Date	March 20, 2019	
Time	1:00	
Panel Members	Present	Absent
	Janice Liebe (Chair)	Chad Russill (Co-Chair)
	Colin Friesen	Gary Mundy
	Terry Klassen	Beverly Sandalack
	Chris Hardwicke	Ryan Agrey
		Jack Vanstone
		Ben Bailey
		Michael Sydenham
		Glen Pardoe (conflict)
		Eric Toker
Advisor	David Down, Chief Urban Designer	
Application number	DP2019-0211 and DP2019-0949	
Municipal address	1470 Na'a Drive SW and 1453 Na	'a Drive SW
Community	Medicine Hill	
Project description	DP2019-0211 New: multi-resident	ial development (20 buildings)
	DP2019-0949 New: multi-resident	ial development (22 buildings)
Review	first	
File Manager	Desmond Bliek	
City Wide Urban Design	Lothar Wiwjorra	
Applicant	NORR Architects, Engineers, Planners	
Panel Position	Endorse / Further Review Reco	mmended

#### Summary

This project is entitled "The Village" which implies in part, a complete community is the intent, with a diversity of elements, forms and interconnected open spaces that bring neighbours together and through this builds identity and community. It is located on the edge of the Paskapoo slopes and sandwiched between two other developments (not part of this application). These other two developments have commercial amenities and are accessible to the residents of this project. No retail amenties are planned for this application.

The "Village" is entirely of one housing type – multi storey townhouses. It includes some well-defined internal landscape elements but not a comprehensive interconnected Public Open Space that connects all elements together. The applicant noted that the design includes a Woonerf in both blocks, the definition of which is limited to a change in the material palette. Pedestrian crossings between the blocks are limited effectively bisecting the project into two blocks on either side of Na'a Drive.

Areas of Focus and Priority:

- Work to connect the Open Space elements into a Network through the site and connect to the key entry points to the reserve – give residents a reason to use the landscape elements as a primary method of moving through the site by providing amenities as destinations at either end and along the route. The current internal location of the landscaped areas serves only a few neighbouring houses with no real destinations.
- dd diversity of form, scale, unit type and materiality to reinforce key elements of the urban design, to create legibility and orientation to the urban environment.
- Work to find more access points to the Paskapoo slopes and the environmental reserve. This is a
  major defining aspect of this development and yet has one primary access point. The overall
  design of the integration of this site with the slopes would be greatly improved with multiple
  definitive access points allowing for fingers of landscape to run into the development in a more
  integrated manner. Connect pedestrians across Na'a Drive such that the internal pedestrian
  landscaped areas are

connected directly north – south. Customize elevations facing open public spaces to give a sense
of "front" to these areas – use of balconies, patios, larger windows etc would improve the public
realm.

Applicant Response, July 11, 2019, part of DTR 1 resubmission.

Pursuant to the above noted UDRP review for the Multi-Residential project in Medicine Hill, please find our responses below for the UDRP review and consideration. NORR responses are indicated in Bold.

Creativity       Encourage innovation; model best practices         • Overall project approach as it relates to original ideas or innovation         UDRP Commentary       The panel has given this category a low ranking due to the repetitive nature of the formhouses with hilts variation or expression to reniforce the public realm and open space network in order to create delight, linterest, orientation and uniqueness to the public realm.         Applicant Response       Architecturally, the design theme for this development is one of creating a relationship between the built environment, the natural environment and the pedestrian scale. The townhomes have been designed with various root heights and configurations to reduce building mass, providing diversity and interest. Exterior finishes and building materials consist of manutal configurations and colour options. The exterior paletie relicts the "Slope's" natural environment, the natural environment, the natural environment, and the sale and adjacent uses, hoghts and densities         Obtact Optimize built form with response to mass and spacing of buildings, placement on site, response to adjacent uses, hoghts and densities         • Massing relationship to context, distribution on site, and orientation to street edges         • Shade impact on public realm and adjacent uses, hoghts and densities         • Massing relationship, open space that should be about dissolving barriers and making connections. It is cartain via upportunity to strike a confortable balance between the darametic hardwark it represents should integrate the starter and qualities or below reale individual tersponses to context.         • Massing relationship, to context, distribution on site, as confortable balance between the dar		Urban Design Element
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UDRP Commentary	The housing type is human scaled and street oriented. It could be improved as the project faces the east and western park edges so that it defines the park more strongly, and the greater diversity discussed in the two comments above would improve this score.
Applicant Response	Where grades allow, Townhomes have been orientated to face natural green areas, maximizing views, orienting the Townhome elevations to overlook the open green space they are adjacent to acting as "Bookends". This provides a sense of enclosure, a "Community". These concepts were discussed with Planning and Urban Design during the Pre-App / Concept Plan review stage.
	junction of land-use, built form, landscaping and public realm design
	and at-grade parking areas are concealed n at entrances and solar exposure for outdoor public areas
UDRP Commentary	The built form could do more to inform and strengthen the open space design through greater diversity of massing in direct response to special conditions. The pedestrian realm open spaces are not connected except through sidewalks along streets, leaving a fragmented and disjointed experience. The overall pedestrian network does not seem to celebrate, connect to the unique location along the side of the Paskapoo slopes.
Applicant Response	Where Townhomes are located along an internal pathway additional windows and cantilevering of the building mass has been provided. Pathways and bikeways throughout the 2 sites are key to ensuring a connected community. A connection across NA'A drive has been incorporated into the design for a north south connectivity. Connections to the adjacent Paskapoo slopes has been removed as per Parks comments. Within the developments walkways and crosswalks have been added to ensure additional connectivity.
<ul> <li>Connections to LF</li> </ul>	esign, walkability, pathways through site RT stations, regional pathways and cycle paths ay materials extend across driveways and lanes There are nice moments in the landscape design, however, the sense of neighbourhood would be improved if these independent moments were interconnected through the entire site with distinct desirable elements placed at terminus points – such as the access to the reserve, park elements or perhaps other community amenities. Connectivity across Na'a Drive is important to connect Block F and G – and should be a direct connection for the
Applicant Paspaga	central landscaped pedestrian walkways.
Applicant Response	When reviewing the pedestrian connections from Cell F to Cell G there are several connections points that link the sites together. Starting to the west side of both sites there is a pedestrian link that provides access to both municipal reserves and also to the site's transit stops. A mid-block crossing has been added to the site to provide direct connection to the green north south link. This central amenity spine has been developed based on meetings with Blackfoot Elder Pablo, using the site grading conditions to create different platforms that tell the story of the land: the Prairies, the young Forest and the Mountain peaks.
	On the east side of the site an additional connection links north to south. This link provides access to the MR sites and also to the site's transit stops.
	Along NA'A Drive there is also and east west connection provided by way of an existing regional trail is provided on both sides of the streets linking the neighbourhood together.
	After further review of Cell G and the natural sloped Environmental Reserve with Parks, the decision to remove further access to the site has been asked. This is to ensure that the Environmental Reserve is preserved. Additional trails into the site

	can have significant damage to the natural sloped areas and can cause additional
	environmental impacts.
Animation Incorpor	ate active uses; pay attention to details; add colour, wit and fun
	tributes to an active pedestrian realm
Residential units	
	eresting and enhance the streetscape
UDRP Commentary	Residential units are accessible from grade with front entries facing the streets.
,	Elevations are individually interesting, but very repetitive, Greater diversity in design would help provide interest and legibility and sense of individual ownership.
Applicant Response	As discussed above, building elevations are designed to give individuality to the
	homeowner's unit thru the use of building material configurations, and multiple colour options. As discussed, the exterior palette reflects the "Slopes" natural earth tones and establishing a sense of place consistent with the architectural strategies put forward in the S9 Architecture Vision Standards (dated March 29,
	2017).
Accessibility Fr	
<ul> <li>Barrier free desig</li> </ul>	re clear and simple access for all types of users
	egibility, and natural wayfinding
UDRP Commentary	The project is on a sloped site. The interconnecting pedestrian areas do not provide
ODIA Commentary	sloped walkways which means that those in wheelchairs or with limited mobility would have to circumnavigate using the sidewalks at a much greater distance. Some
	investigation should be made to see how this need could be accommodated in a more
	inclusive manner. Most residences seem to have an at grade main entry door -
	however, as all units are multi-level, it is not certain that any unit can accommodate those
	in wheelchairs or those that cannot use stairs. The panel suggests that some alternate
	housing types be included that could accommodate a greater diversity of residents. As
	Na'a Drive is the primary connection east west to developments that will have retail and
	other amenities, the panel recommends that benching be provided to accommodate
	pedestrians who may need a rest point along this path.
Applicant Response	The chosen housing type for Cells F & G are for row townhomes. This Units are
	not of wheelchair accessibility. It is planned for Cell D that an Apartment Building
	will be built to allow for person's with reduced accessibility.
	lesigns accommodating a broad range of users and uses
	ty, at-grade areas, transparency into spaces
	s and project porosity
UDRP Commentary	As the housing type is entirely multi storey townhomes, this limits the diversity of residents and uses. A broader range of housing type, including single floor units is encouraged. The panel wonders if a community building of some sort is out of the question given the
	number of residents in this central development. Providing intentional gathering spaces
	would be a positive feature and would provide more diversity of built form in the
	landscape and would contribute to the community wellbeing and identity for the residents.
	Corner points, gateway elements in building form, continuous project porosity are
	elements that are missing and could be improved.
Applicant Response	As mentioned above, Cell D is the site were an apartment building will be built
	allowing for a gateway design on the west side. On the east side the proposed
	Town Centre district with Cell J will anchor the easy side.
<b>FI</b> 11 117 -	
	planning and building concepts which allow adaptation to future uses, new technologies
UDRP Commentary	relating to market and/or context changes
	See comments regarding the diversity of unit types in other sections.
Applicant Response	As outlined in the Concept Plan review both townhome and Apartment style
	housing will be provided in the "The Village".
	The Townhomes planned for this development have 5 unique floor plan design types ranging from 3 – 4 bedrooms with sizes varying from 1300 to 1700sf.

	with direct access to grade.
<ul> <li>Safety Achieve a set</li> <li>Safety and securi</li> <li>Night time design</li> </ul>	
UDRP Commentary	Generally, there are consistent "eyes" on each street. The pedestrian pathway systems could be improved by unit designs that "front" onto these spaces, with doorways, porches large windows etc fronting the pedestrian zones.
Applicant Response	As noted earlier in Integration of additional windows and building mass articulation has be in incorporated in the design of the Townhomes and Units that have a side elevation along NA'A have been provided with their main front door facing this street.
<ul><li>Orientation Provide</li><li>Enhance natural</li></ul>	l e clear and consistent directional clues for urban navigation views and vistas
UDRP Commentary	<ul> <li>The panel recommends that the applicant consider a greater differentiation between blocks of townhouses and to create more distinctive or unique designs for units in special locations to reinforce the urban design elements of the plan for legibility and orientation. This could include: <ul> <li>greater variation of colour between blocks (it was noted in the meeting that the proportion of material types is very similar between blocks making it the entire development uniform and difficult to identify one block from the next)</li> <li>greater differentiation between palette options – the three presented are very similar to each other</li> <li>greater variety in the number of units in each block of townhouses for a mix of scale along the street</li> <li>a variety of unit types – is apartment style condo out of the question?</li> <li>A variety of massing and built form response at key points in the plan. ie: – corner units to be more unique, units with sides addressing the pedestrian interconnected spaces have elevations that are designed as fronts to these spaces, units that front Na'a Drive to be enhanced to reinforce that this is a primary connecting street</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	The panel strongly recommends that the central pedestrian link north south be reconsidered and run diagonally through the development so that it intentionally links to the identified connection to the environmental reserve in the south east corner and run to the north west corner. The current configuration in the centre provides no reason for people to use it as it has no purpose at either end and no pedestrian crossing over Na'a Drive. Linking it as suggested will draw residents who will be using the reserve, increasing its use and utility. A "draw" should be placed at the opposite end – perhaps the community building amenity noted above under "Diversity". A Pedestrian connection across Na'a Drive is essential to connecting the link between blocks F and G with perhap a raised crosswalk and or differentiated materials. Built form should be used to define and address the park edges to the west. The open space in the south west corner feels somewhat residual and might be better used as space for a continuous row of townhouses addressing the park space and consolidating the open area in other parts of the development.
	Housing forms on either side of Na'a Drive should be designed to form gateway elements as one enters and leaves the development.
Applicant Response	As discussed earlier the design approach was to provide Townhome units in a variety of forms. "The Village" is located between two commercial nodes with Cells F & G located just north of the "Slopes" a 165 acre natural preserve park. These sites are surrounded by native landscape and the importance of the Blackfoot culture who lived on these lands, this Medicine Hill site offers natural, cultural and historical assets.

	The placement or siting of the Townhome units in the Cells as noted earlier are designed to respect the natural topography while preserving and enhancing the native landscape. The street-oriented units have been located along NA'A drive for interaction with streetscape as required by the ASP. The Townhomes where grades allow have been oriented to face natural green areas, in order to maximize views and provide "Bookends" to the development. Valley views, hill views were also taken into consideration in planning these sites.
	Cell F will provide five townhome types ranging from 3-4 bedrooms with sizes varying from 1300 to 1700sf. Townhouse buildings will range from 3-plexes to 10-plexes. Cell G will provide four townhome types ranging from 4-plexes to 8-plexes. All buildings will have direct access to grade from their individual units, connecting to a pathway system through the sites.
	The north-south pedestrian connection from Cell F to G are designed to link together in a north – south axis. In Cell F, the design of the central amenity spine makes use of the site conditions to create different platforms that tell the story of the land: the Prairies, the Lower Forest and the Upper Forest. The plant material chosen around the paved circle is reflective of these different landscapes so visitors can fell that they are passing through the different stages as they walk through. This central spine then extends across NA'A drive with a mid-block crossing into Cell G. Cell G continues with seating areas that signify the different mountain peaks that were part of the history of the Blackfoot people.
	The pedestrian connection continues along an east west connection to a final gathering space. This gathering space is another reflective area that provides views to the natural slopes. Natural stone walls are provided to mitigate the grading changes and 4 significant trees have been placed as per the ordinal historic directions of the Blackfoot people.
	As per direction from Calgary Parks, the pathway access into the Paskapoo slopes have been removed as the connections into the site are difficult due to significant grade changes. The removal of the connections will allow the preservation of the ER. Access to the slopes will be from adjacent MR which are connected to the regional pathway that is located along both sides of NA'A Drive.
Sustainability Be a	ware of lifecycle costs; incorporate sustainable practices and materials
<ul> <li>Site/solar orientati</li> </ul>	ion and passive heating/cooling
	and sustainable products
UDRP Commentary	No comment
Applicant Response	No comment, is noted.
<ul> <li>Use of low mainter</li> </ul>	te long-lasting materials and details that will provide a legacy rather than a liability nance materials and/or sustainable products avoid maintenance issues
UDRP Commentary	No comment
Applicant Response	No comment, is noted.