

2023 May 4

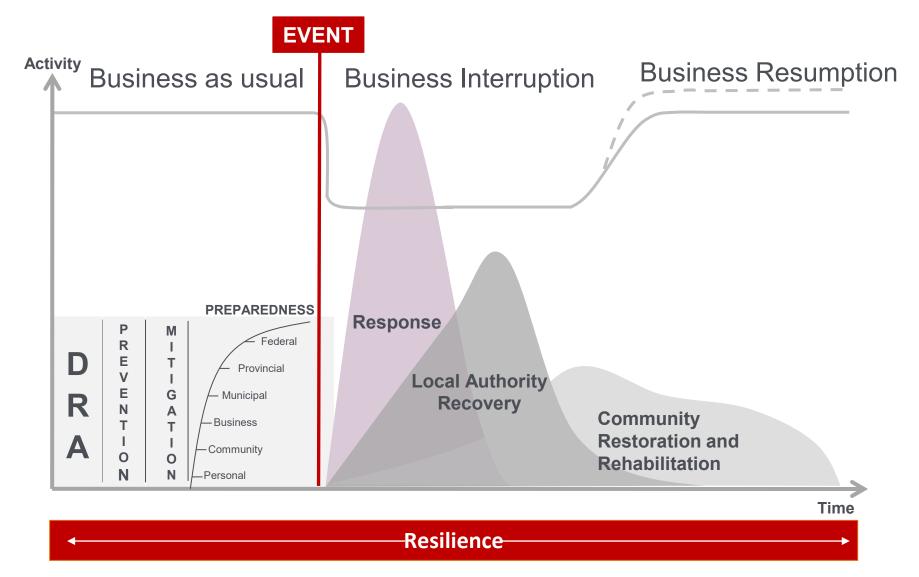
Status of Emergency Preparedness Focus on risk: Heat-related risks



Recommendation

That the Emergency Management Committee recommend that Council receive this report for the Corporate Record.







Heat-related risk profiles







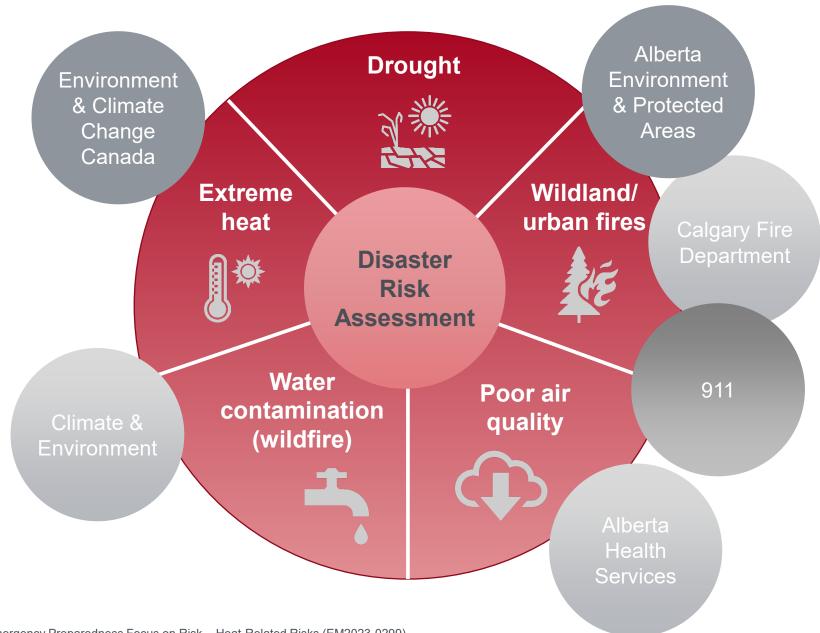




Risk level
Consequence
Risk trend
Likelihood

Hydrological drought	Water contamination due to wildfire	Extreme heat	Wildland/ urban fires	Poor air quality
High	High	Medium	Medium	Medium
Major	Major	Moderate	Moderate	Minor
Increasing	Increasing	Increasing	Increasing	Increasing
Rare	Unlikely	Likely	Unlikely	Likely







Common objective, different focus

Climate & Environment

Emergency Management

Objective

Focus

Scope

Scale

Accountabilities

Future focus & addressing uncertainty

Reduce vulnerability & increase societal resilience

Weather & climate-related hazards

Longer timelines (decades)

Corporate direction on policies to plan & build climate-resilient & sustainable city

Present focus & addressing existing/emerging risk

Natural, technological, & humaninduced hazards

Shorter timelines (years)

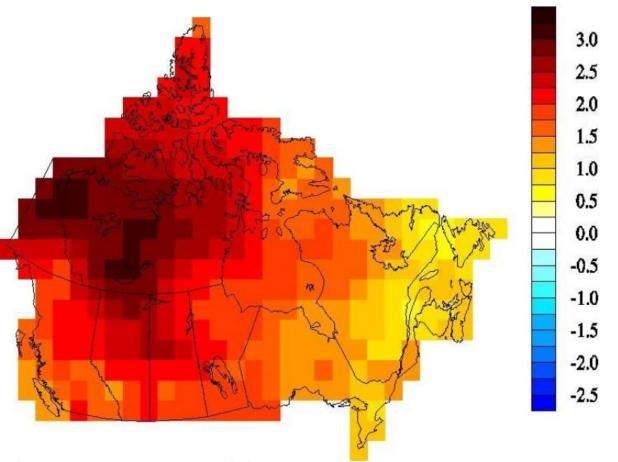
Community and Corporate coordination to plan, prepare, mitigate, respond, & recover from emergencies



Environment & Climate Change Canada



Climate change in Western Canada



Colour-coded map of Canada depicting temperature trends from 1948 to 2012 (Environment and Climate Change Canada – Canada's Changing Climate Report)

- Both past and future warming in Canada is about double the magnitude of global warming.
- In Canada, the effects of warming include:
 - More extreme heat
 - Less extreme cold
 - Longer growing seasons
 - Shorter snow and ice seasons
 - Earlier spring peak streamflow
- Precipitation is projected to increase for most of Canada, on average, although summer rainfall may decrease in some areas.





Hotter Calgary summer temperatures

- A warmer climate will intensify some weather extremes in the future. Extreme hot temperatures will become more frequent and more intense, resulting in:
 - Increased severity of heatwaves
 - Increased drought and wildfire risks
- 15 of the last 20 summers in Calgary have been warmer than average.

Calg	Calgary Average Summer			
Temperature				
2003	16.4			
2004	15.2			
2005	14.2			
2006	16.3			
2007	15.9			
2008	15.5			
2009	15.4			
2010	14.9			
2011	15.4			
2012	16.5			
2013	14.0			
2014	16.1			
2015	16.8	6th hottest		
2016	16.1			
2017	16.8	9th hottest		
2018	16.0			
2019	15.0			
2020	15.7			
2021		#1 Hottest Ever		
2022	17.0	4th hottest		
1971-2000 Average: 15.2°C				
(Red	(Records began in 1882)			



June-July 2021 heat wave

- 7 days in a row above 30 degrees
- Highest June temperature of all time
- 2nd hottest temperature in Calgary of all time

Impacts in Alberta:

- Responsible for an estimated 66 deaths
- Record high for summertime energy consumption
- Water demands 1.5 times higher than average

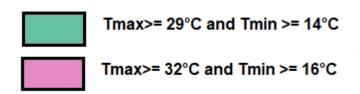
2021 Heatwave			
June 25:	25°C		
June 26:	30°C		
June 27:	30°C		
June 28:	35°C		
June 29:	36°C		
June 30:	36°C		
July 1:	36°C		
July 2:	30°C		

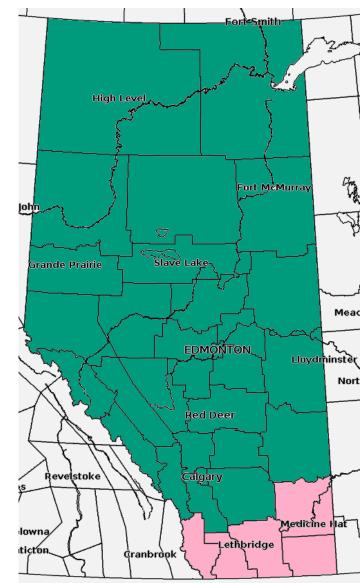




ECCC Extreme Heat Warning Program

- Extreme Heat warnings issued for Alberta when daytime highs are forecast to reach 29 degrees for two consecutive days, with overnight lows of 14 or greater.
 - Criteria slightly higher in extreme southern Alberta
- We issue an early notification to Alberta Health and Alberta Health Services in advance of Extreme Heat Events.
- AHS enacts their Extreme Temperature Alert Protocol based on our notifications.

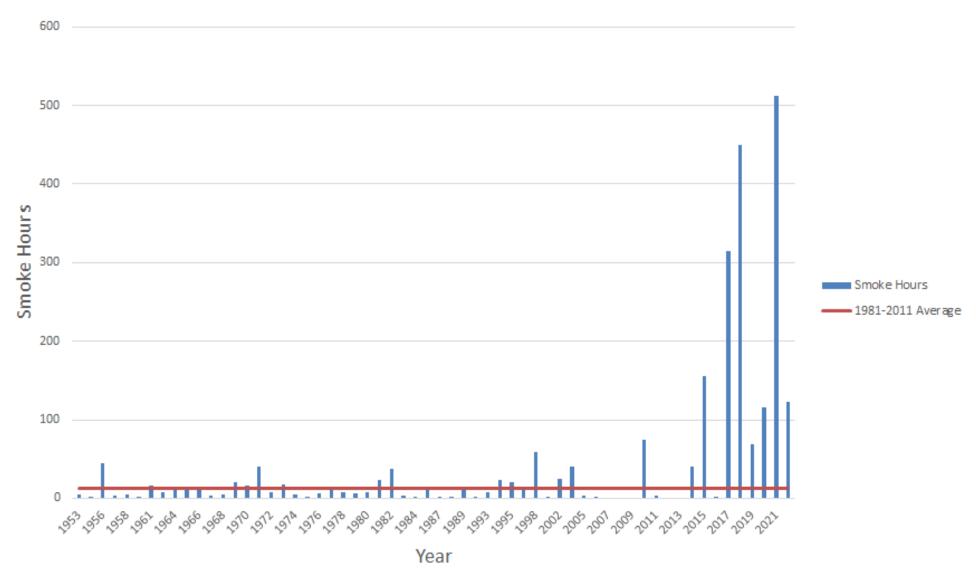








Smoke hours for Calgary: 1953-2022



ECCC seasonal forecast

- Despite a cold start to spring, temperatures have now returned to normal.
- Forecast for May, June, and July is for temperatures to be average to slightly above average.

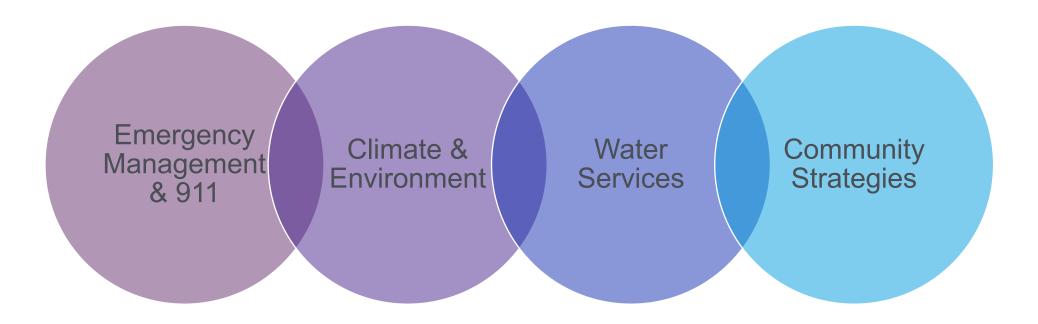


Climate & Environment



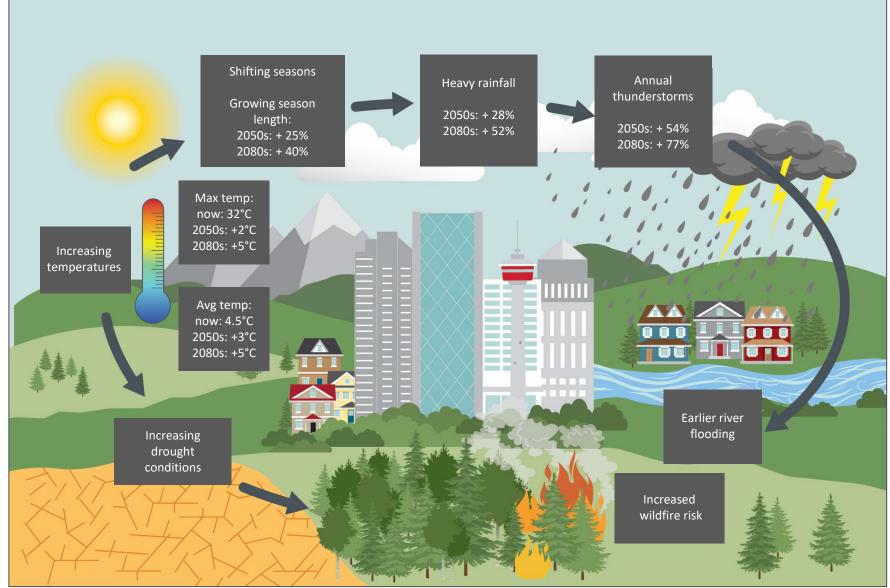
Collaborative approach

Within The City, various business units bring their expertise together and work collaboratively to identify disaster and climate risk and implement proactive risk management and climate adaptation strategies.





Climate projections in Calgary



- Projections are based on a 30-year climatic period
- RCP 8.5 scenario
- Climate change is a risk multiplier



Climate change: Calgary's increasing hazards



Extreme heat



Drought



Shifting seasons (higher average temperatures)



Wildfires and smoke (more frequent and intense)



Damaging storms (SHDI, high winds, hail)



Winter storms



River flooding



Environmental Effects



Asset Damage



Human Health Effects





Summer projections: hotter, drier, longer

	Historic	2050s	2080s
Mean daily max. temp.	21.4°C	25.1°C	27.8°C
Hot days (≥29°C)	6 days	28 days	49 days
Dry days*	37 days	50 days	58 days



Future summers could be deadly unless building codes adjust for rising temperatures

Since B.C.'s heat dome of 2021, experts have pressured authorities to set the bar higher for construction

HA TU THANH KATHRYN BLAZE BAUM

P oberta Lalonde lived by herself in a condo building for people over 55 when the deadliest weather event in Canadian history began in British Columbia on June 25, 2021.

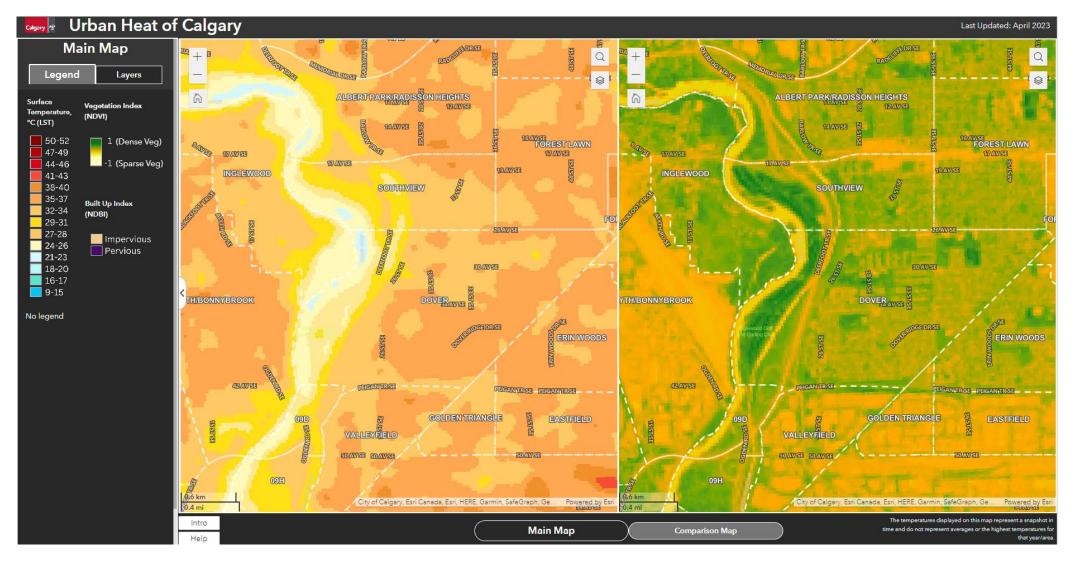
For a week, high atmospheric pressure trapped the hot air underneath, creating a phenomenon known as a heat dome. Outdoors, with the humidity, it felt like 44 degrees Celsius. Indoors, it could be just as bad, and Ms. Lalonde struggled. Like most other B.C. dwellings, her unit in Chilliwack didn't have air condi-

After her family didn't hear from her for several days, a relative found the 74-year-old lifeless in her bed, while a couple of pedestal fans still ran in the condo. Her death certificate says she



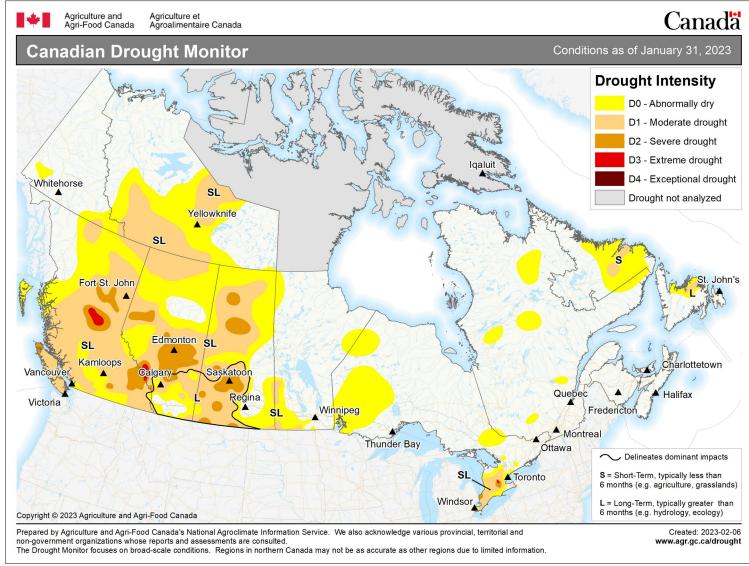


Urban Heat Dashboard



- Highly paved area; warmest areas
- Waterbodies and green spaces; coolest areas





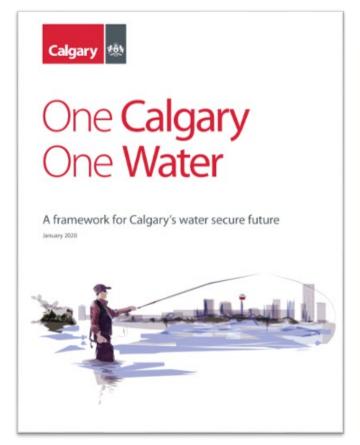


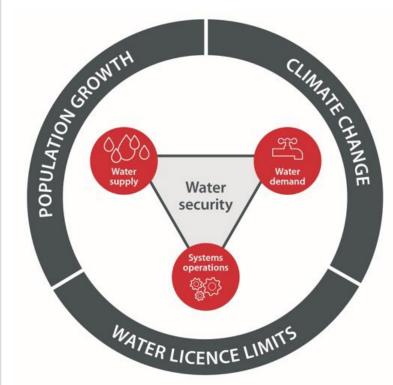
"Dust Storm At Pearce, Alberta. - November, 1942" from the Galt Museum & Archives. Image used with permission.

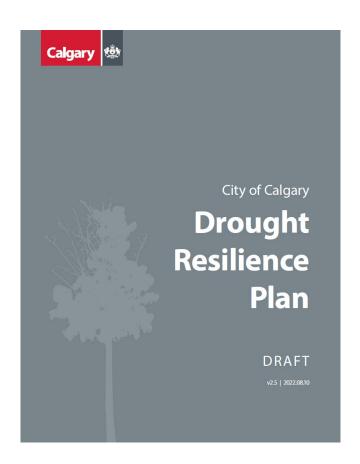
https://agriculture.canada.ca/en/agricultural-production/weather/canadian-drought-monitor/current-drought-conditions



Water security + drought resilience



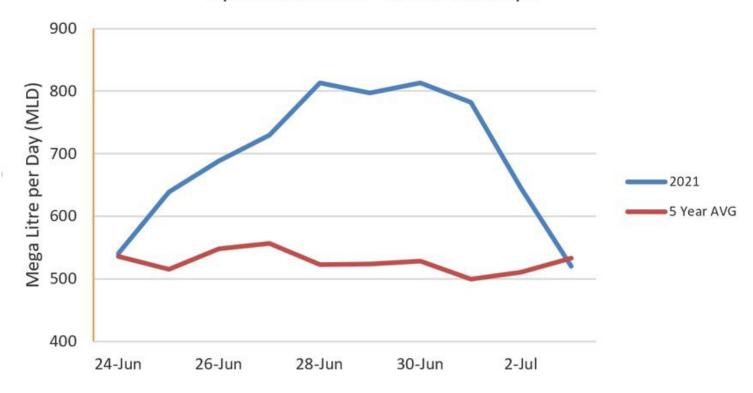






Impacts – water demand increases

System Demand - June 24 to July 3





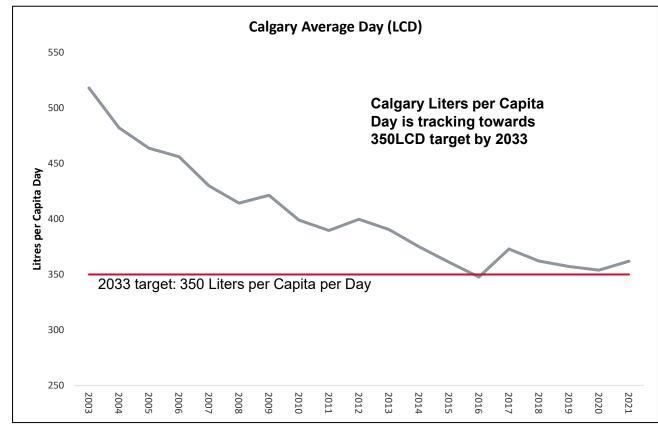


Mitigating drought water shortages



Calgary Drought Conditions

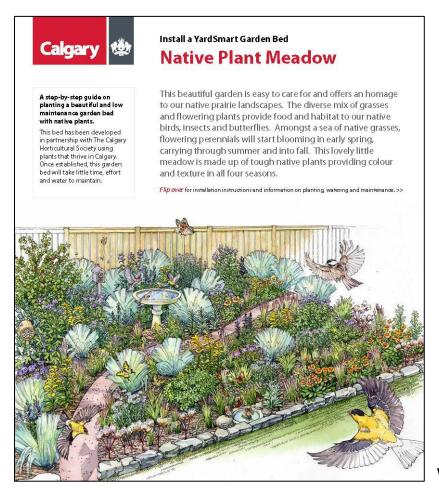






YardSmart program

In the face of the pressures brought on by a changing climate and a growing city, a water efficient YardSmart yard helps keep our rivers & our community, healthy & resilient.



YardSmart provides tips on designing a yard that is:

- Suited to Calgary's unique climate
- Adapted to climate change
- Builds resilience to drought
- Stays beautiful for longer
- Improves water quality
- Improves biodiversity & habitat for pollinators

www.calgary.ca/YardSmart



ISC: Unrestricted

Calgary Wildfire risk and the source watershed







Cameron Falls, Waterton Park, AB: Pristine vs. Post-2017 Wildfire

Source Water Protection Plan

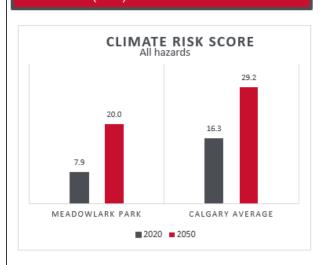
Protecting our source watershed through proactive collaboration

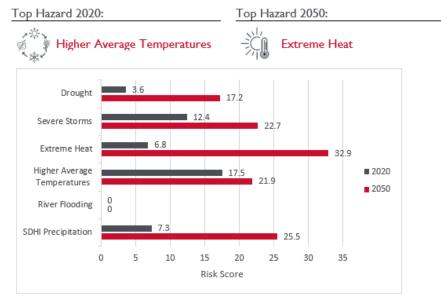


Community Climate Risk Index & community profiles

Community: Meadowlark Park

Climate Risk (2020): **7.9 – Very low** Climate Risk (2050): **20.0 – Low**





System	All hazard exposure (2020)	All hazard exposure (2050)	All hazard vulnerability
Social	Very low	Moderate	Moderate
Built	Moderate	Moderate	High
Natural	Very low	Very low	Very low
All systems	Very low	Low	Low
System with highest score	Built	Social	Built

Hazard with highest exposure rating (2020)

Se St

evere torms



Higher Average Temperatures Hazard with highest exposure rating (2050)

Extreme Heat

Hazard with the highest vulnerability score



Extreme Heat

- The Community Climate Risk Index is a relative ranking system for climate risk across all communities in Calgary.
- Climate risk is calculated by assessing the exposure and vulnerability to six climate hazards that will greatly impact Calgary.



Climate Ready Home Program



How to better protect your home and property

from Calgary's climate hazards.

May 17, 2021

- Climate-Ready Home Guide
- One-pagers on critical actions, based on cost
- Virtual climate resilient home
- Home evaluation program
- Incentives program

How to reduce extreme heat impacts Below are some of the most impactful measures to reduce extreme heat impacts to you and your home. Expand all + Roof and Attic + Exterior walls and siding + Windows and doors + Landscaping and yard + Ventilation and cooling



Emergency Management & 911



911 as an early detection system

Heat-related calls to 911 increase

- First point of contact for all emergency services
- Increase in:
 - Medical-related calls for heat-related illness (EMS and CFD)
 - Wildland/grass fire calls (CFD and Regional Fire Partners)
 - Outside smoke investigations due to wildland fires (CFD)





Connecting to community

- Working with Distress Centre and DOAP team on medical interventions for vulnerable populations
- Vulnerable individuals more likely to experience heat-related stress, anxiety, and mental health concerns
- Evaluating expanding support programs to other vulnerable individuals (e.g., low-income seniors)
- Sharing information about available resources without need to engage law enforcement



911 prepared for increased heat-related calls

Calgary 911 response

Activate Significant Event Management Plan

Activate Tactical Operations
Center

Strategic planning for longterm event management

Early coordination with CEMA

Combined situational awareness

Share public messaging such as cooling centers, shelter locations

Coordination with other CEMA Members

External collaboration

Operations planning with Police and Fire to maintain sustained high call volumes

Communication and coordination with AHS EMS

Alternate Service Plans if sustained/long-term event is impacting response times



Emergency management

Preparedness & Response

- Community awareness and education
- Partnerships
 - Alberta Environment & Protected Spaces
 - Alberta Health Services
 - Calgary Fire Department
 - Non-profit liaison
- City of Calgary Extreme Heat Plan
 - Cooling station maps





Collaboration is key

Federal and provincial climate strategies

City of Calgary Climate Strategy

City of Calgary Disaster Risk Assessment

Agency member adaptation and mitigation actions



Community education and preparedness

Incident Response Plans

911 connection to social agencies

Emergency event management and coordination



Recommendation

That the Emergency Management Committee recommend that Council receive this report for the Corporate Record.