projected) revenue from user fees	
Current gross expenditure budget (net of recoveries)	36,102
Current gross expenditure budget (including overhead fa	
Current business unit user fee recovery rate	<u>39</u> %
ECTION 7: Business Plan & Budget Implications	
within a comprehensive recreation service delivery con development will continue, for the most part in new co that Recreation manages will continue to deliver service Consequently, services and revenue growth will not like operators. Those facilities owned, managed and opera development of a broad recreation service continuum a budget perspective, Recreation intends to maintain a revenue that offsets operating expenditures, while ma that accrue as a result. It will continue to seek administ	inmunities on the periphery of the city, the infrastructure ces in older, established communities that are aging. Wely match the opportunities that exist elsewhere for new ated by The City will continue to act as cornerstones in the that involves collaborations and sector development. Fro a recovery rate that balances the requirement to generate intaining the vast range of individual and societal benefits strative efficiencies that can assist in reducing costs while orted by the findings of the Recreation Amenities Gap of it was "very important" that the City of Calgary be
positions it in the middle to lower range of pricing for rais proposing no change to its recovery rates. It will contargeted affordable and accessible recreation services are needs, 2. Planning and managing service delivery on a	ed for Recreation to alter its current recovery strategies the ecreation providers (depending on the service). Recreation nation to strike a balance between the mandate to deliver is and the requirement to be fiscally responsible by 1. Ind products that are relevant and focus on community a regional basis that includes emphasis on collaborations maintaining its market positioning amongst other recreation Strategy that includes a Fee Assistance program that
ADMINISTRATION RECOMMENDATIONS	
Administration recommends the following long-term and	four-year business unit user fee recovery rates:
Long-term Recovery Rate Target:	40%

Proposed Four-Year Recovery Rates:

	40	%	
2015	2016	2017	2018
38%	39%	39%	40%